Tuscola County, Michigan Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Year Ended December 31, 2019

TUSCOLA COUNTY, MICHIGAN

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Board of Commissioners

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TUSCOLA COUNTY CONTROLLER/ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE

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July 30, 2020

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners and Citizens of Tuscola County:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Tuscola County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Tuscola County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Tuscola County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Tuscola County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Tuscola County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Tuscola County's financial statements have been audited by Gabridge & Company, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Tuscola County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Tuscola County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Tuscola County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Tuscola County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

I - Profile of the Government

County government is the largest unit of local government in Michigan and is also the oldest political subdivision of the state, having attained stature and importance before any other form of government now in existence. Tuscola County was incorporated in 1851 and is located in the east central portion of the lower peninsula of the state. The County occupies an area of approximately 803 square miles and serves a population of approximately 52,245.

County government is operated under a five member elected County Board of Commissioners. Members are elected on a partisan basis by district. Districts are established every 10 years through an apportionment process. The County Board of Commissioners is responsible, among other things, for adoption of balanced annual operational and capital improvement budgets, determining tax levies, property equalization among local governmental units, establishing certain policies, appointing members to various boards and commissions, and appointing certain County officials.

In 1986, the Board of Commissioners established an appointed County Controller-Administrator position to be the Chief Administrative/Financial Officer of the County. This is the lead financial and accounting office of the county. Other duties of this position involve the management of the following: Recycling Operation, Mosquito Abatement, Dispatch, Equalization, Building and Grounds, Animal Control, Information Systems, Risk Management, Human Resources, Payroll, Corporate Council, MIDC, and Accounting-Budgeting and other statutory functions.

The Controller-Administrator and office staff have been instrumental in keeping the county in good financial standing for many years. The effectiveness of this position and office has been created by integrating budgeting, auditing, general ledger, accounts payable, payroll, labor negotiations, fringe benefit administration and financial planning. Centralizing these critical functions has produced significant efficiency and capabilities that otherwise would not be possible.

The offices of Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, Clerk, Treasurer, Register of Deeds, and Drain Commissioner are elected at large on a partisan basis and serve for a four-year term. The Judicial branch of government consists of three judges with one each in Circuit/Family Court, District Court, and Probate Court. All judges are elected at large on a non-partisan basis and serve a six-year term.

Tuscola County provides a full range of services which includes: police; dispatch; courts; indigent defense; jail; vital records maintenance; drainage; public health; child support and custody; care of abused, neglected, and delinquent youth; building codes; animal control; emergency services/homeland security; economic development; recycling; mosquito abatement; medical care facility; etc.

II - Annual County Budget Development and Financial Reporting Process

A well-established highly effective financial management system remains in place. County officials continue to maintain effective financial management. This is critical because it enables safeguarding of public funds, operating within financial means and delivery of quality public services.

The foundations of this system are the annual budget, capital improvement planning, annual audit (Comprehensive Annual Financial Report), financial status reporting and multi-year financial planning. The effectiveness of this system has produced positive results for many years.

All agencies of Tuscola County are required to submit annual budget appropriation requests to the Controller-Administrator. The Controller-Administrator uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Controller-Administrator then presents this proposed budget to the Board of Commissioners for

review. Departments who are not in agreement with their budget have opportunities to address specific concerns with the Board of Commissioners. Budget Public Hearings are required to be held and adoption of a final budget is required no later than December 31, which is the close of Tuscola County's fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared and adopted by fund, activity, and line item detail. Transfers of appropriations require the approval of the Board of Commissioners. For governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, as listed in the table of contents.

III - Economic Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific economic and overall environment within which the County of Tuscola operates.

Economic Indicators

Positive Indicators

Even with economic challenges, Tuscola County is financially stable and well managed. This is evidenced by another bond rating upgrade in 2014 from A+ to AA-. The AA- rating was reaffirmed in early 2018. It is a credit to all county officials that a conservative fiscal philosophy is consistently maintained. This cautious and careful approach to financial management has enabled the on-going delivery of quality services while operating within limited financial means.

The near term financial position for county operations has improved primarily because of the tax revenue from wind turbine (WT) and transmission line development by the International Transmission Company. County assessed value increased 5.85% from 2019 to 2020. All land classifications increased except agriculture which decreased.

County per capita income continues to increase. The per capita income increase from 2018 to 2019 was 5.3%. However, the effective buying income of the county is only 78% of the national level. The county annualized unemployment rate at the end of 2019 was 6.2% which was higher than the state and nation.

Negative Indicators

The county continues to recover from the 2008 to 2013 major recession that severely impacted the state and nation. With the exception of agriculture and WT, residential land values have been slow to recover after unprecedented land value declines in preceding years.

The county continues to experience certain economic indicators of concern. Michigan was the only state in the nation to experience a population decline from 2000 to 2010. The county has economic development challenges because it is rural and is also impacted by the manufacturing employment declines that occurred in surrounding metropolitan areas including Flint, Saginaw and Bay City. People have been forced to seek employment outside of the state.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, county population declined from 55,665 in 2010 to 52,245 in 2019. This is a 10 year loss of 3,420 people or 6.1%. The declining population is also evidenced by school enrollment declines. In 2010, school enrollment in the county was 9,496 compared to only 7,754 in 2019. This is a 10 year decline of 1,740 students or 18.3%.

County unemployment rates remain higher than the state and nation. Approximately 29% of the county residents receive some form of public assistance. Over 13% of the population is living below poverty levels. Median household income is substantially lower in the county than the state and nation. Home values are much lower in the count than state and nation. The number of residents in the county with a bachelor's degree or higher is only 14% which is well below the state and nation percentage with higher degrees. This creates more challenges in trying to create employment opportunities.

Positive Steps Taken To Revitalize the Economy

The Tuscola County Economic Development Corporation (EDC) has continued economic development efforts in Tuscola County. Recent positive initiatives and activities that have retained and/or created new jobs with the assistance of the Tuscola County EDC and other economic development entities are outlined below.

Job Retention/Creation

Positive economic development initiatives and activities that have retained and/or created new jobs with the assistance of the Tuscola County EDC and other economic development entities are outlined below.

- 1. Found location for Quality Roasting, LLC, worked with Michigan Department of Transportation and DTE Energy to upgrade power and worked with the Michigan Strategic Fund to locate a \$13 million dollar soybean processing plant in Gilford Township.
- 2. Provided an economic impact study that helped secure the Caro Regional Center to remain in Tuscola County. Due to the impact study, an agreement was secured for the City of Caro to provide water to the new facility.
- 3. The Tuscola County EDC was successful in securing an expansion grant of \$250,000 for TI Automotive in the City of Caro.
- 4. Completed the Dyna Products location project, the company is a world-wide forestry products manufacturer in an 89,000 square foot former empty-distressed building in the Village of Millington. Completed a location project for Wilsons Industries in Millington.
- 5. Worked on funding for rejuvenating apartment space in Downtown Cass City and Downtown Millington. Continued to secure funding for the Village of Millington.
- 6. Provided funding for Human Hoist in Mayville, Vassar Restaurants and Dyna Products in Millington and other small businesses using monies from the EDC Equipment Lease Fund.
- 7. Continued to work with Chinese contacts representing the government of China.
- 8. Helped to facilitate negotiations regarding County agricultural product sales.
- 9. Worked to locate Wilkinson Chemical Plant in Tuscola County. Job is complete expansion is up and operating.
- 10. Received a Brownfield Redevelopment Grant of \$600,000 with funds used to put brownfield properties back into usable revenue generating properties. The grant is in the closing stages. The grant funded numerous business locations in Tuscola County and the Thumb Region.
- 11. Continued to work with DTE Energy to solve increased power needs in Tuscola County.

- 12. Work with Tuscola County municipalities on being Redevelopment Ready Communities (RRC) which is considered essential by the State of Michigan. The EDC helped local municipals with Placemaking grants and provided emergency relief to a local restaurant by purchasing new equipment when their older equipment failed.
- 13. Assisted in establishing a business incubator in Caro the Roth Business Development Center is available to help start-up businesses with low-cost office space leasing, free business planning and assistance with logos, business cards and available meeting rooms. Continued to work with start-up businesses to provide them with the tools to grow.
- 14. The EDC assisted with the distribution of \$200,000 of Michigan EDC resources in Small Business Relief bringing Covid-19 economic relief with the closing of many small businesses.
- 15. The EDC is administering the 2nd phase in Michigan's Small Business Re-Start. The relief program will distribute \$500,000 to businesses in Tuscola County.
- 16. Continued retention calls to Tuscola County manufacturers in connection with the Michigan EDC and GST Michigan Works.

Important Tools Used by the EDC to Promote Economic Development Include

Roth Business Development Center

The EDC assisted in the establishment of a business incubator which is available to help start-up businesses with low-cost office space leasing, free business planning and assistance with logos, business cards and available meeting rooms. The Roth Business Center continues to work with various non-profits in Tuscola County.

Revolving Loan Fund

The EDC has administered a Revolving Loan Fund designated for Tuscola County projects. This has been an important tool for local economic development. The fund serves the gap financing needs of small businesses and entrepreneurs and has helped businesses and individuals in all economic segments of the economy and in all geographic areas of the County. The need for gap financing occurs when a financial institution is willing to provide a percentage of the loan, but they are unable to lend the full amount requested in order to launch or expand the business due to what is perceived as a higher risk loan than the financial institution is willing to bear. The revolving loan fund supplements conventional financing and under no circumstances replaces traditional financing through a financial institution.

Equipment Lease Program

The program is a collaborative effort of the Tuscola County EDC and the USDA through a grant. These funds are an exciting part of the services the EDC provides to help to retain and create jobs. This program has assisted businesses and created jobs in Downtowns throughout Tuscola County.

Regional Revolving Loan Fund Program

The Tuscola County EDC is a leader in developing a Regional Revolving Loan Fund. This fund will help to provide resources to entrepreneurs and small business owners throughout Region 6. This Revolving Loan Fund will help regional businesses retain and create jobs by helping businesses meet their financing needs.

Agribusiness Development Plan

The Tuscola County EDC is working on the Agribusiness Development Plan. Agribusiness is Tuscola County's strength and provides regional advantages through dairy, cattle, livestock markets, cash crops, milling, agricultural processing, grain storage and organic farming. This program is focusing on devoting resources to

develop craft agriculture and concentrating on the needs of agribusiness. This plan has the goals to increase awareness, promote existing infrastructure and to capitalize on talent in the area.

IV – 2019 County Activity Summary

There is no question 2019 was another productive year for the county. There were many accomplishments. These positive actions and developments are outlined below. We are truly advancing the county for an even more efficient county government in the future. We must continue to challenge ourselves to achieve more successes for 2020 and future years. Some of the significant positive activities for county government in 2019 are outlined below.

New State Psychiatric Hospital

In 2016, the state decided that a new \$115 million psychiatric hospital would be built to help solve an overall state-wide psychiatric bed shortage. In July of 2017, then Governor Snyder and the Department of Human Services (DHHS) Director decided that building the new hospital at the Caro Regional Center was the correct choice. Ground breaking ceremonies were held in October of 2018. The state approved a \$5.4 million contract with Integrated Design Solutions, to design a new 200 bed hospital (increase of 150 beds at the Caro Center). The DHHS Director said the state made a commitment to the Caro community that the new psychiatric hospital would remain in the community and they were going to keep that promise. County officials then received a shocking and disturbing announcement. On March 13, 2019, Governor Whitmer halted construction after spending over \$3 million, and contracted with a private consulting firm, at a cost of \$277,000, to re-assess the location of a new state psychiatric facility. This could potentially delay the availability of new psychiatric beds and the replacement of the aging Caro facility by another 2-4 years.

The county hired a consulting firm (Capital Services) to assist the county with restating the reasons and convince the state for the second time that building the new hospital in Tuscola County is the logical choice. At the current site there is a 100-year community tradition of caring. Seventy percent of employees travel less than 30 miles to work. The site is centrally located for family visits and patient transportation with 80% of patients coming from Genesee, Oakland and Macomb Counties, just to the south of Tuscola County. The 600 acre site is already state-owned and infrastructure is already in place. County engineers determined the on-site water system can be economically upgraded to serve the new hospital. It is accessible to state highways and near area medical providers.

The facility is a vital economic engine for this entire region of Michigan. An economic impact study determined that the operation infuses \$54 million annually into the regional economy while directly employing 350 people and indirectly employing another 400 people, making it the second largest employer in Tuscola County.

With the help on many counties throughout Michigan passing resolutions, State Rep Phil Green, Senator Kevin Daily, the Michigan Association of Counties, Capital Services and the dedicated hard work from many local citizens the Governor heard our concerns and an agreement was made to build a the new hospital. However, the agreement is for a much smaller hospital at only 100 beds the state contends to keep the current staffing levels. Construction will start in the fall of 2020.

Wind Turbine Development Major New Source of Revenue for Public Services

Without question the most significant event that has impacted finances in Tuscola County over the last seven years is the construction of wind turbines (WT). WT development has become a critical source of revenue to fund

not only county operations, but also other government services. From 2013 to 2019, nearly \$37.5 million in WT revenue has been received. (See Table on below).

There are 13 public services that directly benefit from WT revenue including, schools, county general operating, road repairs, bridge repairs, libraries, senior citizen programs, recycling, Medical Care Facility, veteran services, Michigan State University extension services, mosquito control, sheriff road patrol, township that includes; operational costs fire protection, drains, ambulance and emergency services.

Beneficiaries of wind development include: property owners that have leases with the wind companies in addition to governmental entities that levy millage to provide public services. The amount of funds received is based on the number of mills levied and the taxable value of the WT located in the political jurisdiction. WT revenue has helped to maintain current levels of service that otherwise would not have been possible without millage increases or some other major new source of revenue. There is no question WT revenue has played an important part in helping to stabilize the county's financial position on a short term basis.

However, with the current method of assessing/taxing WT the amount of revenue received ultimately substantially declines over time. This fact combined with the other uncertainty factors described above results in the need for the county to reduce its level of dependency on WT revenue. The question is not whether the amount of revenue received will decline, but rather how long before the decline occurs.

WIND TURBINE REVENUE ORGANIZED BY PUBLIC SERVICES THAT BENEFIT 2013-2019 (Estimated)										
Benefitting Public Service	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Seven Year Total		
Schools (Intermediate and Local)	\$897,565	\$1,663,071	\$2,815,503	\$2,616,213	\$2,215,057	\$2,525,314	\$2,809,274	\$15,541,997		
County General Operating	\$388,543	\$725,423	\$1,126,807	\$1,042,516	\$975,700	\$1,076,412	\$1,367,094	\$6,702,495		
Primary Road Improvements	\$95,862	\$178,978	\$278,009	\$257,212	\$240,727	\$265,575	\$287,168	\$1,603,531		
Township (Gen, Fire, Road)	\$385,821	\$751,183	\$1,320,275	\$1,195,698	\$1,114,338	\$1,271,862	\$1,473,625	\$7,512,802		
Sheriff Police Services (Road Patrol)	\$89,340	\$166,802	\$259,095	\$239,714	\$331,539	\$365,761	\$395,500	\$1,847,751		
Local Libraries	\$84,255	\$166,404	\$184,793	\$172,232	\$162,174	\$151,559	\$181,081	\$1,102,498		
Mosquito Control Program	\$62,697	\$117,057	\$43,182	\$168,225	\$157,443	\$173,695	\$187,817	\$910,116		
Bridge Repair and Replacement	\$47,717	\$89,090	\$138,385	\$128,033	\$119,827	\$132,195	\$142,945	\$798,192		
Medical Care Facility (Operating and Debt)	\$24,816	\$46,333	\$71,970	\$66,586	\$62,319	\$68,752	\$74,342	\$415,118		
Senior Citizen Programs/Needs	\$19,853	\$37,067	\$57,576	\$53,269	\$79,768	\$88,002	\$95,157	\$430,692		
Recycling	\$14,890	\$27,799	\$43,182	\$39,951	\$37,391	\$41,251	\$44,605	\$249,069		
Veteran Service Needs	\$0	\$0	\$48,939	\$45,278	\$42,376	\$46,751	\$50,552	\$233,896		
Michigan State University Extension	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$26,634	\$24,927	\$27,500	\$29,736	\$108,797		
TOTAL ALL PUBLIC SERVICES	\$2,111,359	\$3,969,207	\$6,387,716	\$6,051,561	\$5,563,586	\$6,234,629	\$7,138,896	\$37,456,954		

Working for Fair Wind Turbine Assessing/Taxation

Unfortunately, WT are not being assessed and taxed fairly. This problem is occurring because the State Tax Commission (STC) arbitrarily changed the original multiplier table (MT). The MT is the annual value placed on WT. Most disturbing is the STC change was made without the support of any studies, market research or analysis.

It resulted in an unacceptable potential reduction of an estimated 27% in WT revenue. This amounts to millions of dollars lost to local governments which are needed for essential public services.

Approximately \$6,234,629 in WT revenue was collected in Tuscola County in 2018. If this had to be reduced by 27% based on the STC MT, the estimated revenue loss would be \$1,683,350. This reduction would impact police, schools, roads, bridges, townships, senior citizens, recycling, libraries, medical care facility, veterans, fire, ambulance, mosquito control and other millage funded services. Calculated over 20 years these losses increase tremendously. Considering WT are currently in seven or eight other counties (and potentially more in the future), the collective revenue loss is tens of millions of dollars.

This seven year costly dispute between county/local governments, DTE and Consumers Energy needs resolution. Members of the Michigan Renewable Energy Collaborative (MREC) firmly believe citizens in communities hosting WT deserve a fair MT that does not under or over value WT. Appraisal Economics was hired by MREC to conduct a professional study to determine a fair fact based method of assessing/taxing WT. The study was completed and a well-reasoned MT was developed. It was presented to the STC, but unfortunately it was not adopted which has opened the door for more costly tax appeals.

Michigan Indigent Defense Commission Program Successfully Implemented and in the Second Year

The MIDC was established to make improvements to the indigent defense system throughout the state. A first year plan was developed in 2018 over several months by county-court personnel and local defense attorneys. The plan included a cost analysis to strengthen indigent defense in the county and to comply with state standards to assure fair legal representation. The October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019 budget is \$993,507 with a state share of \$744,247 and a county share of \$248,490. For the 2019 Budget from October 1, 2019 through September 30, 2020 is \$1,028,693 with the state share of \$745,017 and a county share of \$283,676.

A separate county fund has been established to account for and administer the program. The MIDC requires the program to be operated independent of the court. To accomplish this important objective the Board of Commissioners assigned overall program responsibility and administration to the County Controller-Administrator.

Continued Successful Financial Management and Strong Bond Rating

County officials continue to practice highly effective financial management. This is accomplished through the annual All Funds Budget, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Audit), multi-year financial planning and on-going financial monitoring/reporting. The County continues to receive the Government Finance Officers highest award for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the annual budget and audit.

All county funds continue to have positive fund balance positions and the annual budget remains balanced with adequate reserves. Importantly, funds continued to be transferred for equipment/technology and capital improvement needs in 2019. The county bond rating remains strong at AA- which documents the stable financial position of the county to financial markets which lowers the costs of borrowing funds for needed infrastructure and other projects. The county continues to operate within its financial means.

County Animal Control Department Continues to Improve Service Delivery

Notice was received in mid-year 2018 that Sanilac County was terminating the 14 year animal control contract with Tuscola County. This two county contractual program was less than optimum with limited funding and staff. There were only three staff serving both counties covering 1,700 square miles with a combined population of about 95,000. Because animal control is a public safety operation, a solution to the possibility of there being no county animal control in Tuscola County was needed.

After reviewing the potential of contracting with other counties it was decided the best option was to re-establish a county operated program. The county program has been in operation for a full year now and we continue to be pleased with the success. We continue the staffing with two full-time and two part-time employees. Trucks have been purchased with one of the trucks funded by a grant from USDA. In 2019 we were able to secure another grant for the purchase of another truck. Improvements to the shelter have been implemented for housing and providing other animal control services. More animals are being rescued and the community is pleased with the progress and improvements that have been made.

County Jail Study – Review of Potential New Jail

A comprehensive study of the county jail was conducted by the National Sheriff's Association. The study results were presented to the Board of Commissioners in November of 2018. It explained many of the deficiencies of the current jail and provided short and long term recommendations. It was concluded that the current jail is understaffed, outdated and poorly designed for current needs. There is a significant overall lack of space for inmate recreation, record storage, food, laundry, supplies, inmate visitation, etc.

The jail planning committee has begun reviewing details from the study. Architectural firms will be invited to develop conceptual drawings and a footprint for a new jail. Also, cost estimates will be requested. Potential methods of financing construction and possibly certain operational costs will be reviewed. The jail committee will continue to develop plans in 2019. It is anticipated that by the end of 2020 more specific plans and strategy for implementation will be completed.

Geographic Information System Continues to Advance in 2019

Tuscola County GIS has seen rapid development over the past few years. The basic framework of the county GIS was completed in fall of 2015 and full time management responsibility was handed over to the new GIS Coordinator in summer of 2018. Since then GIS has become increasingly integrated within the county. The first major project was the completion of an inventory of county owned properties for the Board of Commissioners. Following that, the process of certifying deeds saw improvements with the introduction of GIS software and user training in the Treasurer's. Most recently a series of well received land value maps was produced for local assessors as a requirement of the state mandated AMAR review.

A large scale map plotter has been purchased to allow the county to produce high quality printed maps which will also serve as a revenue source. A template for tax map books is under construction with plans to produce one for each township. Development of web apps aimed at both county departments and the public at large is a high priority with plans for a Delinquent Tax app. already in the works.

Technological Advancements Strengthen Operational Efficiency

In 2019, approximately \$310,000 was invested in technology advancements. These funds were used for expanded security measures, strengthening computer system infrastructure and speed, and implementation of new software applications for increased efficiency.

New computer software applications continue to be implemented for increased efficiency. The BS&A Accounting Software replaced an aging financial software system used before with state of the art tracking and vital financial system. The "OnBase" system installation in Probate Court was completed. The software will provide for a paperless work flow in Probate Court. The county time and attendance software has been changed to "Kronos". This "State of the Art" software will add functionality and scheduling for accurate recording of time and attendance. Upgraded computers continue to be purchased to accommodate the Windows 10 application and will continue through 2020.

Important network system infrastructure upgrades were implemented. The network was upgraded to 10 gigabyte capabilities. This enables faster connection from building to building and lays the ground work for future expansion needs.

Tuscola Officials Continue to be Recycling Leaders

Over the years Tuscola County has proven to be a regional recycling leader. Progress has been made in completing the relocation to the new location (former Riverview Auto). Stained soil will be removed and disposed at an appropriate landfill. The building is being completely remodeled with the financial assistance from state recycling grants. It is anticipated that by the summer /fall of 2020 the relocation will occur. This new location will provide the added space needed to expand recycling programs for Tuscola County and potentially other surrounding counties.

Highly Successful Thumb Regional Sobriety Court

For the past six years, Tuscola County Courts have operated a highly successful Thumb Regional Sobriety program to reduce recidivism for people who have been convicted of driving while under the influence of alcohol. This is a treatment program that is funded in part by a \$168,000 grant from the State Court Administrative Office. The program is administered by Tuscola County courts. It is available to residents of Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac Counties if the individual is referred by the courts.

Other Accomplishments/Activities in 2019

- A. Tuscola County Veterans program has secured a \$50,000 veterans outreach grant. This will assist veterans throughout or county on how to receive help that is available to them for many services.
- B. The County Road Commission continues to make progress in improving the funding status of their retirement and health insurance programs. This was accomplished by allocating increased funding to these programs over the last few years.
- C. Tuscola County continues in the Opioid Lawsuit and has supplied considerable information regarding how the opioid crisis has negatively impacted the county socio-economically. We are hoping in 2020 there will be a settlement to this on-going litigation.
- D. We have moved forward on establishing a county land bank in 2019, and completion will be in 2020.
- E. 911 has replaced their pager system. The aged system was having issues with pages being missed in certain areas of the county. Months of field testing was completed by the director.
- F. The County has a new District Court Judge. The former Judge retired after 29 years on the bench for Tuscola County 71-B District Court.
- G. The County also has a new Controller/Administrator after the former Controller/Administrator retired after 30 years of leadership for the county.
- H. The jail feasibility study will be finishing up in 2020. Plans will be reviewed to see how to proceed to replace the aging jail.

- I. Labor contracts were settled for two years. Negotiations will start in the fall of 2020 for the 2021 contracts.
- J. Improvements to Vanderbilt Park continue to be completed. A waste dumping station will be built in 2020. Another objective is to clear vegetation to establish a view of the bay from the park.
- K. Child care in-home care supervised visitation program was reinstated at a county cost of \$21,500.

V- Effective Financial Policies

The County has established long-standing effective financial policies that have stood the tests of time and financial pressures. Although the County has several financial related policies, the two most significant ones are: maintaining a minimum general fund balance and management of how delinquent tax revolving funds are used on an annual basis. Well-reasoned fiscal policy is integral to maintaining financial stability and a strong bond rating on a long-term basis. The following is a summary of these key County financial policies.

- 1. **General Fund Balance Assigned for Contingency Reserve** The current County policy stipulates 10% of current fiscal year adopted budgeted expenditures be assigned for contingency reserve in the general fund. This reflects only slightly more than one month's operational expenses. The County auditors have previously explained the need to maintain this fund balance contingency reserve. This reserve is an important factor for enabling preservation of overall positive county cash flow, covering unexpected emergencies and maintaining a strong bond rating.
- 2. **Delinquent Tax Revolving Funds** One of the cornerstones of County finances has been the proper management of delinquent tax revolving funds. The delinquent tax policy of the County is to not spend principle, to use annual net income for operational and capital improvement needs and to maintain a self-funding arrangement. (Self-funding enables the County to pay local taxing units in full for their share of current taxes that are determined to be delinquent on an annual basis rather than borrow funds). It is essential to continue sound management of County financial policies and practices involving delinquent tax funds. Fiscal discipline and management of these funds are vital to overall long-term County financial stability.
- 3. Other Key Financial Planning Documents/Policies Include multi-year financial plans, capital improvement plans, general fund minimum fund balance policy and delinquent tax policy (discussed above), purchasing, investment, claims processing, credit card usage, establishing and reconciliation of bank accounts and travel/meal reimbursement.

VI - Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Tuscola County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. The county has received this prestigious award for 19 consecutive years. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be

given to the Tuscola County Board of Commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Tuscola County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Clayette A. Zechmeister Controller/Administrator

(Signature withheld for security purposes)

The Board of Commissioners

Thomas Bardwell District 2 Chairperson

District 1 Thomas Young District 3 Kim Vaughan **Daniel Grimshaw** District 4 Mark Jensen District 5

Administration

County Controller/Administrator Clayette Zechmeister

Elected Officials

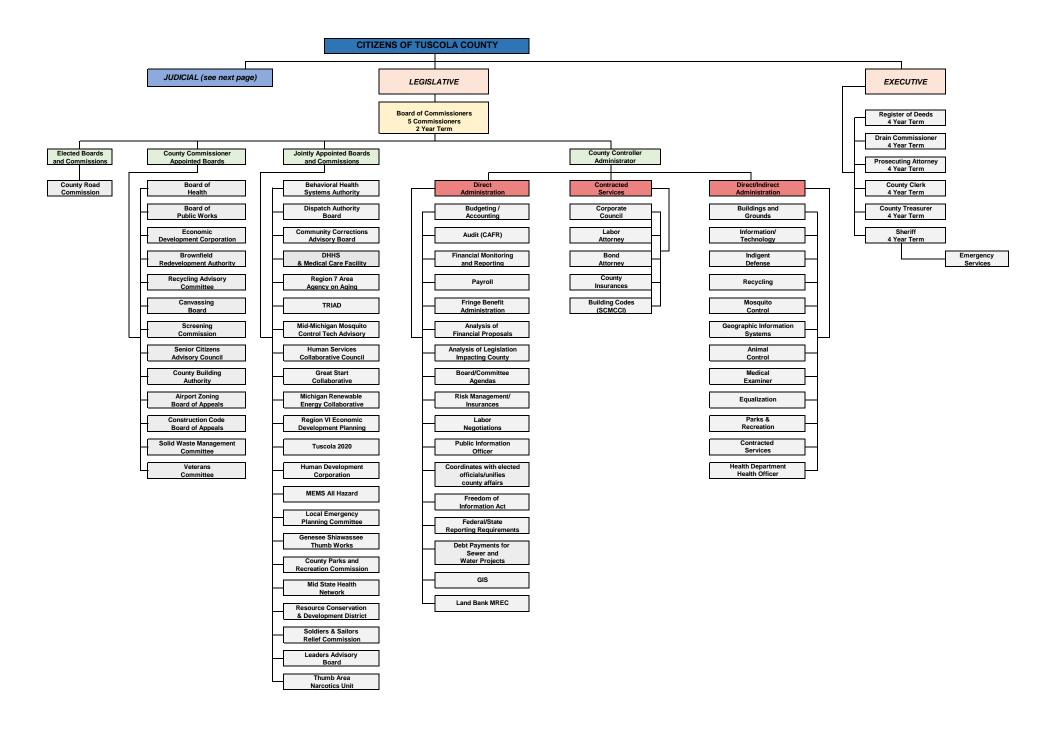
Circuit Court Judge Amy Grace Gierhart Jodi Fetting County Clerk District Court Judge Jason Bitzer **Drain Commissioner** Robert Mantey Nancy Thane Probate Court Judge Mark Reene Prosecutor Register of Deeds John Bishop

Glen Skrent Treasurer Patricia Donovan-Gray

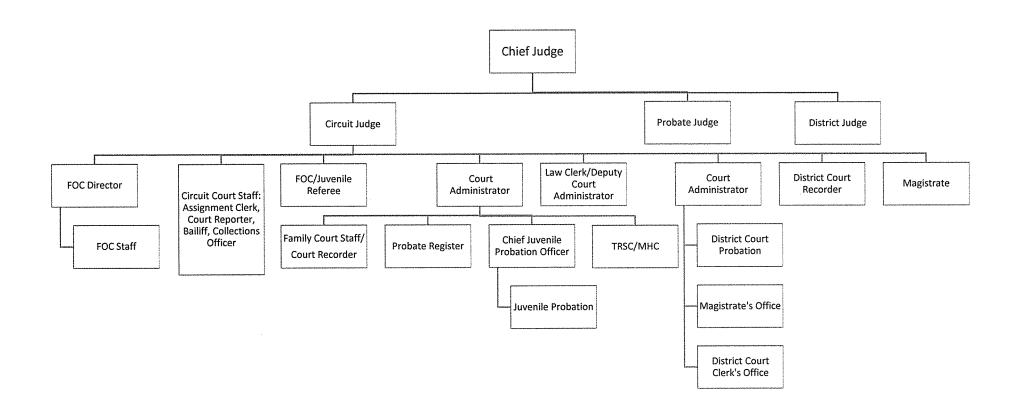
Sheriff

Appointed Officials

Circuit Court Administrator Sheila Long Director of Facilities & Buildings Mike Miller **Director of Information Systems** Eean Lee **Dispatch Director** Sandy Nielsen **Equalization Director** Angela Daniels Friend of the Court Sandy Erskine Health Officer Ann Hepfer Mosquito Abatement Director Kim Green MSU/Co-op Director Jerry Johnson **Recycling Coordinator** Mike Miller Undersheriff Robert Baxter



Tuscola County Unified Courts Organizational Chart



^{*}Bailiffs will be supervised by the Judge to whom they are assigned.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Tuscola County Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section

GABRIDGE & CQ.

3940 Peninsular Dr SE, Suite 200 Grand Rapids, MI 49546 Tel: 616-538-7100 Fax: 616-538-2441 gabridgeco.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Tuscola County, Michigan Caro, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Tuscola County, Michigan* (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Tuscola County Health Department, a major governmental fund which represents 9.0% of assets and deferred outflows of resources, (7.6%) of net position, and 13.6% of revenues of the governmental activities. We also did not audit the Tuscola County Medical Care Facility, a major enterprise fund, which represents 73.9% of assets and deferred outflows of resources, 64.5% of net position, and 94.1% of revenues of the business-type activities. Also, we did not audit the financial statements of the Tuscola County Road Commission, which represents 82.0% of assets and deferred outflows of resources, 81.9% of net position, and 89.2% of revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Tuscola County Health Department, the Tuscola County Medical Care Facility, and the Tuscola County Road Commission, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Tuscola County Medical Care Facility was not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in

the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tuscola County, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the pension schedules, and budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States

of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 30, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gabridge & Company, PLC

Labridge a Company

Grand Rapids, MI July 30, 2020 **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Tuscola County Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2019

As management of *Tuscola County*, *Michigan* (the "County" or "government") we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Key metrics and financial highlights of the County for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County, as presented in the government-wide financial statements, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$30,008,095 (net position), a decrease of \$68,964 in 2019.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds (this includes the general fund, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and permanent funds) reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,385,039 an increase of \$1,256,286 in comparison with the prior year. Of the fund balance amount, \$1,089,769 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- Total fund balance for the general fund was \$3,202,317, an increase of \$186,348 for 2019. At the end of the year, the unassigned portion of the fund balance in the general fund was \$1,142,881, or approximately 8.3% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out for the year.
- The County's net capital assets was \$19,548,613 at the end of 2019, which compares to \$20,717,124 at the end of 2018.
- The County's total long-term installment debt decreased by \$1,451,836 during the year, from \$23,001,092 to \$21,549,256 as of year-end.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the residual reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., depreciation of capital assets and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, recreation and cultural, and community and economic development activities. The business-type activities of the County include delinquent tax administration and operation of a medical care facility.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Tuscola County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Road Commission and Drain Commission, for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Tuscola County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term

financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains numerous governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, health department, road patrol fund, and the Caro Sewer Series 2007 fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains two types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Tuscola County uses enterprise funds to account for its delinquent tax collection and administration, medical care facility, and tax foreclosures.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its motor pool fund, workers' compensation insurance, and health insurance. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the combined revolving tax fund, medical care facility, and tax foreclosure fund, which are considered to be major funds of the County.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedules for the County pension plan.

The combining statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds are presented following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Summary information on the County assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position is as follows:

Tuscola County's Net Position						
Table of the Table	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total Primary Government	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 15,217,063	\$ 13,123,780	\$ 7,958,328	\$ 8,236,717	\$ 23,175,391	\$ 21,360,497
Receivables, net	9,465,219	9,557,395	5,895,934	5,798,810	15,361,153	15,356,205
Due from other governments	540,382	584,841	108,113	150,716	648,495	735,557
Other assets	177,397	82,979	34,448	47,209	211,845	130,188
Total Current Assets	25,400,061	23,348,995	13,996,823	14,233,452	39,396,884	37,582,447
Noncurrent Assets						
Long-term intergovernmental advances	510,000	510,000	-	-	510,000	510,000
Contracts receivable, long-term	8,261,323	9,125,651	-	-	8,261,323	9,125,651
Restricted cash	-	-	24,293	27,320	24,293	27,320
Capital assets, net	6,577,978	6,870,593	12,970,635	13,846,531	19,548,613	20,717,124
Total Assets	40,749,362	39,855,239	26,991,751	28,107,303	67,741,113	67,962,542
DEFFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related deferred outflows	1,435,304	3,217,477	450,046	1,659,998	1,885,350	4,877,475
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,435,304	3,217,477	450,046	1,659,998	1,885,350	4,877,475
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	728,591	765,910	931,908	810,723	1,660,499	1,576,633
Accrued liabilities	855,208	582,916	349,518	331,584	1,204,726	914,500
Accrued interest	151,509	157,058	10,185	10,706	161,694	167,764
Unearned revenue	107,022	387,274	32,721	34,310	139,743	421,584
Due to other governmental units	133,157	82,860	-	-	133,157	82,860
Compensated absences, current	152,522	183,714	189,776	195,336	342,298	379,050
Current portion of long-term debt	997,159	1,046,729	195,000	190,000	1,192,159	1,236,729
Internal balances	(139,524)	(808,037)	139,524	808,037		
Total Current Liabilities	2,985,644	2,398,424	1,848,632	2,380,696	4,834,276	4,779,120
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated absences	270,252	220,968	248,621	238,030	518,873	458,998
Long-term debt	16,837,097	18,049,363	3,520,000	3,715,000	20,357,097	21,764,363
Net pension liability	4,069,993	4,514,072	1,264,146	2,790,452	5,334,139	7,304,524
Total Liabilities	24,162,986	25,182,827	6,881,399	9,124,178	31,044,385	34,307,005
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related deferred inflows	169,700	442,976	381,947	138,231	551,647	581,207
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	7,559,684	7,428,065	462,652	446,681	8,022,336	7,874,746
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,729,384	7,871,041	844,599	584,912	8,573,983	8,455,953
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	5,863,221	6,071,911	9,255,635	9,941,531	15,118,856	16,013,442
Restricted	11,510,953	10,745,988	-	-	11,510,953	10,745,988
Unrestricted	(7,081,878)	(6,799,051)	10,460,164	10,116,680	3,378,286	3,317,629
Total Net Position	\$ 10,292,296	\$ 10,018,848	\$ 19,715,799	\$ 20,058,211	\$ 30,008,095	\$ 30,077,059

A portion of the County's net position is unrestricted and available for future operations, while a significant portion of net position relates to its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt

must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Significant changes from the prior year include:

- The net pension liability decreased from \$4,514,072 to \$4,069,993 as of December 31, 2019. We continue to recover from the investment market loss in 2018.
- Pension related deferred outflows decreased from \$3,217,477 to \$1,435,304 as of December 31, 2019. Tuscola County and the Tuscola County Health Department continue to work towards reducing their pension debts.
- Cash had an overall increase from \$21,360,497 to \$23,175,391 as of December 31, 2019. This increase was mostly related to the non-cash related depreciation and pension expenses recognized during 2019.

Tuscola County's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total Primary Government	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 6,364,381	\$ 6,153,543	\$24,829,969	\$24,159,090	\$31,194,350	\$30,312,633
Operating grants and contributions	6,831,800	5,884,161	-	-	6,831,800	5,884,161
General Revenues						
Taxes	15,213,039	14,500,060	448,069	435,791	15,661,108	14,935,851
State revenue sharing	958,315	1,293,320	-	-	958,315	1,293,320
Interest income	181,107	163,578	151,596	118,611	332,703	282,189
Total Revenues	29,548,642	27,994,662	25,429,634	24,713,492	54,978,276	52,708,154
Expenses						
Legislative	214,986	189,753	-	-	214,986	189,753
Judicial	3,244,038	4,239,644	-	-	3,244,038	4,239,644
General government	6,689,864	6,020,818	-	-	6,689,864	6,020,818
Public safety	7,818,978	8,527,437	-	-	7,818,978	8,527,437
Public works	3,689,461	3,957,531	-	-	3,689,461	3,957,531
Health and welfare	7,976,028	8,087,982	-	-	7,976,028	8,087,982
Culture and recreation	22,631	24,640	-	-	22,631	24,640
Interest on long-term debt	582,070	604,798	-	-	582,070	604,798
Medical Care Facility	-	-	24,223,269	24,446,586	24,223,269	24,446,586
Tax foreclosure fund	-	-	525,976	245,596	525,976	245,596
Combined tax revolving fund	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	59,939	86	59,939	86
Total Expenses	30,238,056	31,652,603	24,809,184	24,692,268	55,047,240	56,344,871
Changes in Net Position Before Transfers	(689,414)	(3,657,941)	620,450	21,224	(68,964)	(3,636,717)
Transfers	962,862	856,663	(962,862)	(856,663)	-	-
Changes in Net Position	273,448	(2,801,278)	(342,412)	(835,439)	(68,964)	(3,636,717)
Net Position at the Beginning of Period *	10,018,848	12,820,126	20,058,211	20,893,650	30,077,059	33,713,776
Net Position at the End of Period	\$10,292,296	\$10,018,848	\$19,715,799	\$20,058,211	\$30,008,095	\$30,077,059

^{*} Restated as of 1/1/2019, see Notes to the Financial Statements

Net position of the County decreased by \$68,964 during 2019. The governmental activities increased by \$273,448 when compared to the prior year, while the business-type activities had a decrease of \$342,412 these reductions were due mainly to a reduction of expenses experienced in the medical care facility.

Additional significant items to note during 2019 include:

- Operating grants and contributions increased \$947,639 from 2018 to 2019. The most significant changes in operating grants was within the indigent defense fund, which reported an increase of \$597,958 of operating grants. The largest increases were general government with an increase of \$478,020 and health and welfare with an increase of \$542,098. Judicial reflected the largest reduction at \$74,053.
- Charges for services reflects an \$881,717 increase from 2018. Taxes continue to increase in 2019 \$559,542 greater than 2018, in conjunction with the increase in taxable values.

Governmental Activities

During the year, the County invested \$6,689,864, or approximately 22.1% of expenses, to general government activities. Health and welfare expenses totaled \$7,976,026, or 26.4% of governmental activities expenses. Public safety expenses totaled \$7,818,978, or 25.9% of governmental activities expenses. Public works, legislative, judicial, culture and recreation, and interest on long-term debt made up the remaining 25.6% of governmental activities expenses. In the current year expenses decreased by \$1,414,547, which was primarily the result of the decreases in public safety and health and welfare.

Business type activities

Business type activities decreased the County's net position by \$342,412. The cause of this decrease is described above.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,385,039, an increase of \$1,256,286 in comparison with the prior year. The overall increase in fund balance is described later in this analysis. Approximately 8.3% of this total amount constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted, committed*, or *assigned* to indicate that it cannot be used at the County's discretion, or it is *nonspendable* because it has already been committed, in this case, for prepaid items, advances, and inventory.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,142,881. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures and net transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 8.3% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the enterprise funds decreased \$342,412. Key elements of this change have been addressed elsewhere in this analysis.

The medical care facility ended the year with net position of \$12,716,973, an overall decrease of \$298,730.

The tax foreclosure fund ended the year with net position of \$1,333,399. This is an increase of \$33,009 from the prior year.

The combined revolving tax fund ended the year with net position of \$5,665,427, which was a decrease of \$76,691.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year there was no need for any significant amendments to increase either the original estimated revenues or original budgeted appropriations. However, there was a need to make an amendment to reallocate appropriations among departments when it became clearer which departments would actually be charged for expenditures incurred. Generally, the movement of the appropriations between departments was not significant.

Final budget compared to actual results. Actual expenditures came in under budgeted expenditures across all departments. There were no expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated within the general fund during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019 amounted to \$19,548,613 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, equipment, and vehicles.

	Capital Assets							
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land	\$ 408,891	\$ 408,891	\$ 327,926	\$ 327,926	\$ 736,817	\$ 736,817		
Construction in progress	84,752	-	-	3,750	84,752	3,750		
Buildings	7,697,701	7,697,701	14,394,270	14,215,511	22,091,971	21,913,212		
Improvements	3,891,398	3,794,495	2,399,987	2,357,717	6,291,385	6,152,212		
Equipment	3,800,198	3,677,181	9,446,896	9,502,649	13,247,094	13,179,830		
Vehicles	1,752,203	1,709,884	-	-	1,752,203	1,709,884		
Health Department	669,750	575,555	-	-	669,750	575,555		
Accumulated depreciation	(11,726,915)	(10,993,114)	(13,598,444)	(12,561,022)	(25,325,359)	(23,554,136)		
Total	\$ 6,577,978	\$ 6,870,593	\$ 12,970,635	\$ 13,846,531	\$ 19,548,613	\$ 20,717,124		

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding, exclusive of compensated absences, of \$21,549,256. Of this amount, \$17,834,256 was debt of governmental activities and \$3,715,000 was debt of business-type activities.

	Long-term Debt								
	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total								
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
General obligation bonds	\$ 13,477,582	\$ 14,363,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,477,582	\$ 14,363,956			
USDA loans	4,328,209	4,659,000	-	=	-	-			
Other liabilities	28,465	73,136	3,715,000	3,905,000	3,743,465	3,978,136			
Total	\$ 17,834,256	\$ 19,096,092	\$ 3,715,000	\$ 3,905,000	\$ 21,549,256	\$ 23,001,092			

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for 2020:

Management estimates that \$14,100,000 of revenues will be available for appropriation in the general fund in the upcoming budget. Expenditures are expected to change by small amounts compared to 2019. The County continues to review all budget line items for opportunities to reduce expenditures when possible. The budget will be monitored during the year to identify any necessary amendments. In 2020, the County plans again to use current revenues to provide essential services and to maintain the County's financial reserves at similar levels. The ongoing costs of providing essential services for the citizens of the County will again need to be monitored in order to maintain the financial condition of the County.

In order to maintain long-term financial stability, the County will continue to adopt realistic and balanced budgets for all funds that and manage them such that actual expenditures do not exceed actual revenues in any given year.

Management is also revising the budget in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, however, the significance of the impact on the County's revenues and expenditures is unknown as of the date of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to:

Tuscola County Administrator 125 Lincoln Street Caro, Michigan 48723

Phone | 989-672-3700

Basic Financial Statements

Tuscola County Statement of Net Position **December 31, 2019**

	Governmental	Primary Government Business-type	_	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 15,217,063	\$ 7,958,328	\$ 23,175,391	\$ 10,359,995
Taxes receivable	7,990,137	2,957,612	10,947,749	2,282,935
Special assessments receivable		2,737,012	10,547,745	3,381,186
Contracts receivable, current	604,020		604,020	3,501,100
Due from other governments	540,382	108,113	648,495	3,078,358
Accounts receivable	871,062	2,938,322	3,809,384	776,116
Prepaids	121,406	34,448	155,854	307,918
Inventory	55,991		55,991	443,354
Total Current Assets	25,400,061	13,996,823	39,396,884	20,629,862
Noncurrent Assets	23,100,001	13,770,023	37,370,001	20,027,002
Long-term intergovernmental advances	510,000		510,000	
Contracts receivable	8,261,323		8,261,323	
Restricted cash	0,201,323	24,293	24,293	
Capital assets not being depreciated	493,643	327,926	821,569	35,046,638
Capital assets being depreciated, net	6,084,335	12,642,709	18,727,044	88,300,155
Total Assets	40,749,362	26,991,751	67,741,113	143,976,655
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	40,749,302	20,991,731	07,741,113	143,970,033
OPEB				610,950
Pension	1,435,304	450,046	1,885,350	484,873
	1,435,304	450,046	1,885,350	1,095,823
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES	1,455,504	450,040	1,003,330	1,093,823
Current Liabilities	728,591	931,908	1 660 400	405 662
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	•	·	1,660,499 1,204,726	405,662
Accrued natificies Accrued interest	855,208 151,509	349,518 10,185	1,204,720	22,450 9,601
			·	•
Unearned revenue	107,022	32,721	139,743	212,305
Due to other governmental units	133,157	190 776	133,157 342,298	510,000
Compensated absences, current	152,522	189,776	<i>'</i>	507 194
Current portion of long-term debt	997,159	195,000	1,192,159	507,184
Internal balances	(139,524)	139,524	4 924 276	1 207 (19
Total Current Liabilities	2,985,644	1,848,632	4,834,276	1,207,618
Noncurrent Liabilities	270 252	249 (21	510.072	50 202
Compensated absences	270,252	248,621	518,873	58,203
Long-term debt	16,837,097	3,520,000	20,357,097	2,561,473
Net pension liability	4,069,993	1,264,146	5,334,139	2,009,649
Net OPEB liability	24.162.006	 6 001 200	21.044.205	14,979,269
Total Liabilities	24,162,986	6,881,399	31,044,385	21,275,796
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				56.520
OPEB	1.60.700	201.047		56,530
Pension	169,700	381,947	551,647	371,876
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	7,559,684	462,652	8,022,336	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,729,384	844,599	8,573,983	428,406
NET POSITION	5.062.221	0.255.625	15 110 056	120 270 126
Net investment in capital assets	5,863,221	9,255,635	15,118,856	120,278,136
Restricted for:				1 000 000
Debt service	5,676		5,676	1,822,220
General government	340,072		340,072	
Judicial	254,775		254,775	
Public safety	2,868,761		2,868,761	
Public works	1,354,612		1,354,612	1,222,569
Drains				4,302,462
Health and welfare	3,291,963		3,291,963	
Culture and recreation	31,535		31,535	
Capital projects	3,363,559		3,363,559	
Unrestricted	(7,081,878)	10,460,164	3,378,286	(4,257,111)
Total Net Position	\$ 10,292,296	\$ 19,715,799	\$ 30,008,095	\$ 123,368,276

Tuscola County Statement of Activities For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Program Revenues													
					Operating		Capital Grants	_		Prin	nary Governme	nt			
			Charges for		Grants and		and	-	Governmental		Business-type				Component
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions	_	Activities	_	Activities	_	Total		Units
Primary Government															
Governmental Activities:															
Legislative	\$ 214,986	\$		\$		\$		\$	(214,986)	\$		\$	(214,986)	\$	
Judicial	3,244,038		997,501		1,345,589				(900,948)				(900,948)		
General government	6,689,864		1,809,252		1,131,227				(3,749,385)				(3,749,385)		
Public safety	7,818,978		2,686,714		698,340				(4,433,924)				(4,433,924)		
Public works	3,689,461		68,330		12,529				(3,608,602)				(3,608,602)		
Health and welfare	7,976,028		778,230		3,643,239				(3,554,559)				(3,554,559)		
Culture and recreation	22,631		24,354		876				2,599				2,599		
Interest on long-term debt	582,070								(582,070)				(582,070)		
Total Governmental Activities	 30,238,056		6,364,381		6,831,800				(17,041,875)				(17,041,875)		
Business-type Activities:	 							-							
Medical Care Facility	24,223,269		23,434,528								(788,741)		(788,741)		
Tax Foreclosure Fund	525,976		647,641								121,665		121,665		
Combined Revolving Tax Fund	59,939		747,800								687,861		687,861		
Total Business-type Activities	24,809,184		24,829,969			_					20,785		20,785		
Total Primary Government	\$ 55,047,240	\$	31,194,350	\$	7,790,115	\$		\$	(17,041,875)	\$	20,785	\$	(17,021,090)		
Component Units									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·		
Tuscola County Road Commission	\$ 13,733,480	\$	1,907,350	\$	15,626,771	\$									3,800,641
Drain Commission	2,096,556		2,039,940												(56,616)
Total Component Units	\$ 15,830,036	\$	3,947,290	\$	15,626,771	\$									3,744,025
		G	eneral Purnose	Reve	nues and Transf	fers:	•								
			evenues												
			roperty taxes						15,213,039		448,069		15,661,108		
			tate revenue sha	ring					958,315				958,315		
			iterest income	8					181,107		151,596		332,703		121,110
			ransfers						962,862		(962,862)				
				Reveni	es and Transfer	2			17,315,323		(363,197)		16,952,126	-	121,110
			Change in Net		•	~			273,448		(342,412)		(68,964)	-	3,865,135
			_		ng of Period (Res	state	d. Note 17)		10,018,848		20,058,211		30,077,059		119,503,141
			et Position at E	_			, ,	\$	10,292,296	\$	19,715,799	\$	30,008,095	\$	123,368,276
		- '						_	, . ,	_	, -, -	_	,,	_	,,

Tuscola County Balance Sheet **Governmental Funds** December 31, 2019

	General			Special	Revei	nue	Debt Service					
			Road Patrol		Health Department (09/30/2019)		Caro Sewer Series 2007		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	2,281,098	\$	1,261,952	\$	2,293,501	\$		\$	8,640,957	\$	14,477,508
Taxes receivable		430,453		2,465,329						5,094,355		7,990,137
Due from other governments		527,268				243,117				279,997		1,050,382
Accounts receivable		163,541		3,766		97,859				586,022		851,188
Prepaids		77,408				9,968						87,376
Inventory						55,991						55,991
Due from other funds		312,950								90,529		403,479
Contracts receivable								3,591,646		5,273,697		8,865,343
Advances to other funds		57,028										57,028
Total Assets	\$	3,849,746	\$	3,731,047	\$	2,700,436	\$	3,591,646	\$	19,965,557	\$	33,838,432
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	181,608	\$	9,168	\$	154,260	\$		\$	383,216	\$	728,252
Accrued liabilities		259,235		71,079		122,215				138,161		590,690
Unearned revenue						107,022						107,022
Due to other governmental units										133,157		133,157
Due to other funds		40,871		5,584						200,047		246,502
Advances from other funds										57,028		57,028
Total Liabilities	•	481,714		85,831		383,497				911,609		1,862,651
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - taxes		165,715										165,715
Unavailable revenue - contracts								3,591,646		5,273,697		8,865,343
Taxes levied for a subsequent period				2,465,329						5,094,355		7,559,684
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	647,429		2,551,160		383,497		3,591,646		11,279,661		18,453,393
FUND BALANCE	•											
Nonspendable		644,436				65,959						710,395
Restricted				1,179,887		1,592,058				8,739,008		11,510,953
Committed		5,000				351,814						356,814
Assigned		1,410,000				307,108						1,717,108
Unassigned		1,142,881								(53,112)		1,089,769
Total Fund Balance		3,202,317		1,179,887		2,316,939	-			8,685,896		15,385,039
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	3,849,746	\$	3,731,047	\$	2,700,436	\$	3,591,646	\$	19,965,557	\$	33,838,432

Tuscola County Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 15,385,039
Net position of internal service funds that are treated as proprietary in the fund level statements are treated as governmental in the entity-wide statements.	511,149
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, the interest expenditure is reported when due.	(151,509)
General government capital assets of \$18,304,893, net of accumulated depreciation of \$11,726,915, are not financial resources, and accordingly are not reported in the funds.	6,577,978
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(422,774)
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(17,834,256)
Unavailable revenues are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	9,031,058
Net pension liabilities, along with pension related deferrals, are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported in the funds.	(2,804,389)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 10,292,296

Tuscola County Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Special Revenue		Debt Service		
	General	Road Patrol	Health Department (09/30/2019)	Caro Sewer Series 2007	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 7,326,695	\$ 2,378,645	\$	\$	\$ 5,484,599	\$ 15,189,939
Licenses and permits	571,568		177,377		163,245	912,190
Intergovernmental	1,815,736	33,650	3,249,491	431,134	3,321,968	8,851,979
Charges for services	1,882,797	2,400	557,260		1,444,035	3,886,492
Fines and forfeits	76,624				7,250	83,874
Interest and rents	429,927	13,392			117,421	560,740
Reimbursements and refunds		5,117			20,800	25,917
Other	300,592	429	2,963		517,579	821,563
Total Revenues	12,403,939	2,433,633	3,987,091	431,134	11,076,897	30,332,694
Expenditures						
Legislative	191,628				21,063	212,691
Judicial	2,167,335				917,701	3,085,036
General government	4,566,953				1,493,264	6,060,217
Public safety	2,791,374	2,069,286			2,308,595	7,169,255
Public works	996,713				2,732,541	3,729,254
Health and welfare	445,198		3,559,160		3,422,270	7,426,628
Culture and recreation					27,964	27,964
Other	225,936					225,936
Capital outlay					252,834	252,834
Debt service - principal	21,159			370,000	872,303	1,263,462
Debt service - interest				61,134	524,859	585,993
Total Expenditures	11,406,296	2,069,286	3,559,160	431,134	12,573,394	30,039,270
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	997,643	364,347	427,931		(1,496,497)	293,424
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	1,471,192		321,750		2,190,251	3,983,193
Transfers out	(2,282,487)	(64,423)	(177,341)		(496,080)	(3,020,331)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(811,295)	(64,423)	144,409		1,694,171	962,862
Net Change in Fund Balance	186,348	299,924	572,340		197,674	1,256,286
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	3,015,969	879,963	1,744,599		8,488,222	14,128,753
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 3,202,317	\$ 1,179,887	\$ 2,316,939	\$	\$ 8,685,896	\$ 15,385,039

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with Statement of Activities For the year Ended December 31, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,256,286
Changes in net position of internal service funds that are treated as enterprise fund changes in net position in the fund level statements are treated as governmental fund changes in net position in the entity-wide statements.	(90,646)
Governmental fund report capital outlay as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures of \$441,186 is exceeded by depreciation expense of \$733,801.	(292,615)
Changes to accrued interest are not shown in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year increase is to decrease net position.	5,549
Change to compensated absences are not shown in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year increase is to decrease net position.	(18,092)
The change in net pension liability, and the pension related deferrals, does not require the use of current resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.	(1,064,818)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on contractual obligations, bonds payable, and capital leases are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. This is the sum of the principal payments on long-term debt of \$1,263,462 and the changes in related bond premiums and discounts of \$1,626 during the year.	1,261,836
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following year. This represents the change in unavailable revenues during the year.	(784,052)
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 273,448

Tuscola County Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

		Business-type Activiti	ies - Enterprise Funds	5	Governmental		
	Medical Care Facility	Tax Foreclosure Fund	Combined Revolving Tax Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 3,409,545	\$ 1,485,457	\$ 3,063,326	\$ 7,958,328	\$ 739,555		
Taxes receivable	462,652		2,494,960	2,957,612			
Due from other governments			108,113	108,113			
Accounts receivable	2,938,322			2,938,322	19,874		
Prepaids	34,448			34,448	34,030		
Total Current Assets	6,844,967	1,485,457	5,666,399	13,996,823	793,459		
Noncurrent Assets							
Restricted cash	24,293			24,293			
Capital assets not being depreciated	327,926			327,926			
Capital assets being depreciated, net	12,642,709			12,642,709			
Total Assets	19,839,895	1,485,457	5,666,399	26,991,751	793,459		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension	450,046			450,046			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	450,046			450,046			
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	918,402	12,534	972	931,908	339		
Accrued liabilities	349,518			349,518	264,518		
Accrued interest	10,185			10,185			
Unearned revenue	32,721			32,721			
Compensated absences, current	189,776			189,776			
Current portion of long-term debt	195,000			195,000			
Due to other funds		139,524		139,524	17,453		
Total Current Liabilities	1,695,602	152,058	972	1,848,632	282,310		
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Compensated absences	248,621			248,621			
Long-term debt	3,520,000			3,520,000			
Net pension liability	1,264,146			1,264,146			
Total Liabilities	6,728,369	152,058	972	6,881,399	282,310		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension	381,947			381,947			
Taxes levied for a subsequent period	462,652			462,652			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	844,599			844,599			
NET POSITION				· ·			
Net investment in capital assets	9,255,635			9,255,635			
Unrestricted	3,461,338	1,333,399	5,665,427	10,460,164	511,149		
Total Net Position	\$ 12,716,973	\$ 1,333,399	\$ 5,665,427	\$ 19,715,799	\$ 511,149		

Tuscola County Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

				Governmental							
		Medical Care Facility		Tax Foreclosure Fund		Combined volving Tax Fund	Tot	al Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds		
Operating Revenues				·							
Charges for services	\$	22,663,689	\$	647,641	\$	747,800	\$	24,059,130	\$	2,885,350	
Other		770,839						770,839			
Total Operating Revenues		23,434,528		647,641		747,800		24,829,969		2,885,350	
Operating Expenses									•		
Operation and maintenance		22,903,284						22,903,284		2,871,260	
Administration				525,976		59,939		585,915		104,736	
Depreciation		1,191,930						1,191,930			
Total Operating Expenses		24,095,214		525,976		59,939		24,681,129		2,975,996	
Operating Income (Loss)		(660,686)		121,665		687,861		148,840		(90,646)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)										-	
Property taxes		448,069						448,069			
Interest income		41,942		20,206		89,448		151,596			
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(128,055)						(128,055)			
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		361,956		20,206		89,448		471,610			
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	-	(298,730)		141,871		777,309		620,450		(90,646)	
Transfers in											
Transfers out				(108,862)		(854,000)		(962,862)			
Change In Net Position		(298,730)		33,009		(76,691)		(342,412)		(90,646)	
Net Position at Beginning of Period		13,015,703		1,300,390		5,742,118		20,058,211		601,795	
Net Position at End of Period	\$	12,716,973	\$	1,333,399	\$	5,665,427	\$	19,715,799	\$	511,149	

Tuscola County Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								Governmental		
		Medical Care Facility		Foreclosure Fund		Combined volving Tax Fund]	Total Enterprise Funds	A	ctivities - rnal Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities											
Cash received from customers	\$	23,200,973	\$	647,641	\$	790,403	\$	24,639,017	\$	-	
Cash received from interfund services provided		-		-		-		-		2,865,476	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(6,870,279)		(514,936)		(60,680)		(7,445,895)		(2,840,890)	
Cash payments to employees for services	((15,962,058)		_				(15,962,058)			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		368,636		132,705		729,723		1,231,064		24,586	
Cash Flows from Non-capital Related Financing Activities											
Property taxes		448,069		_		153,840		601,909		_	
Transfers out		-		(108,862)		(854,000)		(962,862)		-	
Changes in interfund balances		_		108,862		(777,375)		(668,513)		(60,344)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Related Financing Activities		448,069		-		(1,477,535)		(1,029,466)		(60,344)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities											
Principal payments on long-term debt		(190,000)		_		_		(190,000)		_	
Interest payments and fiscal charges on long-term debt		(128,576)		_		_		(128,576)		_	
Purchases of capital assets		(316,034)		_		_		(316,034)		_	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(634,610)		-		-		(634,610)		-	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities											
Interest received on investments		41,942		20,206		89,448		151,596		_	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		41,942		20,206		89,448		151,596			
The Cash Profited by Investing Metivales		71,772		20,200		07,440		131,370			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		224,037		152,911		(658,364)		(281,416)		(35,758)	
Cash and Investments - Beginning of Year		3,209,801		1,332,546		3,721,690		8,264,037		775,313	
Cash and Investments - End of Year	\$	3,433,838	\$	1,485,457	\$	3,063,326	\$	7,982,621	\$	739,555	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to											
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities											
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(660,686)	\$	121,665	\$	687,861	\$	148,840	\$	(90,646)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	Ψ	(000,000)	Ψ	121,005	Ψ	007,001	Ψ	140,040	Ψ	(50,040)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities											
Depreciation		1,191,930						1,191,930			
Change in assets and liabilities:		1,191,930		-		-		1,191,930		-	
Accounts receivable		(234,993)						(234,993)		(19,874)	
Prepaids		12,761		-		-		12,761		(7,909)	
*		12,701		-		12 602		•		(7,909)	
Due from other governments		- 110,886		11.040		42,603		42,603		(60)	
Accounts payable		*		11,040		(741)		121,185		(69)	
Accrued liabilities		14,907		-		-		14,907		143,084	
Unearned revenue		1,438		-		-		1,438		-	
Compensated absences		5,031		-		-		5,031		-	
Net Cook Provided by Operating Activities	Φ.	(72,638)	Φ.	122 705	Φ.	720 722	Φ.	(72,638)	Φ	24.596	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	Э	368,636	\$	132,705	\$	729,723	\$	1,231,064	\$	24,586	

Tuscola County Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2019

	 Agency
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,621,310
Total Assets	1,621,310
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	209
Accrued liabilities	1,272,033
Undistributed receipts	36,083
Due to other governmental units	312,985
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,621,310

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Net Position Component Units December 31, 2019

	Tuscola County Road Commission	Drain Commission	Total Component Units
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,544,480	\$ 6,815,515	\$ 10,359,995
Taxes receivable	2,282,935		2,282,935
Special assessments receivable, current		3,381,186	3,381,186
Due from other governments	3,078,358		3,078,358
Accounts receivable	776,116		776,116
Prepaids	307,918		307,918
Inventory	443,354		443,354
Total Current Assets	10,433,161	10,196,701	20,629,862
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated	35,046,638		35,046,638
Capital assets being depreciated, net	72,439,290	15,860,865	88,300,155
Total Assets	117,919,089	26,057,566	143,976,655
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB	610,950		610,950
Pension	484,873		484,873
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,095,823		1,095,823
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	224,829	180,833	405,662
Accrued liabilities	22,450	, 	22,450
Accrued interest		9,601	9,601
Unearned revenue	212,305		212,305
Due to other governmental units		510,000	510,000
Current portion of long-term debt		507,184	507,184
Total Current Liabilities	459,584	1,207,618	1,667,202
Noncurrent Liabilities	137,501	1,207,010	1,007,202
Compensated absences	58,203		58,203
Long-term debt		2,561,473	2,561,473
Net pension liability	2,009,649	2,301,173	2,009,649
Net OPEB liability	14,979,269		14,979,269
Total Liabilities	17,506,705	3,769,091	21,275,796
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	17,500,705	3,707,071	21,273,770
OPEB	56,530		56,530
Pension	371,876		371,876
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	428,406		428,406
NET POSITION	428,400		420,400
	107,485,928	12,792,208	120,278,136
Net investment in capital assets	107,463,926	12,792,208	120,278,130
Restricted for:		1 922 220	1 922 220
Debt service	1 202 560	1,822,220	1,822,220
Public works	1,222,569	4 202 462	1,222,569
Drains	(7.600.606)	4,302,462	4,302,462
Unrestricted	(7,628,696)	3,371,585	(4,257,111) • 122,368,276
Total Net Position	\$ 101,079,801	\$ 22,288,475	\$ 123,368,276

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Activities Component Units For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Tu	scola County					
		Road		Drain	Tot	al Component	
		Commission	C	commission	Units		
Expenses							
Public works	\$	13,733,480	\$	2,005,904	\$	15,739,384	
Interest on long-term debt				90,652		90,652	
Total Expenses		13,733,480		2,096,556		15,830,036	
Program Revenues							
Charges for services		1,907,350		2,039,940		3,947,290	
Operating grants and contributions		15,626,771				15,626,771	
Total Program Revenues		17,534,121		2,039,940		19,574,061	
Net Program Revenues (Expenses)		3,800,641		(56,616)		3,744,025	
General Revenue							
Interest income		31,328		89,782		121,110	
Total General Revenues		31,328		89,782		121,110	
Change in Net Position		3,831,969		33,166		3,865,135	
Net Position at Beginning of Period		97,247,832		22,255,309		119,503,141	
Net Position at End of Period	\$ 101,079,801		\$	22,288,475	\$	123,368,276	

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The *County of Tuscola*, *Michigan* (the "County" or "government") was incorporated in 1840 and covers an area of approximately 914 square miles in eastern Michigan. The County operates under a five-member elected Board of Commissioners and an appointed County Administrator /Controller. The County seat is located in the City of Caro, Michigan.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The financial statements for *Tuscola County Medical Care Facility* (the "Facility"), an enterprise fund, are presented for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019. The Facility is a not-for-profit, long-term care facility owned and operated by the County. It is governed by the Tuscola County Department of Human Services Board. This board consists of three members, two of whom are appointed by the County Board of Commissioners and one of whom is appointed by the Michigan governor. Furthermore, the County Board of Commissioners approves the Facility's revenue and expenses as a line item in the County budget. The fund is audited individually and complete financial statements may be obtained from the Facility's administrative office. Accordingly, the County has elected to omit substantially all note disclosures related to the Facility in these financial statements. The Facility's administrative office is located at:

Tuscola County Medical Care Facility 1285 Cleaver Road Caro, MI 48723

The financial statements for *Tuscola County Health Department* (the "Department"), a governmental fund, are presented for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019. The Department is owned and operated by the County. It is governed by the Tuscola County Board of Health. This board consists of members, whom are appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. Furthermore, the County Board of Commissioners approves the Department's revenue and expenses as a line item in the County budget. The fund is audited individually and complete

Notes to the Financial Statements

financial statements may be obtained from the Department's administrative office. Accordingly, the County has elected to omit substantially all note disclosures related to the Department in these financial statements. The Department's administrative office is located at:

Tuscola County Health Department 1309 Cleaver Road Caro, MI 48723

Blended Component Unit

The *Tuscola County Building Authority* (the "Building Authority") has been included as part of the County financial statements since the County appoints the five-member governing authority and the Building Authority provides its services entirely to Tuscola County. The purpose of the Building Authority is to finance through tax-exempt bonds the construction of public facilities for use by the County, with bonds secured by lease agreements with, and serviced through lease payments from, the County. A separate audit report is not issued for the Building Authority.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The *Tuscola County Road Commission* (the "*Road Commission*"). The governing Board of the Road Commission consists of five elected members. The Road Commission deposits money with the County Treasurer. The County has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Road Commission. The component unit is audited individually and complete financial statements may be obtained from the Road Commission's administrative office. Accordingly, the County has elected to omit substantially all note disclosures related to the Road Commission in these financial statements. The Road Commission's administrative office is located at:

Tuscola County Road Commission 1733 Mertz Road Caro, Michigan 48723

The *Tuscola County Drain Commission* (the "*Drain Commission*"). The Drain commission is considered a discretely presented component unit as the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the Commission is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Each of the drainage districts established pursuant to the Drain Code of 1956 are separate legal entities, with the power to contract, to sue and be sued, to hold, manage, and dispose of real and personal property, etc. The statutory drainage Board of Chapter 21 drainage districts consist of the State Director of Agriculture and the Drain Commissioner of each county involved in the project. The County Drain Commissioner has sole responsibility to administer the drainage districts established pursuant to Chapters 3, 4, and 8 of the Drain Code. The Drainage Board or Drain Commissioner, on behalf of the drainage districts, may issue debt and levy special assessments authorized by the Drain Code without the prior approval of the County Board of Commissioners. The full faith and credit of the

Notes to the Financial Statements

County may be given for the debt of the drainage district. Complete financial statements for the Tuscola County Drain Commission may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices:

Tuscola County Drain Commission 125 W. Lincoln St. Suite 100 Caro, Michigan 48723

Funds With Other Year Ends - The financial statements of the Health Department are presented in the accompanying financial statements using its fiscal year-end of September 30, 2019.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. Therefore, agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, or within one year for reimbursement based grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *road patrol fund* accounts for revenues received from a County millage. This is the only county-wide 24 hour police service.

The *health department fund* accounts for the charges of medical services and grant revenues along with the related operations of the Tuscola County Health Department.

The *Caro sewer series 2007 fund* accounts for resources collected (against a long-term contract receivable from the City of Caro) to be used for servicing bond principal and interest payments.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Medical Care Facility fund* accounts for the operations of the Tuscola County Medical Care Facility. The primary revenue sources are charges for medical services and property taxes.

The *tax foreclosure fund* accounts for various fees and costs related to the new delinquent tax reversion process.

The *combined revolving tax fund* accounts for the County's annual purchase of delinquent real property taxes from each of the local taxing units within the County, and the ultimate collection from the property owners of the delinquent taxes with penalty and interest. The

Notes to the Financial Statements

fund also accounts for the County's issuance of debt (to provide cash flow for the purchase of the taxes) and for the resulting debt service payments.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the workers compensation, health insurance, and retirement services provided to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital projects funds account for the accumulation and disbursement of resources for the construction of governmental fund capital projects.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity, including tax collections. Agency funds, which only report a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, use the accrual basis of accounting.

The *permanent fund* accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the County's cemetery.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

All short-term investments that are highly liquid and have an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Statutory Authority

- a. Bonds, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the 2 highest classifications established by not less than 2 standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the investments company act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through December 31, 1997.

The County's investment policy allows for all of these types of investments.

Receivables and Payables

All receivables and payables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of the Health Department are accounted for utilizing the consumption method and are valued at cost using the first-in / first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments are assets that have been set aside for future purposes in the Medical Care Facility and the delinquent tax revolving fund, as well as the general fund's MMRMA deposits.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the donation date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Capital assets of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings	5-30
Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5-10
Improvements	5-30
Infrastructure	8-50

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category, which are the differences between expected and actual experience, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and the difference in assumption for the County's defined benefit pension plan. The amount is amortized in the plan year in which it applies.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, from receivables collected beyond 60 days after the end of the County's year-end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In addition, deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements for property taxes levied during the year that were intended to finance future periods. Also, another item is future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

Property Taxes

Property taxes (excluding those for the general fund, which are subject to a different timeline) are levied and attach as an enforceable lien on property December 1. Property taxes unpaid as of February 28 are considered to be delinquent. Although the County's 2019 ad valorem tax (excluding the portion for general operations) is levied and collectible on December 1, 2019, it is the County's policy to recognize revenues from the December 1 tax levy in the subsequent year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made available for the financing for the financing

Notes to the Financial Statements

of the County's operations. Therefore, the entire amount of the December 1, 2019 levy is reported

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

as deferred inflows of resources at year-end.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

Eligible employees are permitted to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick time benefits, subject to certain limitations, according to personnel contracts. All vested benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

Notes to the Financial Statements

It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of the resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a resolution of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of a board resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. By resolution of the Board of Commissioners, the Board may also assign fund balances as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. In addition, by resolution of the Board of Commissioners, authority to assign fund balance has been designated to the Chief Financial Officer or his/her designee subject to the approval of the Tuscola County Commission. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The purpose of the fund balance policy for the general fund is to establish a level of reserve within the general fund to preserve fiscal stability. The level of fund balance prescribed within this policy is designed to ensure adequate cash flow for operations and adequate reserves for contingency and emergency purposes. The authority to establish fund balance levels is with the Tuscola County

Notes to the Financial Statements

Board of Commissioners. The Board of Commissioners and Controller/Administrator shall be responsible for the implementation of this policy. The general fund shall maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of approximately 10% of the most current Board approved general fund budget.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The County follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Annual budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a
 management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds.
 Annual informational budget summaries are prepared for enterprise funds and internal
 service funds.
- The County Controller is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts from one category to another within an activity and between activities within the same fund in an amount up to \$5,000 for all expenditures. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or total activity within the general fund must be approved by the Board of Commissioners. The activity level in the general fund and functional level within special revenue funds is the legal level of control. The Appropriations Act details the budget at the line item level.
- Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are prepared on a modified accrual basis.
- Budget appropriations lapse at year-end.
- The original budget was amended during the year in compliance with local and state laws. The budget to actual expenditures in the financial statements represent the final budgeted expenditures as amended by the County. Supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The County had the following expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated during the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Final		Actual		Variance	
Voted Medical Care Facility						
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	1,495	\$	(1,495)
Voted MSU						
Transfers out		-		1,182		(1,182)

Net Position/Fund Balance Deficit

The County had an unrestricted net position deficit of \$(7,081,878) within governmental activities. The County also had one governmental fund, Voted MSU, with a deficit fund balance of \$(53,112) as of December 31, 2019.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of deposit and investments balances (including both pooled cash and investments) as of December 31, 2019:

	Primary Government	Component Units	Total
Statement of Net Position			
Cash and investments	\$ 23,175,391	\$ 10,359,995	\$ 33,535,386
Restricted cash	24,293	-	24,293
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities			
Cash and investments - agency funds	1,621,310		1,621,310
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 24,820,994	\$ 10,359,995	\$ 35,180,989
Less Units Separately Audited			
Health Department (09/30/2019)	(2,293,501)	-	(2,293,501)
Medical Care Facility	(3,433,838)	-	(3,433,838)
Road Commission		(3,544,480)	(3,544,480)
Deposits and Investments Managed by the County	\$ 19,093,655	\$ 6,815,515	\$ 25,909,170
	Cash on hand		\$ 8,720
		vinas aggunts	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Checking and savings accounts		19,163,089
	Investments Total Deposits a	ind Investments	6,737,361 \$ 25,909,170
	i otat Deposits a	ina mvesiments	φ 43,303,170

Notes to the Financial Statements

The County chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of year-end, the County had the following investments:

			Less Than 1		
Investment Type	Market Value	No Maturity	Year	1 - 5 Years	(S&P)
Michigan Class accounts	\$ 2,249,457	\$ 2,249,457	\$ -	\$ -	AAAm
Negotiable certificates of deposit	936,306	-	936,306	-	N/A
Money market	1,548	1,548	-	-	N/A
Commercial paper	772,717	-	772,717	-	A1
Commercial paper	151,257	-	151,257	-	A1+
CD's held in County's name	2,626,076		2,425,990	200,086	N/A
Total Investments	\$ 6,737,361	\$ 2,251,005	\$ 4,286,270	\$ 200,086	

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the summary of significant accounting policies. The County's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity dates for each investment are identified above for investments held at year-end.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments in the summary of significant accounting policies. The County's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. Credit risk ratings, where applicable, have been identified above for the County's investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the County does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end \$20,584,518 of the combined bank balance of \$22,334,518 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the County does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. However, while uninsured and unregistered, the County's funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the funds are held in the counterparty's trust department in the County's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments in the summary of significant accounting policies. The County's investment policy does not have specific limits in

Notes to the Financial Statements

excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. More than 14% of the County's investments are in commercial paper. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

Fair Value Measurement. The County is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, and others.

Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the County's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing and investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Michigan Class is considered a local government investment pool of "qualified" investments. Michigan Class is not regulated nor is it registered with the SEC. Michigan Class reports the fair value of the County's investments at the same as the value of the pooled shares. Michigan Class investments are subject to the fair value measurement and are level 2.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			Total
Negotiable certificates of deposits	\$	936,306	\$	-	\$	-	\$	936,306
Commercial paper		923,974		-		-		923,974
Michigan CLASS		-		2,249,457		-		2,249,457
Other investments				-				
	\$	1,860,280	\$	2,249,457	\$	_		4,109,737
Investment accounts not subject to fair value disclosure requirements:								
	Money market accounts					1,548		
	Certificates of deposit					2,626,076		
				Ta	otal Inve	estments	\$	6,737,361

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary government

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 408,891	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 408,891
Construction in Progress	<u> </u>	84,752		84,752
Subtotal	408,891	84,752		493,643
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	7,697,701	-	-	7,697,701
Improvements	3,794,495	96,903	-	3,891,398
Equipment	3,677,181	123,017	-	3,800,198
Vehicles	1,709,884	42,319	-	1,752,203
Health Department	575,555	94,195		669,750
Subtotal	17,454,816_	356,434		17,811,250
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	5,220,451	185,211	-	5,405,662
Improvements	1,970,745	180,049	-	2,150,794
Equipment	2,193,774	206,382	-	2,400,156
Vehicles	1,101,133	135,778	-	1,236,911
Health Department	507,011	26,381		533,392
Subtotal	10,993,114	733,801		11,726,915
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	6,461,702	(377,367)		6,084,335
Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 6,870,593	\$ (292,615)	\$ -	\$ 6,577,978

Tuscola County

Notes to the Financial Statements

	Beginning			Ending
Business-type Activities	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 327,926	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 327,926
Construction in progress	3,750		3,750	
Subtotal	331,676		3,750	327,926
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	2,357,717	42,270	-	2,399,987
Buildings	14,215,512	185,050	6,292	14,394,270
Equipment	9,502,650	92,464	148,218	9,446,896
Subtotal	26,075,879	319,784	154,510	26,241,153
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	981,040	141,238	-	1,122,278
Buildings	6,345,000	499,589	6,292	6,838,297
Equipment	5,234,984	551,103	148,218	5,637,869
Subtotal	12,561,024	1,191,930	154,510	13,598,444
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	13,514,855	(872,146)		12,642,709
Business-type Capital Assets	\$ 13,846,531	\$ (872,146)	\$ 3,750	\$ 12,970,635

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Judicial	\$ 5,785
General Government	318,661
Public Safety	307,538
Health and Welfare	 101,817
Total	\$ 733,801
Business-type Activities	
Medical Care Facility	\$ 1,191,930

Discretely presented component units

Drain Commission. Capital asset activity for the drain commission for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
Component Unit - Drain Commission	Balance	Additions		Additions Reductions		Balance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Infrastructure	\$ 21,980,971	\$		\$	-	\$ 21,980,971
Less Accumulated Depreciation			_			
Infrastructure	5,680,487		439,619			6,120,106
Total Drain Commission Capital Assets	\$ 16,300,484	\$	(439,619)	\$		\$ 15,860,865

Notes to the Financial Statements

Depreciation expense of \$439,619 was charged to the public works function during the year for

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

the drain commission component unit.

Interfund balances (including advances) resulted primarily from the time lag between the dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. At December 31, 2019, due to/due from other funds consisted of the following:

	Ι	Due from		Due to Other	
	Ot	her Funds	Funds		
General fund	\$	\$ 312,950		40,871	
Road patrol		-		5,584	
Nonmajor governmental funds		90,529		200,047	
Tax foreclosure fund		-		139,524	
Internal service funds				17,453	
	\$	\$ 403,479		403,479	

At December 31, 2019, advances to/advances from other funds consisted of the following:

	Re	Receivable		Payable
General fund	\$	\$ 57,028		-
Nonmajor governmental funds		_		57,028
	\$	57,028	\$	57,028

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; 2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2019, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In						
		Nonmaj					
		Health	governmental				
Transfers Out	General fund	department	funds	Total			
General fund	\$ -	\$ 321,750	\$ 1,960,737	\$ 2,282,487			
Road patrol	64,423	-	-	64,423			
Health department	-	-	177,341	177,341			
Nonmajor governmental funds	443,907	-	52,173	496,080			
Tax foreclosure fund	108,862	-	-	108,862			
Combined revolving tax fund	854,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	854,000			
	\$ 1,471,192	\$ 321,750	\$ 2,190,251	\$ 3,983,193			

NOTE 6 - LEASE REVENUE

During 2008, the County entered into a lease with the State of Michigan leasing building space to the State to be used by the Department of Human Services. The lease expires on October 31, 2028. In 1999, the County entered into a lease with the State of Michigan leasing a building to the Department of State Police. This lease was extended in 2015 and expires December 31, 2020. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County received lease revenue in the amount of \$332,491. The future minimum lease payments for the remainder of the lease are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31	Revenue				
2020	\$	332,491			
2021		332,491			
2022		332,491			
2023		338,099			
2024		366,142			
2025 - 2028		1,464,568			
Total	\$	3,166,282			

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Primary Government

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds:						
Pension - Tuscola County Series 2016	\$ 6,445,000	\$ -	\$ (275,000)	\$ 6,170,000	\$ 300,000	
Bond Discount - Pension	(1,858)	-	114	(1,744)		
Pension - Health Department Series 2017	2,275,000	-	(100,000)	2,175,000	100,000	
Bond Discount - Pension	(16,846)	-	766	(16,080)		
Capital Improvement Series 2011	735,000	-	(40,000)	695,000	45,000	
Bond Discount - Capital Improvement	(9,454)	-	746	(8,708)		
Mayville Storm Sewer	920,000	-	(33,000)	887,000	34,000	
Richville Water System	70,000	-	(70,000)	-	-	
Caro Sewer System	3,947,114	-	(370,000)	3,577,114	375,000	
USDA Loans:						
Denmark Sewer System	1,834,000	-	(250,791)	1,583,209	37,000	
Wisner Water System	2,825,000	-	(80,000)	2,745,000	85,000	
Capital Leases:						
Phone System	49,624	-	(21,159)	28,465	21,159	
Skid Steer Loader	23,512	-	(23,512)	-	-	
Compensated Absences	404,682	207,828	(189,736)	422,774	152,522	
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 19,500,774	\$ 207,828	\$ (1,451,572)	\$ 18,257,030	\$ 1,149,681	
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
Business-type Activities	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance	One Year	
Medical Care - Small House	\$ 3,905,000	\$ -	\$ (190,000)	\$ 3,715,000	\$ 195,000	
Compensated Absences	433,366	1,182,966	(1,177,935)	438,397	189,776	
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 4,338,366	\$ 1,182,966	\$ (1,367,935)	\$ 4,153,397	\$ 384,776	

The County issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and to prefund pension obligations. General obligation bonds and loans are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds are generally issued as 5 to 40-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. The debt service requirements for the Mayville Sewer, Richville Water, Caro Sewer bonds and Denmark Sewer and Wisneren Water loans are funded by various local government contributions. The amount in governmental activities includes an equipment lease. General obligation bonds, loans, and equipment leases currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities	2.5 - 14.8%	\$ 17,834,256
Business-type activities	7.2 - 8.7%	3,715,000

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and notes are as follows:

Year Ended	Gov	ernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities						
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total				
2020	\$ 976,000	\$ 562,617	\$ 1,538,617	\$ 195,000	\$ 122,224	\$ 317,224				
2021	1,000,000	528,546	1,528,546	200,000	115,808	315,808				
2022	1,034,000	502,305	1,536,305	210,000	109,228	319,228				
2023	1,067,000	474,970	1,541,970	3,110,000	102,319	3,212,319				
2024 - 2028	5,903,114	1,924,558	7,827,672	-	-	-				
2029 - 2033	4,452,000	1,109,586	5,561,586	-	-	-				
2034 - 2038	1,738,000	397,193	2,135,193	-	-	-				
2039 - 2043	864,000	206,994	1,070,994	-	-	-				
2044 - 2048	433,209	67,370	500,579	-	-	-				
2048 - 2050	365,000	26,263	391,263							
Total	\$ 17,832,323	\$ 5,800,403	\$ 23,632,726	\$ 3,715,000	\$ 449,579	\$ 4,164,579				

Component Unit

Long-term activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within			
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance	One Year			
General Obligation Bonds:								
Moore Drain	\$ 990,000	\$ - \$ (135,00		\$ 855,000	\$ 130,000			
Bach and Branches Drain	450,000	-	(150,000)	300,000	150,000			
Armbruster Intercounty Drain	94,541	-	(15,757)	78,784	15,757			
Pigeon River Intercounty Drain	129,750	-	(14,417)	115,333	14,417			
Fulton Street Drain	625,000	-	(45,000)	580,000	50,000			
Indian Creek Intercounty Drain	359,550	-	(26,010)	333,540	26,010			
Yax North Drain	465,000	-	(30,000)	435,000	30,000			
Loans Payable:								
Akron Drain	275,000	-	(88,000)	187,000	9,000			
Nutt Branch of Akron Drain	50,000	-	(10,000)	40,000	10,000			
Hover Drain	75,000	-	(25,000)	50,000	25,000			
Squaw Creek Drain	141,000		(47,000)	94,000	47,000			
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 3,654,841	\$ -	\$ (586,184)	\$ 3,068,657	\$ 507,184			

General obligation drain improvement bonds and notes are issued by the County to finance certain drainage district construction projects. These bonds and notes are direct obligations, and pledge the full faith and credit of the County and the respective drainage districts. The bonds are generally issued as 10 to 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. Long-term debt of the Drain Commissioner will be repaid through special assessments.

Notes to the Financial Statements

General obligation bonds and notes currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amount			
Governmental activities	3.00 - 6.50%	\$ 3,068,657			

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and loans payable are as follows:

Year Ended	Year Ended Gen			General Obligation Bonds						Loans Payable						Total	
December 31,	Prir	Principal Interest Total Principal Interest Total		Principal		d Interest Total Principal Interest Total		Interest		F	rincipal	I	nterest	Total			
2020	\$ 4	116,184	\$	74,122	\$	490,306	\$	91,000	\$	8,961	\$	99,961	\$	507,184	\$	83,084	\$ 611,500
2021	4	116,184		60,721		476,905		91,000		7,313		98,313		507,184		68,034	596,518
2022	2	256,184		50,396		306,580		19,000		5,670		24,670		275,184		56,066	581,348
2023	2	256,184		43,036		299,219		19,000		5,100		24,100		275,184		48,136	337,260
2024	2	256,185		35,448		291,633		9,000		24,950		33,950		265,185		60,398	329,209
2025 - 2029	8	316,002		88,683		904,685		45,000		18,600		63,600		861,002		107,283	1,170,641
2030 - 2034	2	280,735		11,806		292,541		44,000		11,940		55,940		324,735		23,746	494,500
2035 - 2039		-		-		-		45,000		5,250		50,250		45,000		5,250	50,250
2040 - 2044		-		-		-		8,000		240		8,240		8,000		240	 8,240
Total	\$ 2,6	597,657	\$	364,213	\$	3,061,870	\$	371,000	\$	88,024	\$	459,024	\$	3,068,657	\$	452,237	\$ 4,179,465

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS

General County Plan

Plan Description. The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided. Pension benefits vary by division/bargaining unit and are calculated as final average compensation (based on a 5 year period) and multipliers ranging from 2.0% to 2.5%. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement options including 25 years of service and out and ages 50 to 55 with 15 to 25 years of service, depending on division/bargaining unit. Member contributions range from 4.70% to 6.70%. The MERS plan is closed to all new hires.

Employees Covered By Benefit Terms. As of the most recent valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total membership	321
Active employees	124
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	64
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	133

Notes to the Financial Statements

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. Employer contributions are a flat amount, ranging from \$0 to \$7,853, depending on bargaining unit.

Net Pension Liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.75% in the long-term

Investment rate of return 7.75% net of investment expenses, including inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3% - 4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2009-2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target Allocation Gross Rate of	Long-term Expected Gross Rate of	Inflation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return	Return	Assumption	Return
Global equity	55.50%	8.65%	4.80%	2.50%	3.42%
Global fixed income	18.50%	3.76%	0.70%	2.50%	0.23%
Real assets	13.50%	9.72%	1.31%	2.50%	0.97%
Diversifying strategies	12.50%	7.50%	0.94%	2.50%	0.63%
	100.00%		7.75%		5.25%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability. The components of the change in the net pension liability (excluding the Health Department, a separately audited major governmental fund) are summarized as follows:

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 36,239,206	\$ 32,135,222	\$ 4,103,984	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	616,397	-	616,397	
Interest	2,839,889	-	2,839,889	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(79,664)	-	(79,664)	
Employer contributions	-	410,464	(410,464)	
Employee contributions	-	362,247	(362,247)	
Net investment income	-	4,326,240	(4,326,240)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(2,097,593)	(2,097,593)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(74,522)	74,522	
Other changes	(271,364)		(271,364)	
Net changes	1,007,665	2,926,836	(1,919,171)	
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 37,246,871	\$ 35,062,058	\$ 2,184,813	

Notes to the Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1% higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,018,649. At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (excluding the Health Department, a separately audited major governmental fund):

Source	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	In	eferred flows of sources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	95,381	\$	-
Difference between expected and actual experience Difference in assumptions		67,079 331,781		169,700 -
Total	\$	494,241	\$	169,700

The amount reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	A	Amount
2020	\$	181,957
2021		72,304
2022		432,559
2023		(362,279)
Total	\$	324,541

Separately Audited Units' Defined Benefit Pension Plans

As of December 31, 2019, governmental activities net pension liability and related deferrals include the Health Department, a separately audited major governmental fund. Business-type activities net pension liability and related deferrals include the Medical Care Facility, a separately audited major enterprise fund. Information regarding both the Health Department and Medical Care Facility can be located in their respective audited reports, as indicated earlier in the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Aggregate Defined Benefit Pension Plan Information

A reconciliation of pension items as shown in the basic financial statements is as follows:

	- 1	et Pension Liability	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources	Pension Expense
Governmental Activities							
General County	\$	2,184,813	\$	494,241	\$	169,700	\$ 1,018,649
Health Department		1,885,180		941,063			 502,991
Total		4,069,993		1,435,304		169,700	1,521,640
Business-type Activities							
Medical Care Facility		1,264,146		450,046		381,947	 226,578
Total		1,264,146		450,046		381,947	226,578
Grand Total	\$	5,334,139	\$	1,885,350	\$	551,647	\$ 1,748,218

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

General Liability

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the County carried commercial insurance to cover these risks of loss, unless otherwise disclosed. The County has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceed their commercial coverage in the past three years.

The County is insured with private carriers for employee health care, life insurance, and disability coverage, The County is a member of the Municipal Risk Management Authority (MMRMA) for its property and general liability insurance coverage.

The County makes quarterly contributions to MMRMA based on actuarial studies using historical data and insurance industry statistics. Such contributions as received by MMRMA are allocated between its general and member retention funds.

Economic resources in the MMRMA's general fund are expended for reinsurance coverage, claim payments, and certain general and administrative costs, whereas resources in the member retention fund are used for loss payments and defense costs up to the members' self-insured retention limits along with certain other member-specific costs.

Accordingly, the county records a restricted asset for its portion of the unexpected member retention fund. At December 31, 2019, the balance of the County's member retention fund was \$103,386.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Charges in the estimated claims liability are as follows:

	2019		2018	
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-
Claims incurred		72,499		32,467
Claims paid		(72,499)		(32,467)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	-	\$	-

Workers' Compensation Benefits

The County has established a workers' compensation benefits Self-Insurance Plan which is accounted for in an internal service fund. The primary government, including the Health Department and Medical Care Facility as separate units, participates in the Self-Insurance Plan. The Plan is administered under contractual agreement with Citizens Management, Inc. as third-party administrator.

Under the re-insurance agreement provided by Citizens Management, Inc., the County is responsible for claims for expenses up to an agreed-upon ceiling, but is insured against further loss by a third-party "stop-loss" policy. In order to provide for the re-insurance, the County pays a separate premium. The stop-loss coverage is currently \$250,000 per occurrence.

The workers' compensation insurance fund is responsible for collecting interfund premiums from the participating funds and departments and for paying claim settlements, administrative fees, and "stop-loss" re-insurance premiums.

Interfund premiums are recognized as expenditures in the contributing funds and interfund revenue is recognized in the workers' compensation insurance fund as earned.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include a provision for claims that have been incurred by not reported (IBNR). Claims liabilities are estimated based on actual claims filed subsequent to year-end. There are no outstanding claims at year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Changes in the balance of claim liabilities during the current year and the prior year are as follows:

	2019		2018	
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	_	\$	-
Incurred claims (including IBNR)		192		1,200
Claims paid		(192)		(1,200)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	-	\$	-

Employee Health Benefits

The County has established an employee health benefits Self-Insurance Plan which is accounted for in an Internal Service Fund. The Medical Care Facility and the Road Commission have obtained health insurance through third party agents separate from the rest of the County. The County Plan is administered under contractual agreement with Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Michigan (BCBSM) as third-party administrator.

Under the co-insurance agreement provided by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Michigan, the County is responsible for claims for major medical expenses up to an agreed-upon ceiling, but is insured against further loss by BCBSM. In order to provide for the co-insurance, the County pays a "stop-loss" premium.

Certain benefits (e.g., dental and vision) are not covered by the co-insurance policy. The stop-loss coverage is currently \$20,000 per occurrence. The co-insurance agreements are renegotiated annually with Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Michigan.

The Health Insurance Fund is responsible for collecting interfund premiums from the participating funds and departments and for paying claim settlements, administrative fees, and "stop-loss" coinsurance premiums.

Interfund premiums are treated as quasi-external transactions, meaning that interfund premiums are recognized as expenditures in the contributing funds and interfund revenue is recognized in the Health Insurance Fund as earned. Retirees also make contributions to the Health Insurance Fund, as do former employees under COBRA.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include a provision for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claims liabilities are estimated based on actual claims filed subsequent to year-end. The provision for IBNR is based upon historical trends.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Changes in the balance of claim liabilities during the current year and the prior year are as follows:

	2019		 2018
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	121,434	\$ 121,599
Incurred claims (including IBNR)		2,935,547	2,443,389
Claims paid		(2,792,463)	(2,443,554)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	264,518	\$ 121,434

NOTE 10 - PROPERTY TAXES

The County property tax general operating levy is levied each July 1st and the special assessment levies are levied on December 1st through 2019 on the taxable valuation of property located in the County as of the preceding December 31. On July 1 or December 1, the property tax attachment is an enforceable lien on property and is payable by the last day of the next September or February, respectively.

Although the County's 2019 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible by December 1, 2019, it is the County's policy for all governmental fund types (with the exception below) to recognize revenues from the current tax levy in the year when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and made available for financing County operations.

The taxable value of real and personal property for the December 1, 2018 levy totaled \$1,786,725,302. The taxable value of real and personal property for the July 1, 2019, levy totaled \$1,850,606,384.

The tax levy for fiscal year 2019 operations was based on the following rates:

General Operating	3.9141 mills
Road Patrol	1.3300 mills
Senior Citizens	0.3200 mills
Mosquito	0.6316 mills
Recycling	0.1500 mills
Veterans	0.1700 mills
Medical Care Community	0.2500 mills
Voted MSU	0.1000 mills
Voted Bridge	0.4807 mills
Voted Roads	0.9657 mills

By agreement with various taxing authorities, the County purchases at face value the real property taxes receivable returned delinquent each March 1. Subsequent collections on delinquent taxes receivable, plus interest and collection fees thereon and investment earnings, are used to service the tax notes. This activity is accounted for in the enterprise fund (combined revolving tax fund).

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 11 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Industrial property tax abatements are granted in the State of Michigan under Public Act 198 of 1974, as amended, to promote economic development, creation of jobs, and new or improvement facilities. The industrial facilities tax (IFT) exemption must be approved by both the local unit (after a public hearing is held) and the State of Michigan. IFT exemptions can cover real and/or personal property. By State law, the exemption must be applied for no later than six months after commencement of the project, and must be accompanied by a written agreement between the taxpayer and the local unit. An exemption allows for taxation on IFT property at 50% of the local property tax millage rate for a period of 1 to 12 years. Accordingly, such agreements meet the criteria of "tax abatements" under GASB Statement No. 77. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County's property taxes were reduced by \$35,744 under this program.

Renaissance zones tax abatements are granted in the State of Michigan under Public Act 376 of 1996, as amended, to encourage new job creation and investment in commercial or industrial property in areas formerly included in geographic based renaissance zones. The property must be located in an existing geographic renaissance zone and are proposing to undertake a project at the property, which involves private investments and creates jobs. The exemption can cover rea and/or personal property tax; as well as income taxes. The exemption must be approved by both the local unit (after a public hearing is held) and the State of Michigan. The real and personal property taxes are abated for a period of up to 15 years. The abatement is 100% of the above taxes, with a three year phase in of taxes in 25% increments for the final three years of a zone designation. As the eligible property is exempt from taxes, the full amount of taxes that would have been paid is the amount of the abatement. Local income taxes are abated in the same manner. Property owners are still required to pay the taxes necessary for local school district bond obligations. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County's property taxes were reduced by \$62,313 under this program.

Obsolete property rehabilitation tax abatements are granted in the State of Michigan under Public Act 146 of 2000, as amended, to encourage investment in the significant renovation and/or rehabilitation of obsolete buildings for commercial use. The obsolete property rehabilitation tax exemption covers real property tax and the property must be functionally obsolete as determined by the County assessor as defined in the legislation. The project must be for a project that will have a commercial or commercial housing use. The exemption must be approved by both the local unit (after a public hearing is held) and the State of Michigan. The taxable value of the qualifying property is set ("frozen") at the taxable value assigned in the year immediately preceding the effective date of the exemption certificate. New taxable value in excess of the frozen taxable value is exempted from certain millages on real property for a period of 1-12 years. The amount of the abatement is equal to the exempted mills applied to the amount of the taxable value created by investment in the project. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County's property taxes were reduced by \$380 under this program.

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of various Federal and State grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. However, County management does not believe such disallowances, if any, will be material to the financial position of the County.

NOTE 13 - LEASES

Operating Lease as Lessor

The Health Department has entered into an operating lease since 1997 with the County for office space. The lease provides for monthly payments to the County to cover operational expenditures of the building. The total rental expense under this operating lease for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$85,675. Lease payments are determined annually by Tuscola County.

Operating Lease as Lessee

The County has four operating lease agreements for postage meters with total monthly payments of \$602, one operating lease agreement for printers with a monthly payment of \$1,143, one operating lease for a phone system with a monthly payment of \$1,763, and one building lease agreement with a monthly payment of \$500.

The total future payments due under all of these leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ended,	P	rincipal
2020	\$	28,306
2021		8,996
Total	\$	37,302

Capital Lease as Lessee

The County leased a phone system and a Bobcat skid steer under an agreement classified as a capital lease. The cost and accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2019 related to such equipment is as follows:

Machinery and Equipment	\$ 143,707
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(46,826)
Total	\$ 96,881

Notes to the Financial Statements

The present value of future minimum lease payments under capital leases as of December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Year Ending		
	December 31	A	mount
	2020	\$	21,159
	2021		7,306
Total Minimum Lease Payments		\$	28,465
Less: amount representing interest			-
Present Value of Minimum Lease Paymo	ents	\$	28,465

NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The County reports fund balance in governmental funds based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

Following is the composition of governmental fund's fund balance:

	Ge	neral Fund	Ro	ad Patrol	De	Health partment (2/30/2019)	Sewer es 2007	Gov	Other vernmental Funds		Total
Nons pe ndable											
Advances to Funds	\$	57,028	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	57,028
Advance to Drains		510,000		-		-	-		-		510,000
Prepaid Items		77,408		-		9,968	-		-		87,376
Inventory				-		55,991	 -				55,991
Total Nonspendable		644,436		_		65,959	 -		-		710,395
Restricted											
Judicial		-		-		-	-		254,775		254,775
General Government		-		-		-	-		313,858		313,858
Public Safety		-		1,179,887		-	-		1,609,609		2,789,496
Public Works		-		-		-	-		1,354,612		1,354,612
Health and Welfare		-		-		1,592,058	-		1,836,919		3,428,977
Debt Service		-		-		-	-		5,676		5,676
Capital Improvements		-		-		-	 -		3,363,559		3,363,559
Total Restricted		-		1,179,887		1,592,058	 -		8,739,008	_	11,510,953
Committed											
Health and Welfare		5,000		-		351,814	-		-		356,814
Assigned											
Health and Welfare		-		-		307,108	-		-		307,108
Reserve for Subsequent											
Year's Expenditures		1,410,000		-		-	-		-		1,410,000
Total Assigned		1,410,000		-		307,108	-		-		1,717,108
Unassigned		1,142,881					 -		(53,112)		1,089,769
Total Fund Balance	\$	3,202,317	\$	1,179,887	\$	2,316,939	\$ -	\$	8,685,896	\$	15,385,039

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 15 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No.84, Fiduciary Activities Effective for periods beginning after 12/15/2019 (FY 2020)

This standard establishes new criteria for determining how to report fiduciary activities in governmental financial statements. The focus is on whether the government is controlling the assets, and who the beneficiaries are. Under this revised standard, certain activities previously reported in agency funds may be reclassified in future periods. Due to the number of specific factors to consider, we will continue to assess the degree to which this standard may impact the County.

GASB Statement No.87, Leases Effective for periods beginning after 6/15/2021 (FY 2022)

This standard establishes a single model for reporting all leases (including those previously classified as operating and capital). Lessees will now report offsetting intangible lease assets and lease liabilities equal to the present value of future lease payments. Lessors will report offsetting lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources.

NOTE 16 - POTENTIAL LIABILITY

The County has a potential issue with compliance with Federal tax rules regarding labor contract language allowing certain employee contributions to the Municipal Employee's Retirement System (MERS) Health Care Saving Program in past years. There is a possibility that if a future Federal tax audit were to occur, it could potentially result in a tax liability for the County. The County, together with their labor attorney, are currently working on contract language amendments to ensure compliance with Federal tax rules.

NOTE 17 - PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

In prior years, the County miscalculated deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The subsequent correction increased deferred outflows of resources by \$2,251,080, decreased deferred inflows of resources by \$2,251,080, and increased net pension by \$4,502,160.

Following is a summary of the restatement:

	30 (Climite little
	Activities
Net Position - December 31, 2018, as previously reported	\$ 5,516,688
Correction of deferred outflows of resources	2,251,080
Correction of deferred inflows of resources	2,251,080
Net Position - December 1, 2018, as restated	\$ 10,018,848

Governmental

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County may be affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. COVID-19 has caused significant government and business disruptions through mandated and voluntary closings and stay at home orders. Management is in the process of determining if this outbreak will have a significant financial impact on the County's financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Dudgete	d Ame	t a			Positive (Negative)
	_	Budgete Original	a Amo	Final		Actual	(Negative) Final to Actual
Revenues	_	Original		Tinai		Actual	That to Actual
Taxes	\$	7,318,800	\$	7,318,800	\$	7,326,695	\$ 7,895
Licenses and permits	T	301,700	*	571,800	•	571,568	 (232)
Intergovernmental		1,978,944		2,007,930		1,815,736	(192,194)
Charges for services		1,931,888		1,987,623		1,882,797	(104,826)
Fines and forfeits		84,820		85,220		76,624	(8,596)
Interest and rents		436,294		436,294		429,927	(6,367)
Other		374,307		400,707		300,592	(100,115)
Total Revenues		12,426,753		12,808,374		12,403,939	(404,435)
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in		1,320,218		1,471,192		1,471,192	
Total Revenues and Other	'	_		_		_	
Financing Sources		13,746,971		14,279,566		13,875,131	 (404,435)
Expenditures							
Legislative		149,129		208,668		191,628	17,040
Judicial		2,263,378		2,265,700		2,167,335	98,365
General Government							
Elections		82,442		82,442		22,919	59,523
Accounting Services		47,740		47,740		46,195	1,545
Legal Counsel		125,000		245,010		243,555	1,455
Clerk		466,343		473,643		473,561	82
Controller		439,237		439,887		394,282	45,605
Equalization		230,005		230,005		223,818	6,187
City of Card Assessment		7,498		7,498		6,021	1,477
Prosecutor		791,402		810,037		797,468	12,569
Register of Deeds		296,255		304,605		304,384	221
Treasurer		355,898		355,898		347,851	8,047
Computer Operations		644,618		653,924		650,685	3,239
Building and Grounds		796,946		800,596		793,828	6,768
DHHS Building Maintenance		58,854		60,154		46,215	13,939
Drain Commission		225,323		225,323		216,171	9,152
Total General Government		4,567,561		4,736,762		4,566,953	169,809

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	d Am	ounts			Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	Final to Actual
Expenditures							
Public Safety							
Courthouse Security	\$	139,675	\$	139,675	\$	139,586	\$ 89
Sheriff		2,344,272		2,369,872		2,289,157	80,715
County Weighmaster		83,477		84,127		84,082	45
Marine Safety		12,537		14,137		12,401	1,736
Secondary Road Patrol		82,243		82,243		80,565	1,678
Thumb Area Narcotics Group		14,173		14,173		11,053	3,120
Community Corrections		68,023		69,123		69,086	37
Planning Commission		4,000		5,500		5,303	197
Emergency Services		102,578		102,578		100,141	2,437
Total Public Safety		2,850,978		2,881,428		2,791,374	90,054
Public Works							
Building Codes		325,000		570,100		570,078	22
Board of Public Works		1,000		1,200		1,152	48
Drains at Large		425,483		425,484		425,483	1
Total Public Works		751,483		996,784		996,713	71
Health and Welfare							
Substance Abuse		50,928		50,928		50,786	142
Medical Examiner		111,038		111,038		97,869	13,169
DHHS Board		8,600		8,600		8,300	300
Behavioral Health		288,243		288,243		288,243	
Total Health and Welfare		458,809		458,809		445,198	13,611
Other		467,736		464,764		225,936	238,828
Debt Service		21,159		21,159		21,159	
Total Expenditures		11,530,233		12,034,074		11,406,296	627,778
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out		2,216,738		2,282,529		2,282,487	42
Total Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses		13,746,971		14,316,603		13,688,783	627,820
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and							
Other Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Uses				(37,037)		186,348	223,385
Net Change in Fund Balance				(37,037)		186,348	223,385
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		3,015,969		3,015,969		3,015,969	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	3,015,969	\$	2,978,932	\$	3,202,317	\$ 223,385

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Road Patrol For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				Positive (Negative)
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal to Actual
Revenues	_						-	
Taxes	\$	2,384,220	\$	2,384,220	\$	2,378,645	\$	(5,575)
Intergovernmental		4,400		37,400		33,650		(3,750)
Charges for services		3,000		3,000		2,400		(600)
Interest and rents		6,000		6,000		13,392		7,392
Reimbursements and refunds		6,500		6,500		5,117		(1,383)
Other		100		100		429		329
Total Revenues		2,404,220		2,437,220		2,433,633		(3,587)
Expenditures								
Public safety		2,441,155		2,465,670		2,069,286		396,384
Total Expenditures		2,441,155		2,465,670		2,069,286		396,384
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers out		64,423		64,423		64,423		
Total Expenditures and Other					•			
Financing Uses		2,505,578		2,530,093		2,133,709		396,384
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures and Other Uses		(101,358)		(92,873)		299,924		392,797
Net Change in Fund Balance		(101,358)		(92,873)	-	299,924		392,797
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		879,963		879,963		879,963		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	778,605	\$	787,090	\$	1,179,887	\$	392,797

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Health Department (September 30, 2019) For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	d Am	ounta			Positive (Negative)
	_	Original	u Am	Final	Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues	_		_			_	
Licenses and permits	\$	138,212	\$	163,351	\$ 177,377	\$	14,026
Intergovernmental		2,262,479		2,757,157	3,249,491		492,334
Charges for services		395,451		528,465	557,260		28,795
Other		1,223		2,852	2,963		111
Total Revenues		2,797,365		3,451,825	3,987,091		535,266
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in		321,750		321,750	321,750		
Total Revenues and Other					 		
Financing Sources		3,119,115		3,773,575	 4,308,841		535,266
Expenditures							
Health and welfare		3,020,138		3,705,366	3,559,160		146,206
Total Expenditures		3,020,138		3,705,366	3,559,160		146,206
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out		177,346		177,341	177,341		
Total Expenditures and Other					 		
Financing Uses		3,197,484		3,882,707	3,736,501		146,206
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and		_		_	 _		
Other Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Uses		(78,369)		(109,132)	 572,340		681,472
Net Change in Fund Balance		(78,369)		(109,132)	 572,340		681,472
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		1,744,599		1,744,599	1,744,599		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	1,666,230	\$	1,635,467	\$ 2,316,939	\$	681,472

Tuscola County
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Last Five Plan Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability	 		 		
Service cost	\$ 616,397	\$ 623,037	\$ 644,951	\$ 663,158	\$ 640,091
Interest	2,839,889	2,760,220	2,658,106	2,521,804	2,359,153
Difference between expected and actual experience	(79,664)	(219,902)	159,878	15,636	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	1,658,902	-
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(2,097,593)	(2,095,285)	(2,014,650)	(1,985,077)	(1,887,760)
Other	 (271,364)	(67,737)	(120,584)	(191,533)	3,552
Net Change in Pension Liability	1,007,665	1,000,333	1,327,701	2,682,890	1,115,036
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 36,239,206	35,238,873	 33,911,172	 31,228,282	30,113,246
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 37,246,871	\$ 36,239,206	\$ 35,238,873	\$ 33,911,172	\$ 31,228,282
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 410,464	\$ 367,047	\$ 359,904	\$ 7,412,953	\$ 810,207
Contributions - member	362,247	316,346	340,891	339,727	340,531
Net investment income (loss)	4,326,240	(1,336,847)	4,201,461	3,271,744	(359,078)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(2,097,593)	(2,095,285)	(2,014,650)	(1,985,077)	(1,887,760)
Administrative expense	(74,522)	(67,064)	(66,597)	(62,743)	(52,822)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,926,836	(2,815,803)	2,821,009	8,976,604	(1,148,922)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	32,135,222	 34,951,025	 32,130,016	 23,153,412	24,302,334
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 35,062,058	\$ 32,135,222	\$ 34,951,025	\$ 32,130,016	\$ 23,153,412
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,184,813	\$ 4,103,984	\$ 287,848	\$ 1,781,156	\$ 8,074,870
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	94%	89%	99%	95%	74%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,870,215	\$ 5,950,007	\$ 6,087,878	\$ 6,477,636	\$ 6,216,270
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	37%	69%	5%	27%	130%

^{*} Built prospectively upon implementation on GASB 68

Tuscola County Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Last Five Calendar Years

	 2019 2018 2017				2017	2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$ 367,047 410,464 43,417	\$	359,904 367,047 7,143	\$	359,904 359,904	\$ 512,953 7,412,953 6,900,000	\$ 810,207 810,207
Covered Payroll	5,870,215		5,950,007		6,087,878	6,477,636	6,216,270
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7%		6%		6%	114%	13%

Notes

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the contributions are required.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%
Retirement Age	Varies depending on plan adoption
Mortality	50% Male - 50% Female blend of the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table

Combining a	and Individual l	Fund Stateme	ents and Schedule	es

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:

<u>CDBG Housing Grant</u> (250) The revenue source for this fund is a State Housing Grant. The Human Development Commission is contracted by Tuscola County to administer the grant, which provides improvements to homes in the County.

<u>Principal Residence Exemption</u> (251) This fund is used to account for the collection of taxes and interest due from principal residential exemption (homestead) denials.

<u>State Survey Grant</u> (252) State grant funds are received every year and a small appropriation from the General Fund to cover administrative cost makes up the revenue sources for this fund. The revenues are used to replace section corners within the County to improve the process of surveying. Expenditures must meet grant requirements to qualify for reimbursement.

<u>Victim of Crime Act Grant</u> (255) This grant is established to provide services to victims for various reasons. The revenue source is a state grant reimbursement for qualified expenditures.

<u>Register of Deed Automation</u> (256) This fund is used to account for funds set aside under provisions of Public Act 698 of 2002 (MCL 600.2568). The fund was created for upgrading technology in the Register of Deeds' Office.

<u>HDC STOP Grant</u> (257) The County has a vendor relation on this grant with HDC. The goal of the grant is to strengthen local criminal justice system responses to deal with the problems of violent crimes against women.

<u>GIS</u> (geographic information system) (258) Tuscola County implemented this valuable technology in 2014. These funds will be primarily be used to expedite the digital parcel map creation.

<u>Indigent Defense Fund</u> (260) This fund was created to account for the operations of the indigent defense office.

<u>Homeland Security (261)</u> Tuscola County is part of the 3rd District Regional Homeland Security. A core mission of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) is to enhance the ability of State, local, and tribal governments to prepare, prevent, respond to, and recover from terrorist attacks and other disasters. The Homeland Security Grant Program (HSGP) is a primary funding mechanism for building and sustaining national preparedness capabilities.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS: (continued)

<u>CPL (Concealed Pistol Licensing)</u> (263) Effective June 2, 2012 PA3 of 2012 requires the establishment of a Concealed Pistol Licensing fund for the deposit of fees collected for the county clerk under this Act.

<u>Local Corrections Officer Training</u> (265) The revenue source for this fund is established from Public Act 134 of 2003 as amended in new section MCL 801.4b. This new source of revenue will allow training programs for local correctional officers.

<u>Forfeiture Sheriff/Prosecutor</u> (266) The monies are forfeited from the confiscation of property, cars, and monies that were determined to be used in a criminal act involving drugs. The forfeited monies will be used to fight the war against drugs in Tuscola County.

<u>Law Library</u> (269) The revenue source for this fund is the established penal fine amount of \$6,500. Appropriations from the General Fund also create a revenue source. The Law Books or online access to Westlaw will be located in one central location.

<u>Voted MSU</u> (279) A millage passed by the voters of Tuscola County that provides the revenue source for this fund. This fund provides services for the local MSU extension programs such as 4-H programs.

<u>Michigan Justice Training</u> (285) This fund was established to provide training to sworn officers only. The revenue is generated by fees collected by the courts and by the State of Michigan. Agencies are mandated to provide training from the General Fund each year.

<u>Child Care DHS</u> (288) The revenue sources for this fund are State reimbursements, Department of Human Services client payments, and an appropriation from the County's General Fund. The dollars are spent to pay foster care cost for neglected or abused children. The reimbursements to Foster Care Parents are for payments of medical expenses, clothing and other extraordinary items.

<u>Probate Child Care</u> (292) The Child Care Fund provides services to families of youth involved in the Courts. The revenue sources are State reimbursements, charges for services, and also a County General Fund appropriation.

Soldiers Relief (293) The fund was established to provide services to indigent veterans who may not qualify for Veterans Trust Fund monies. The revenue source for this fund is an appropriation from the Voted Veterans Fund

<u>Voted Veterans</u> (295) A millage passed by the voters of Tuscola County that provides the revenue source for this fund. This fund provides services for the Veterans of Tuscola County.

<u>Voted Bridge</u> (296) A millage passed by the voters of the County that provides the revenue source for this fund. This fund provides resources for repair and maintenance of bridges within the County.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS: (continued)

<u>Voted Senior Citizens</u> (297) A millage passed by the voters of Tuscola County that provides the revenue source for this fund. This fund provides services for the senior citizens of Tuscola County. Examples of some services are flu shots and home delivered and congregated meals.

<u>Voted Medical Care Facility</u> (298) A millage passed by the voters of the County that provides the revenue source for this fund. This fund provides resources for the County's medical care facility to ensure that services are maintained at a consistent level.

<u>County Parks and Recreation</u> (208) This fund is used to account for the activities to maintain and improve the operations of Vanderbilt Park. The revenue sources of this fund are fees collected for the use of facility and the appropriation from the General Fund.

<u>Arbela Township Police Contract</u> (213) The revenue source for this fund is generated from the reimbursement from Arbela Township for services provided by the Tuscola County Sheriff Department for a specific number of hours and for the support in enforcing township ordinances.

<u>Voted Primary Road</u> (214) A millage passed by the voters of the County that provides the revenue source for this fund. This fund provides resources for repair and maintenance of primary roads within the County.

<u>Friend of the Court, Act 294</u> (215) This fund was established to provide a separate accounting for the expenditures related to the operations of the Friend of the Court. The revenue sources for this fund are generated by federal and state grants. The County has established a base appropriation to this fund to comply with criteria established to receive maximum reimbursements from the federal and state levels. Fees and Charges established through the court systems also make up revenue used to operate the Friend of the Court at an efficient level.

<u>Family Counseling</u> (216) Marriage license fees collected by the County are proportioned into this fund and represent the only revenue source. Expenditures are ordered by the Judge of the Circuit Court, to provide counseling to families at his discretion.

<u>Dispatch/911</u> (218) This fund is established to provide emergency 9-1-1 dispatch services to all law enforcement, fire and emergency medical services. The revenue sources are generated from the surcharges on landlines and wireless telephone customers.

<u>Vassar Township Police Contract</u> (225) The revenue for this fund is provided by reimbursement of Vassar Township for services provided by the Tuscola County Sheriff Department in the support of enforcing township ordinances.

<u>Recycling</u> (230) This fund was established by a grant provided by the State. The revenue source was then established to be an appropriation from the General Fund. Current revenues also include income from the sale of material.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS: (continued)

<u>Millington Township Police Contract</u> (232) The revenue for this fund is provided by reimbursement of Millington Township for services provided by the Tuscola County Sheriff Department in the support of enforcing township ordinances.

Mental Health Court (233) The revenue for this fund is financed by a grant from the State Court Administrative Office (SCAO). Mental health court is modeled after the drug court and was developed in response to the overrepresentation of people with mental illnesses in the criminal justice system.

<u>Victim Services</u> (236) The revenue source for this fund is generated by a State Grant reimbursement. The fund provides services to individuals who are victims of crimes.

<u>Animal Shelter</u> (239) The revenue source for this fund is licenses and State Grants. The fund provides animal shelter services within the County.

<u>Mosquito Control Fund</u> (240) A millage passed by the voters of the County that provides the revenue source for this fund. This fund provides resources for Mosquito control within the County.

Regional DWI Court Grant (224) The Regional DWI Court fund finances the Thumb Regional Sobriety Court (TRSC), which is financed by a grant from the State Court Administrative Office (SCAO). The Thumb Regional Sobriety Court is part of a SCAO initiative to extend sobriety treatment programs to rural areas of the state by forming regional programs on a multi-county basis. TRSC provides services to defendants in Tuscola, Huron and Sanilac counties who are convicted of a qualifying drunk driving offense and who are admitted to the program.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS:

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and costs.

Pension Obligation Bond Debt (352)
Health Department Pension Obligation Bond Debt (353)
Purdy Building Debt (374)
Mayville Storm Sewer Debt (379)
Richville Water System Debt (380)
Denmark Township Sewer Debt (385)
Wisner Township Water Distribution System Debt (387)

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS:

Capital project funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources, often through the issuance of long-term debt, for the purposes of constructing capital assets.

Building Authority

State Police Capital Expenditures (470)

Other

Capital Improvements Fund (483) Jail Capital Improvements Fund (488) Equipment/Technology (244)

	Special Revenue													
		CDBG Housing Grant		Principal Residence Exemption		State Survey Grant Fund		tim of Crime Act Grant	Register of Deeds Automation		HDC Stop Grant			GIS
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	102,995	\$	36,592	\$		\$		\$	98,870	\$		\$	151,302
Taxes receivable														
Due from other governments						39,897		7,751				1,119		
Accounts receivable										220				5,119
Due from other funds						73								
Contracts receivable						<u></u>								
Total Assets	\$	102,995	\$	36,592	\$	39,970	\$	7,751	\$	99,090	\$	1,119	\$	156,421
LIABILITIES	-													
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	1,200	\$	53	\$	4,084	\$		\$	36
Accrued liabilities								2,543						2,240
Due to other governmental units														
Due to other funds						38,770		3,366				1,119		
Advances from other funds				<u></u>		<u></u>				<u></u>				
Total Liabilities						39,970		5,962		4,084		1,119		2,276
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_						_		_		_		_
Unavailable revenue - contracts														
Taxes levied for a subsequent period				<u></u>										
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources						39,970		5,962		4,084		1,119		2,276
FUND BALANCE		_						_		_		_		_
Restricted		102,995		36,592				1,789		95,006				154,145
Unassigned				<u></u>		<u></u>		<u></u>		<u></u>				<u></u>
Total Fund Balance		102,995		36,592				1,789		95,006				154,145
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	102,995	\$	36,592	\$	39,970	\$	7,751	\$	99,090	\$	1,119	\$	156,421

	Indigent Defense Fund		Homeland Security		CPL	Local Correction Officer Training		orfeiture Sheriff / Prosecutor	Law L	ibrary	Voted MSU		
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	38,275	\$		\$	106,244	\$	16,226	\$ 81,348	\$	23,937	\$	
Taxes receivable													181,050
Due from other governments		6,285		20,248									
Accounts receivable						88		1,587					
Due from other funds		35,732											
Contracts receivable				<u></u>					 				<u></u>
Total Assets	\$	80,292	\$	20,248	\$	106,332	\$	17,813	\$ 81,348	\$	23,937	\$	181,050
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	74,997	\$	2,210	\$		\$	392	\$ 	\$		\$	20
Accrued liabilities		5,295							2,083				
Due to other governmental units													
Due to other funds				17,931		128							12,874
Advances from other funds				<u></u>					 				40,218
Total Liabilities		80,292		20,141		128		392	 2,083				53,112
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable revenue - contracts													
Taxes levied for a subsequent period									 				181,050
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		80,292		20,141		128		392	2,083				234,162
FUND BALANCE		_		_		_			 				_
Restricted				107		106,204		17,421	79,265		23,937		
Unassigned				<u></u>					 				(53,112)
Total Fund Balance				107		106,204		17,421	79,265		23,937		(53,112)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	80,292	\$	20,248	\$	106,332	\$	17,813	\$ 81,348	\$	23,937	\$	181,050

Special	Revenue
DUCCIAL	Nevenue

		igan Justice 'raining	Ch	nild Care DHS	P	robate Child Care	So	ldiers Relief	Vo	ted Veterans		oted Bridge	oted Senior Citizens
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	7,520	\$	247,962	\$	215,867	\$	80,338	\$	182,498	\$	1,045,581	\$ 122,925
Taxes receivable										314,924		890,571	546,628
Due from other governments						165,880							
Accounts receivable				23		7,297							
Due from other funds				16,452									
Contracts receivable													 <u></u>
Total Assets	\$	7,520	\$	264,437	\$	389,044	\$	80,338	\$	497,422	\$	1,936,152	\$ 669,553
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$		\$	1,338	\$	35,772	\$		\$	77,019	\$		\$ 7,482
Accrued liabilities						10,997							108
Due to other governmental units						133,157							
Due to other funds						30,335							200
Advances from other funds													
Total Liabilities				1,338		210,261				77,019	-		7,790
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											-		
Unavailable revenue - contracts													
Taxes levied for a subsequent period										314,924		890,571	546,628
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources				1,338		210,261				391,943	-	890,571	554,418
FUND BALANCE	-												
Restricted		7,520		263,099		178,783		80,338		105,479		1,045,581	115,135
Unassigned													
Total Fund Balance		7,520		263,099		178,783		80,338		105,479		1,045,581	115,135
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	7,520	\$	264,437	\$	389,044	\$	80,338	\$	497,422	\$	1,936,152	\$ 669,553

	Special Revenue												
		ed Medical re Facility		unty Parks & Recreation	Arbela Twp Police Svc		Voted Primary Road		Friend of the Court	Family Counselin		D	rispatch/911
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	706,157	\$	31,843	\$	\$	176,987	\$	40,575	\$	54,072	\$	967,471
Taxes receivable		357					1,723,053						
Due from other governments					440								
Accounts receivable					8,285				153,507		30		326,980
Due from other funds													
Contracts receivable							<u></u>						
Total Assets	\$	706,514	\$	31,843	\$ 8,725	\$	1,900,040	\$	194,082	\$	64,102	\$	1,294,451
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$		\$	308	\$	\$		\$	390	\$	438	\$	1,792
Accrued liabilities					2,692				26,390				44,729
Due to other governmental units													
Due to other funds					6,033				128				189
Advances from other funds													
Total Liabilities				308	8,725				26,908		438		46,710
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							_						
Unavailable revenue - contracts													
Taxes levied for a subsequent period		357		<u></u>			1,723,053		<u></u>				<u></u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		357		308	8,725		1,723,053		26,908		438		46,710
FUND BALANCE		_		_			_		_			<u> </u>	_
Restricted		706,157		31,535			176,987		167,174	(53,664		1,247,741
Unassigned				<u></u>			<u></u>		<u></u>				<u></u>
Total Fund Balance		706,157		31,535			176,987		167,174		53,664		1,247,741
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	706,514	\$	31,843	\$ 8,725	\$	1,900,040	\$	194,082	\$	64,102	\$	1,294,451

	Special Revenue													
	Vassar Twp Police Svc		Recycling		Millington Twp Police		Mental Health Court		Victim Services	_A	nimal Shelter	Мо	squito Control Fund	
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$		\$	163,292	\$		\$		\$		\$	16,168	\$	511,782
Taxes receivable				267,553										1,170,219
Due from other governments		8,889				1,681		388		27,419				
Accounts receivable				71		23,830		10,724				1,210		
Due from other funds		6,129										1,481		
Contracts receivable						<u></u>								
Total Assets	\$	15,018	\$	430,916	\$	25,511	\$	11,112	\$	27,419	\$	18,859	\$	1,682,001
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	238	\$	4,825	\$		\$	1,232	\$	352	\$	9,285	\$	144,911
Accrued liabilities		2,259		9,684		6,071				2,555		7,214		9,841
Due to other governmental units														
Due to other funds		6,390				19,440		9,880		24,400		878		637
Advances from other funds				16,810										
Total Liabilities		8,887		31,319		25,511		11,112		27,307		17,377		155,389
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenue - contracts														
Taxes levied for a subsequent period				267,553										1,170,219
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,887		298,872		25,511		11,112		27,307		17,377		1,325,608
FUND BALANCE														
Restricted		6,131		132,044						112		1,482		356,393
Unassigned														
Total Fund Balance		6,131		132,044						112		1,482		356,393
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	15,018	\$	430,916	\$	25,511	\$	11,112	\$	27,419	\$	18,859	\$	1,682,001

	Specia	al Revenue	Debt Service											
	_	onal DWI rt Grant		Pension gation Bond	Dep P	Health partment ension ation Bond	Pur	dy Building		Iayville Storm Sewer Debt		lle Water em Debt		mark Twp wer Debt
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	32,521	\$		\$	440	\$	1,603	\$		\$		\$	
Taxes receivable														
Due from other governments														
Accounts receivable		47,051												
Due from other funds				30,662										
Contracts receivable										901,783				1,601,751
Total Assets	\$	79,572	\$	30,662	\$	440	\$	1,603	\$	901,783	\$		\$	1,601,751
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	9,155	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Accrued liabilities		3,460												
Due to other governmental units														
Due to other funds				27,052										
Advances from other funds														
Total Liabilities		12,615		27,052										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenue - contracts										901,783				1,601,751
Taxes levied for a subsequent period														
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,615		27,052						901,783				1,601,751
FUND BALANCE	·	_			·									·
Restricted		66,957		3,610		440		1,603						
Unassigned										<u></u>				
Total Fund Balance		66,957		3,610		440		1,603						
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	79,572	\$	30,662	\$	440	\$	1,603	\$	901,783	\$		\$	1,601,751

	De	bt Service										
	Wisner Twp Water Dist Sys			tate Police Building	-		Jail Capital Improvements		Equipment/Tech nology Fund			al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS	Φ.	22	Φ	122 752	Ф	1 000 511	Φ	000.050	Φ	246 220	Φ	0.640.057
Cash and investments	\$	23	\$	132,753	\$	1,902,511	\$	988,059	\$	346,220	\$	8,640,957
Taxes receivable												5,094,355
Due from other governments												279,997
Accounts receivable												586,022
Due from other funds												90,529
Contracts receivable		2,770,163										5,273,697
Total Assets	\$	2,770,186	\$	132,753	\$	1,902,511	\$	988,059	\$	346,220	\$	19,965,557
LIABILITIES		_				_		_		_		_
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$	5,687	\$		\$	383,216
Accrued liabilities												138,161
Due to other governmental units												133,157
Due to other funds										297		200,047
Advances from other funds												57,028
Total Liabilities			-					5,687		297		911,609
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•											
Unavailable revenue - contracts		2,770,163										5,273,697
Taxes levied for a subsequent period												5,094,355
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	•	2,770,163						5,687		297		11,279,661
FUND BALANCE												
Restricted		23		132,753		1,902,511		982,372		345,923		8,739,008
Unassigned												(53,112)
Total Fund Balance		23		132,753		1,902,511		982,372		345,923		8,685,896
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	2,770,186	\$	132,753	\$	1,902,511	\$	988,059	\$	346,220	\$	19,965,557

Special Revenue

				Special Kevenue			
	CDBG Housing Grant	Principal Residence Exemption	State Survey Grant Fund	Victim of Crime Act Grant	Register of Deeds Automation	HDC Stop Grant	GIS
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Licenses and permits							
Intergovernmental	42,211	42,391	66,495	81,820		35,641	
Charges for services					51,110		47,327
Fines and forfeits							
Interest and rents		335			882		998
Reimbursements and refunds							
Other							
Total Revenues	42,211	42,726	66,495	81,820	51,992	35,641	48,325
Expenditures							
Legislative							
Judicial							
General government	9,322	64,965	66,568		58,566		
Public safety				81,820		35,641	82,250
Public works							
Health and welfare							
Culture and recreation							
Capital outlay							
Debt service - principal							
Debt service - interest							
Total Expenditures	9,322	64,965	66,568	81,820	58,566	35,641	82,250
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	32,889	(22,239)	(73)		(6,574)		(33,925)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in			73				60,000
Transfers out		(12,890)					
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,890)	73				60,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	32,889	(35,129)			(6,574)		26,075
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	70,106	71,721		1,789	101,580		128,070
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 102,995	\$ 36,592	\$	\$ 1,789	\$ 95,006	\$	\$ 154,145
v							

	Indigent Defense Fund	Homeland Security	CPL	Local Correction Officer Training	Forfeiture Sheriff / Prosecutor	Law Library	Voted MSU
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 178,753
Licenses and permits			31,022				
Intergovernmental	674,245	59,379					
Charges for services				10,753			
Fines and forfeits					750	6,500	
Interest and rents	1,239						243
Reimbursements and refunds							
Other							
Total Revenues	675,484	59,379	31,022	10,753	750	6,500	178,996
Expenditures							
Legislative							
Judicial							
General government	959,160				55,472		
Public safety		59,529	14,391	14,765			153,889
Public works							
Health and welfare							
Culture and recreation							
Capital outlay							
Debt service - principal							
Debt service - interest							
Total Expenditures	959,160	59,529	14,391	14,765	55,472		153,889
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(283,676)	(150)	16,631	(4,012)	(54,722)	6,500	25,107
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	283,676						
Transfers out							(1,182)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	283,676						(1,182)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(150)	16,631	(4,012)	(54,722)	6,500	23,925
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		257	89,573	21,433	133,987	17,437	(77,037)
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	\$ 107	\$ 106,204	\$ 17,421	\$ 79,265	\$ 23,937	\$ (53,112)

	Michigan Justice Training	_Child Care DHS_	Probate Child Care	Soldiers Relief	Voted Veterans	Voted Bridge	Voted Senior Citizens
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 303,767	\$ 859,309	\$ 572,245
Licenses and permits							
Intergovernmental	4,215	37,022	355,274				
Charges for services		8,976					
Fines and forfeits							
Interest and rents					2,002	15,483	1,741
Reimbursements and refunds							
Other			2,667				
Total Revenues	4,215	45,998	357,941		305,769	874,792	573,986
Expenditures							
Legislative							
Judicial							
General government							
Public safety	3,940						
Public works						798,333	
Health and welfare		85,434	879,461	12,356	291,783		541,669
Culture and recreation							
Capital outlay							
Debt service - principal							
Debt service - interest							
Total Expenditures	3,940	85,434	879,461	12,356	291,783	798,333	541,669
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	275	(39,436)	(521,520)	(12,356)	13,986	76,459	32,317
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		162,500	500,000	40,000			
Transfers out					(46,747)		(4,943)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		162,500	500,000	40,000	(46,747)		(4,943)
Net Change in Fund Balance	275	123,064	(21,520)	27,644	(32,761)	76,459	27,374
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	7,245	140,035	200,303	52,694	138,240	969,122	87,761
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 7,520	\$ 263,099	\$ 178,783	\$ 80,338	\$ 105,479	\$ 1,045,581	\$ 115,135

	Voted Medical Care Facility	County Parks & Recreation	Arbela Twp Police Svc	Voted Primary Road	Friend of the Court	Family Counseling	Dispatch/911
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 446,846	\$	\$	\$ 1,726,502	\$	\$	\$
Licenses and permits						4,380	
Intergovernmental					686,871		16,674
Charges for services		24,353	80,003		58,208		1,074,091
Fines and forfeits							
Interest and rents	9,038			8,611	572		12,892
Reimbursements and refunds					56	3,811	2,400
Other		877					6,053
Total Revenues	455,884	25,230	80,003	1,735,113	745,707	8,191	1,112,110
Expenditures							
Legislative							
Judicial					872,662	2,233	
General government							
Public safety			80,003				945,843
Public works				1,566,697			
Health and welfare	784,382						
Culture and recreation		27,964					
Capital outlay							
Debt service - principal							
Debt service - interest							
Total Expenditures	784,382	27,964	80,003	1,566,697	872,662	2,233	945,843
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	(328,498)	(2,734)		168,416	(126,955)	5,958	166,267
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		15,000			295,143		
Transfers out	(1,495)				(210,896)		(88,756)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,495)	15,000			84,247		(88,756)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(329,993)	12,266		168,416	(42,708)	5,958	77,511
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	1,036,150	19,269		8,571	209,882	57,706	1,170,230
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 706,157	\$ 31,535	\$	\$ 176,987	\$ 167,174	\$ 63,664	\$ 1,247,741

	Vassar Twp Police Svc	Recycling	Millington Twp Police	Mental Health Court	Victim Services	Animal Shelter	Mosquito Control Fund
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	\$ 268,045	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,129,132
Licenses and permits						127,843	
Intergovernmental	86,558	12,529	176,990	42,806	99,572		
Charges for services		48,817				19,366	
Fines and forfeits							
Interest and rents		3,789				99	5,128
Reimbursements and refunds						9,609	
Other		8,113				6,359	
Total Revenues	86,558	341,293	176,990	42,806	99,572	163,276	1,134,260
Expenditures							
Legislative							
Judicial				42,806			
General government							
Public safety	80,427		176,990		99,572	277,205	
Public works		367,511					
Health and welfare							827,185
Culture and recreation							
Capital outlay							
Debt service - principal		23,512					
Debt service - interest		998					
Total Expenditures	80,427	392,021	176,990	42,806	99,572	277,205	827,185
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	6,131	(50,728)				(113,929)	307,075
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in						84,500	
Transfers out		(39,908)					(71,873)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(39,908)				84,500	(71,873)
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,131	(90,636)				(29,429)	235,202
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		222,680			112	30,911	121,191
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 6,131	\$ 132,044	\$	\$	\$ 112	\$ 1,482	\$ 356,393

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue						
	Regional DWI Court Grant	Pension Obligation Bond	Health Department Pension Obligation Bond	Purdy Building	Mayville Storm Sewer Debt	Richville Water System Debt	Denmark Twp Sewer Debt
Revenues	¢	¢	¢	¢	Φ	¢	¢
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Licenses and permits	169 620				70,000	70.612	226 444
Intergovernmental	168,630				79,000	70,613	326,444
Charges for services	21,031						
Fines and forfeits							
Interest and rents		217	947	54		613	
Reimbursements and refunds							
Other		493,510					
Total Revenues	189,661	493,727	947	54	79,000	71,226	326,444
Expenditures							
Legislative							
Judicial							
General government							
Public safety	178,083						
Public works							
Health and welfare							
Culture and recreation							
Capital outlay							
Debt service - principal		275,000	100,000	40,000	33,000	70,000	250,791
Debt service - interest		215,201	77,925	31,268	46,000	1,226	75,653
Total Expenditures	178,083	490,201	177,925	71,268	79,000	71,226	326,444
Excess of Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures	11,578	3,526	(176,978)	(71,214)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in			177,341	72,018			
Transfers out							
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)			177,341	72,018			
Net Change in Fund Balance	11,578	3,526	363	804			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	55,379	84	77	799			
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 66,957	\$ 3,610	\$ 440	\$ 1,603	\$	\$	\$

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Debt Service					
	Wisner Twp Water Dist Sys	State Police Building	Capital Improvements	Jail Capital Improvements	Equipment/Techn ology Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,484,599
Licenses and permits						163,245
Intergovernmental	156,588					3,321,968
Charges for services						1,444,035
Fines and forfeits						7,250
Interest and rents	23	20,044	13,507	18,964		117,421
Reimbursements and refunds					4,924	20,800
Other	<u></u>					517,579
Total Revenues	156,611	20,044	13,507	18,964	4,924	11,076,897
Expenditures						
Legislative			12,376	8,687		21,063
Judicial						917,701
General government					279,211	1,493,264
Public safety		24,247				2,308,595
Public works						2,732,541
Health and welfare						3,422,270
Culture and recreation						27,964
Capital outlay			96,903		155,931	252,834
Debt service - principal	80,000					872,303
Debt service - interest	76,588					524,859
Total Expenditures	156,588	24,247	109,279	8,687	435,142	12,573,394
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	23	(4,203)	(95,772)	10,277	(430,218)	(1,496,497)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					<u> </u>	
Transfers in			250,000		250,000	2,190,251
Transfers out					(17,390)	(496,080)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)			250,000		232,610	1,694,171
Net Change in Fund Balance	23	(4,203)	154,228	10,277	(197,608)	197,674
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		136,956	1,748,283	972,095	543,531	8,488,222
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 23	\$ 132,753	\$ 1,902,511	\$ 982,372	\$ 345,923	\$ 8,685,896

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual CDBG Housing Grant For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	ounts				Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal to Actual
Revenues	 					-	
Intergovernmental	\$ 81,000	\$	81,000	\$	42,211	\$	(38,789)
Total Revenues	81,000		81,000		42,211		(38,789)
Expenditures							
General government	81,000		81,000		9,322		71,678
Total Expenditures	81,000		81,000	•	9,322		71,678
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures					32,889		32,889
Net Change in Fund Balance	 				32,889		32,889
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	70,106		70,106		70,106		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 70,106	\$	70,106	\$	102,995	\$	32,889

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Principal Residence Exemption For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	unts				Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final		Actual	F	inal to Actual
Revenues	 	-					
Intergovernmental	\$ 187,700	\$	43,700	\$	42,391	\$	(1,309)
Interest and rents	500		500		335		(165)
Total Revenues	188,200		44,200		42,726		(1,474)
Expenditures							
General government	206,000		70,000		64,965		5,035
Total Expenditures	206,000		70,000	`	64,965		5,035
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out	12,890		12,890		12,890		
Total Expenditures and Other	 			•			
Financing Uses	218,890		82,890		77,855		5,035
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 			•			
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(30,690)		(38,690)		(35,129)		3,561
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (30,690)		(38,690)		(35,129)		3,561
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	71,721		71,721		71,721		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 41,031	\$	33,031	\$	36,592	\$	3,561

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual State Survey Grant Fund For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	unts		Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original	<u> </u>	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	66,590	\$	66,495	\$ 66,495	\$
Total Revenues	-	66,590		66,495	66,495	
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in				115	73	(42)
Total Revenues and Other						
Financing Sources		66,590		66,610	 66,568	 (42)
Expenditures						
General government		66,590		66,610	66,568	42
Total Expenditures		66,590		66,610	66,568	42
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and						
Other Sources Over Expenditures					 	
Net Change in Fund Balance						
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period					 	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$		\$		\$ 	\$

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Victim of Crime Act Grant For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal to Actual
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 87,344	\$	97,280	\$ 81,820	\$	(15,460)
Total Revenues	87,344		97,280	81,820		(15,460)
Expenditures						
Public safety	88,394		88,394	81,820		6,574
Total Expenditures	88,394		88,394	81,820		6,574
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(1,050)		8,886			(8,886)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,050)		8,886			(8,886)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	1,789		1,789	1,789		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 739	\$	10,675	\$ 1,789	\$	(8,886)

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Register of Deeds Automation For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		Final	 Actual	-	Final to Actual
Revenues		_				-	
Charges for services	\$	54,000	\$	54,000	\$ 51,110	\$	(2,890)
Interest and rents		450		450	 882		432
Total Revenues		54,450		54,450	 51,992		(2,458)
Expenditures							
General government		53,450		100,450	 58,566		41,884
Total Expenditures		53,450		100,450	58,566		41,884
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		1,000		(46,000)	(6,574)		39,426
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,000		(46,000)	(6,574)		39,426
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		101,580		101,580	101,580		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	102,580	\$	55,580	\$ 95,006	\$	39,426

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual HDC Stop Grant For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	31,634	\$	35,641	\$ 35,641	\$
Total Revenues		31,634		35,641	35,641	
Expenditures						
Public safety		31,634		35,641	35,641	
Total Expenditures		31,634		35,641	35,641	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures					 	
Net Change in Fund Balance						
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period					 	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$		\$		\$ 	\$

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual GIS

For	the ve	ar Ended	l December	31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts				Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		Final		Actual]	Final to Actual
Revenues							_	
Charges for services	\$	47,000	\$	47,300	\$	47,327	\$	27
Interest and rents		500		1,026		998		(28)
Total Revenues		47,500		48,326	•	48,325		(1)
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		30,000		60,000		60,000		
Total Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources		77,500		108,326		108,325		(1)
Expenditures								
Public safety		83,319		83,319		82,250		1,069
Total Expenditures		83,319		83,319		82,250		1,069
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Other Sources Over Expenditures		(5,819)		25,007		26,075		1,068
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,819)		25,007		26,075		1,068
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		128,070		128,070		128,070		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	122,251	\$	153,077	\$	154,145	\$	1,068

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Indigent Defense Fund For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		D 1 4	1.4				Variance Positive
		Budgete	a Amo				(Negative)
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	745,017	\$	745,017	\$	674,245	\$ (70,772)
Interest and rents		200		200		1,239	1,039
Reimbursements and refunds		1,000		1,000			(1,000)
Total Revenues		746,217		746,217	•	675,484	(70,733)
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in		248,000		283,676		283,676	
Total Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources		994,217		1,029,893		959,160	 (70,733)
Expenditures							
General government		971,847		980,934		959,160	21,774
Total Expenditures		971,847		980,934	•	959,160	21,774
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and					`		
Other Sources Over Expenditures		22,370		48,959			(48,959)
Net Change in Fund Balance		22,370		48,959			(48,959)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period							
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	22,370	\$	48,959	\$		\$ (48,959)

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Homeland Security For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Do Josés	J A	4				Variance Positive
	 Budgete	a Amo	Final		Actual		(Negative) Final to Actual
.	 Original	-	<u>rillal</u>		Actual	_	Filial to Actual
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	59,379	\$	(621)
Total Revenues	60,000		60,000		59,379		(621)
Expenditures							
Public safety	60,000		60,000		59,529		471
Total Expenditures	60,000		60,000		59,529		471
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures					(150)		(150)
Net Change in Fund Balance				•	(150)		(150)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	257		257		257		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 257	\$	257	\$	107	\$	(150)

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual CPL

For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Budgete	ed Amo	unts			Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final		Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$ 34,200	\$	34,200	\$	31,022	\$ (3,178)
Total Revenues	34,200		34,200		31,022	(3,178)
Expenditures						
Public safety	31,360		31,360		14,391	16,969
Total Expenditures	 31,360		31,360	•	14,391	16,969
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				•		
Over Expenditures	2,840		2,840		16,631	13,791
Net Change in Fund Balance	 2,840		2,840		16,631	13,791
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	89,573		89,573		89,573	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 92,413	\$	92,413	\$	106,204	\$ 13,791

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Local Correction Officer Training For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Ama	ounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final	Actual	nal to Actual
Revenues	 				
Charges for services	\$ 11,000	\$	11,000	\$ 10,753	\$ (247)
Total Revenues	11,000		11,000	10,753	(247)
Expenditures					
Public safety	15,000		15,000	14,765	235
Total Expenditures	15,000		15,000	14,765	235
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(4,000)		(4,000)	(4,012)	(12)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,000)		(4,000)	(4,012)	(12)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	21,433		21,433	21,433	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 17,433	\$	17,433	\$ 17,421	\$ (12)

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Forfeiture Sheriff / Prosecutor For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	unts				Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final		Actual	F	inal to Actual
Revenues							
Fines and forfeits	\$ 	\$	1,000	\$	750	\$	(250)
Total Revenues			1,000		750		(250)
Expenditures							
General government	134,989		133,986		55,472		78,514
Total Expenditures	134,989		133,986	•	55,472		78,514
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(134,989)		(132,986)		(54,722)		78,264
Net Change in Fund Balance	(134,989)		(132,986)		(54,722)		78,264
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	133,987		133,987		133,987		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ (1,002)	\$	1,001	\$	79,265	\$	78,264

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Law Library For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts				Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		Final		Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues					_			
Fines and forfeits	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	
Total Revenues		6,500		6,500		6,500	_	
Expenditures								
Judicial		6,500		6,500				6,500
Total Expenditures		6,500		6,500				6,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures						6,500		6,500
Net Change in Fund Balance						6,500		6,500
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		17,437		17,437		17,437		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	17,437	\$	17,437	\$	23,937	\$	6,500

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Voted MSU For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues	_						
Taxes	\$	179,247	\$	179,247	\$	178,753	\$ (494)
Interest and rents		200		200		243	43
Total Revenues		179,447		179,447		178,996	(451)
Expenditures							
Public safety		179,447		179,547		153,889	25,658
Total Expenditures		179,447		179,547		153,889	 25,658
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out						1,182	(1,182)
Total Expenditures and Other					•		
Financing Uses		179,447		179,547		155,071	24,476
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							_
Over Expenditures and Other Uses				(100)		23,925	24,025
Net Change in Fund Balance				(100)		23,925	24,025
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		(77,037)		(77,037)		(77,037)	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	(77,037)	\$	(77,137)	\$	(53,112)	\$ 24,025

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Michigan Justice Training For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	od Ame	uinte				Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original	u Aiii	Final		Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues	 <u> </u>		_	_	_	•	
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,000	\$	4,215	\$	4,215	\$	
Total Revenues	4,000		4,215		4,215		
Expenditures							
Public safety	4,000		4,000		3,940		60
Total Expenditures	4,000		4,000		3,940		60
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			-				
Over Expenditures			215		275		60
Net Change in Fund Balance	 		215		275		60
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	7,245		7,245		7,245		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 7,245	\$	7,460	\$	7,520	\$	60

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Child Care DHS

For the year	Ended	December	31,	2019

	Budgete	d Ama	ounts				Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final		Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues	 						
Intergovernmental	\$ 235,000	\$	256,500	\$	37,022	\$	(219,478)
Charges for services	20,000		20,000		8,976		(11,024)
Reimbursements and refunds	1,000		1,000				(1,000)
Total Revenues	256,000		277,500		45,998		(231,502)
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	 162,500		162,500		162,500		<u></u>
Total Revenues and Other	 						
Financing Sources	418,500		440,000		208,498	_	(231,502)
Expenditures							
Health and welfare	480,000		523,000		85,434		437,566
Total Expenditures	 480,000		523,000	•	85,434		437,566
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and							
Other Sources Over Expenditures	 (61,500)		(83,000)		123,064		206,064
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (61,500)		(83,000)		123,064		206,064
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 140,035		140,035		140,035		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 78,535	\$	57,035	\$	263,099	\$	206,064

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Probate Child Care For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Dudanta	d Am	t a				Positive (Negative)
	_	Budgete Original	a Amo	Final		Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues	_	Original				1100001	•	Timur to rictuur
Intergovernmental	\$	493,900	\$	493,900	\$	355,274	\$	(138,626)
Other		5,000		5,000		2,667		(2,333)
Total Revenues		498,900		498,900		357,941		(140,959)
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		500,000		500,000		500,000		
Total Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources		998,900		998,900		857,941		(140,959)
Expenditures								
Health and welfare		1,029,309		1,020,016		879,461		140,555
Total Expenditures		1,029,309		1,020,016		879,461		140,555
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and			-					
Other Sources Over Expenditures		(30,409)		(21,116)		(21,520)		(404)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,409)		(21,116)	•	(21,520)		(404)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		200,303		200,303		200,303		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	169,894	\$	179,187	\$	178,783	\$	(404)

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Soldiers Relief For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	unts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final	 Actual		Final to Actual
Other Financing Sources					· <u> </u>	
Transfers in	\$ 40,000	\$	40,000	\$ 40,000	\$	
Total Revenues and Other						
Financing Sources	 40,000		40,000	40,000		
Expenditures						
Health and welfare	25,000		25,000	 12,356		12,644
Total Expenditures	 25,000		25,000	 12,356		12,644
Excess (Deficiency) of Other Sources						
Over Expenditures	 15,000		15,000	 27,644		12,644
Net Change in Fund Balance	 15,000		15,000	 27,644		12,644
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 52,694		52,694	 52,694		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 67,694	\$	67,694	\$ 80,338	\$	12,644

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Voted Veterans For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues					,		
Taxes	\$	304,718	\$	304,718	\$	303,767	\$ (951)
Interest and rents		2,000		2,000		2,002	2
Total Revenues		306,718		306,718		305,769	(949)
Expenditures							
Health and welfare		276,225		291,825		291,783	42
Total Expenditures		276,225		291,825		291,783	42
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out		46,747		46,747		46,747	
Total Expenditures and Other		_		_		_	
Financing Uses		322,972		338,572		338,530	42
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		_		_		_	
Over Expenditures and Other Uses		(16,254)		(31,854)		(32,761)	 (907)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(16,254)		(31,854)		(32,761)	 (907)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		138,240		138,240		138,240	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	121,986	\$	106,386	\$	105,479	\$ (907)

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Voted Bridge For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	ounts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final	Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues	 				_	
Taxes	\$ 861,637	\$	861,637	\$ 859,309	\$	(2,328)
Interest and rents	8,000		16,330	15,483		(847)
Total Revenues	869,637		877,967	 874,792		(3,175)
Expenditures						
Public works	1,165,735		1,165,735	798,333		367,402
Total Expenditures	1,165,735		1,165,735	798,333		367,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 					
Over Expenditures	(296,098)		(287,768)	76,459		364,227
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (296,098)		(287,768)	76,459		364,227
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	969,122		969,122	969,122		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 673,024	\$	681,354	\$ 1,045,581	\$	364,227

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Voted Senior Citizens For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Dudgete	J A			Variance Positive
	-	Budgete Original	a Amo	Final	Actual	(Negative) Final to Actual
Revenues		O'I'giiiiii			1100001	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Taxes	\$	573,656	\$	573,656	\$ 572,245	\$ (1,411)
Interest and rents		1,000		1,000	1,741	741
Total Revenues		574,656		574,656	573,986	(670)
Expenditures						
Health and welfare		547,083		562,599	541,669	20,930
Total Expenditures		547,083		562,599	541,669	20,930
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out		4,943		4,943	 4,943	
Total Expenditures and Other						
Financing Uses		552,026		567,542	546,612	20,930
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures and Other Uses		22,630		7,114	 27,374	 20,260
Net Change in Fund Balance		22,630		7,114	 27,374	 20,260
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		87,761		87,761	 87,761	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	110,391	\$	94,875	\$ 115,135	\$ 20,260

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Voted Medical Care Facility For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Pudgoto	d Amo	unta		Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Budgete Original	u Allio	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues	 <u> </u>				
Taxes	\$ 448,115	\$	448,115	\$ 446,846	\$ (1,269)
Interest and rents	6,000		8,000	9,038	1,038
Total Revenues	454,115		456,115	455,884	(231)
Expenditures					
Health and welfare	609,169		813,904	784,382	29,522
Total Expenditures	609,169		813,904	784,382	29,522
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers out	 			 1,495	 (1,495)
Total Expenditures and Other					
Financing Uses	609,169		813,904	785,877	 28,027
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	 (155,054)		(357,789)	 (329,993)	 27,796
Net Change in Fund Balance	(155,054)		(357,789)	(329,993)	27,796
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 1,036,150		1,036,150	 1,036,150	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 881,096	\$	678,361	\$ 706,157	\$ 27,796

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual County Parks & Recreation For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	d Ame	unte			Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original	u Amo	Final	Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues	_	Originar			 Tietuui		- I mai to rictuar
Charges for services	\$	14,500	\$	25,300	\$ 24,353	\$	(947)
Other	·				877	,	877
Total Revenues		14,500		25,300	25,230	_	(70)
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in		15,000		15,000	15,000		
Total Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources		29,500		40,300	 40,230		(70)
Expenditures							
Culture and recreation		48,931		53,931	27,964		25,967
Total Expenditures		48,931		53,931	27,964		25,967
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and							
Other Sources Over Expenditures		(19,431)		(13,631)	12,266		25,897
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,431)		(13,631)	 12,266	•	25,897
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		19,269		19,269	19,269		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	(162)	\$	5,638	\$ 31,535	\$	25,897

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Arbela Twp Police Svc For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Dudgete	d Ama					Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Budgete Original	a Amo	Final		Actual	E	inal to Actual
Revenues	 Original		<u> </u>	-	Actual		mar to Actuar
Charges for services	\$ 86,903	\$	86,903	\$	80,003	\$	(6,900)
Total Revenues	 86,903		86,903		80,003		(6,900)
Expenditures							
Public safety	86,903		86,903		80,003		6,900
Total Expenditures	 86,903		86,903	•	80,003		6,900
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				•			
Over Expenditures							
Net Change in Fund Balance							
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period							
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Voted Primary Road For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
		Original		Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues	_				 	
Taxes	\$	1,730,982	\$	1,730,982	\$ 1,726,502	\$ (4,480)
Interest and rents		6,000		6,000	 8,611	2,611
Total Revenues		1,736,982		1,736,982	 1,735,113	(1,869)
Expenditures						
Public works		1,750,581		1,654,481	1,566,697	87,784
Total Expenditures		1,750,581		1,654,481	1,566,697	87,784
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(13,599)		82,501	168,416	85,915
Net Change in Fund Balance		(13,599)		82,501	168,416	85,915
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		8,571		8,571	8,571	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	(5,028)	\$	91,072	\$ 176,987	\$ 85,915

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Friend of the Court For the year Ended December 31, 2019

							Positive
	 Budgete	d Amo	unts				(Negative)
	Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal to Actual
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 764,090	\$	764,090	\$	686,871	\$	(77,219)
Charges for services	72,130		72,130		58,208		(13,922)
Interest and rents	625		625		572		(53)
Reimbursements and refunds	 100		100		56		(44)
Total Revenues	 836,945		836,945		745,707		(91,238)
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	282,970		295,143		295,143		
Total Revenues and Other				•			
Financing Sources	 1,119,915		1,132,088		1,040,850		(91,238)
Expenditures							
Judicial	951,473		963,646		872,662		90,984
Total Expenditures	951,473		963,646		872,662		90,984
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out	210,896		210,896		210,896		
Total Expenditures and Other				•			
Financing Uses	1,162,369		1,174,542		1,083,558		90,984
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and				•			
Other Sources Over Expenditures							
and Other Uses	(42,454)		(42,454)		(42,708)		(254)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(42,454)		(42,454)		(42,708)		(254)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	209,882		209,882		209,882		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 167,428	\$	167,428	\$	167,174	\$	(254)

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Family Counseling For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	ounts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final	Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues	 				_	_
Licenses and permits	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 4,380	\$	(620)
Reimbursements and refunds	 4,000		4,000	3,811		(189)
Total Revenues	9,000		9,000	 8,191		(809)
Expenditures						
Judicial	9,000		9,000	2,233		6,767
Total Expenditures	 9,000		9,000	 2,233		6,767
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 			 		_
Over Expenditures				5,958		5,958
Net Change in Fund Balance	 			 5,958		5,958
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	57,706		57,706	57,706		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 57,706	\$	57,706	\$ 63,664	\$	5,958

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Dispatch/911 For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts				Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final		Actual]	Final to Actual
Revenues						_	
Intergovernmental	\$ 12,000	\$	12,000	\$	16,674	\$	4,674
Charges for services	1,110,000		1,110,000		1,074,091		(35,909)
Interest and rents	9,600		9,600		12,892		3,292
Reimbursements and refunds	2,400		2,400		2,400		
Other	600		600		6,053		5,453
Total Revenues	1,134,600		1,134,600		1,112,110		(22,490)
Expenditures							
Public safety	1,287,149		1,282,149		945,843		336,306
Total Expenditures	 1,287,149		1,282,149	•	945,843		336,306
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out	88,756		88,756		88,756		
Total Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses	1,375,905		1,370,905		1,034,599		336,306
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(241,305)		(236,305)		77,511		313,816
Net Change in Fund Balance	(241,305)		(236,305)		77,511		313,816
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 1,170,230		1,170,230		1,170,230		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 928,925	\$	933,925	\$	1,247,741	\$	313,816

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Vassar Twp Police Svc For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	od Amo	uinte			Variance Positive (Negative)
		Original	u Amo	Final		Actual	nal to Actual
Revenues	-				_		
Intergovernmental	\$	90,499	\$	90,499	\$	86,558	\$ (3,941)
Total Revenues		90,499		90,499		86,558	(3,941)
Expenditures							
Public safety		90,499		90,499		80,427	10,072
Total Expenditures		90,499		90,499		80,427	10,072
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					-		
Over Expenditures						6,131	6,131
Net Change in Fund Balance	-					6,131	6,131
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period							
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$		\$		\$	6,131	\$ 6,131

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Recycling For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amo	ounts			Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final	Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues					-	
Taxes	\$ 268,869	\$	268,869	\$ 268,045	\$	(824)
Intergovernmental	25,000		28,500	12,529		(15,971)
Charges for services	56,000		59,500	48,817		(10,683)
Interest and rents	3,350		3,350	3,789		439
Other	210		8,010	8,113		103
Total Revenues	353,429		368,229	 341,293		(26,936)
Expenditures						
Public works	389,487		415,198	367,511		47,687
Debt service - principal	8,400		23,512	23,512		
Debt service - interest	 		999	 998		1
Total Expenditures	 397,887		439,709	 392,021		47,688
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out	 39,908		39,908	 39,908		
Total Expenditures and Other	 					
Financing Uses	 437,795		479,617	 431,929		47,688
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 					
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	 (84,366)		(111,388)	 (90,636)		20,752
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (84,366)		(111,388)	 (90,636)		20,752
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	 222,680		222,680	 222,680		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 138,314	\$	111,292	\$ 132,044	\$	20,752

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Millington Twp Police For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amo	aints				Variance Positive (Negative)
	 Original	<u> </u>	Final		Actual	I	Final to Actual
Revenues	 		_	_	_		_
Intergovernmental	\$ 174,075	\$	176,988	\$	176,990	\$	2
Total Revenues	174,075		176,988		176,990		2
Expenditures							
Public safety	174,075		176,988		176,990		(2)
Total Expenditures	174,075		176,988		176,990		(2)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures							
Net Change in Fund Balance	 						
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period							
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Mental Health Court For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	d Amo	uints				Variance Positive (Negative)
	-	Original Original	u Amo	Final		Actual	F	inal to Actual
Revenues	-			_			-	-
Intergovernmental	\$	80,579	\$	66,179	\$	42,806	\$	(23,373)
Total Revenues		80,579		66,179		42,806		(23,373)
Expenditures								
Judicial		80,579		66,179		42,806		23,373
Total Expenditures		80,579		66,179	•	42,806		23,373
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures								
Net Change in Fund Balance								
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period								
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$		\$		\$		\$	

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Victim Services For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	od Ama	uints				Variance Positive (Negative)
		Original	Final		Actual			Final to Actual
Revenues		<u> </u>		_	_		-	_
Intergovernmental	\$	81,794	\$	99,572	\$	99,572	\$	
Total Revenues		81,794		99,572		99,572		
Expenditures								
Public safety		81,794		99,572		99,572		
Total Expenditures		81,794		99,572		99,572		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						-		
Over Expenditures								
Net Change in Fund Balance					•			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		112		112		112		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	112	\$	112	\$	112	\$	

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Animal Shelter For the year Ended December 31, 2019

							Positive
	Budgeted Amounts						(Negative)
		Original		Final	 Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$	162,500	\$	130,000	\$ 127,843	\$	(2,157)
Intergovernmental				25,900			(25,900)
Charges for services		6,600		21,400	19,366		(2,034)
Fines and forfeits		1,500		1,500			(1,500)
Interest and rents		20		120	99		(21)
Reimbursements and refunds		1,500		6,100	9,609		3,509
Other		4,500		4,500	6,359		1,859
Total Revenues		176,620		189,520	163,276		(26,244)
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in		84,500		84,500	84,500		
Total Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources		261,120		274,020	 247,776	_	(26,244)
Expenditures							
Public safety		261,216		304,020	277,205		26,815
Total Expenditures		261,216		304,020	 277,205		26,815
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and							
Other Sources Over Expenditures		(96)		(30,000)	(29,429)		571
Net Change in Fund Balance		(96)		(30,000)	(29,429)		571
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		30,911		30,911	30,911		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	30,815	\$	911	\$ 1,482	\$	571

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Mosquito Control Fund For the year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	d Amo	unts		Variance Positive (Negative)
		Original	u Amo	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues				-	 	
Taxes	\$	1,132,120	\$	1,132,120	\$ 1,129,132	\$ (2,988)
Interest and rents		3,000		3,000	5,128	2,128
Total Revenues		1,135,120		1,135,120	 1,134,260	(860)
Expenditures						
Health and welfare		1,012,305		1,016,005	827,185	188,820
Total Expenditures	•	1,012,305		1,016,005	827,185	 188,820
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out		71,873		71,873	 71,873	
Total Expenditures and Other					 	
Financing Uses		1,084,178		1,087,878	 899,058	 188,820
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		_		_	 _	
Over Expenditures and Other Uses		50,942		47,242	 235,202	 187,960
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	50,942		47,242	 235,202	187,960
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		121,191		121,191	 121,191	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	172,133	\$	168,433	\$ 356,393	\$ 187,960

Tuscola County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual Regional DWI Court Grant For the year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgete	d Amo	ounts			Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original		Final	 Actual	_1	Final to Actual
Revenues	 _		_	 _		_
Intergovernmental	\$ 190,878	\$	190,878	\$ 168,630	\$	(22,248)
Charges for services	20,000		20,000	21,031		1,031
Total Revenues	210,878		210,878	 189,661		(21,217)
Expenditures						
Public safety	199,513		206,013	178,083		27,930
Total Expenditures	199,513		206,013	178,083		27,930
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 	•				
Over Expenditures	11,365		4,865	11,578		6,713
Net Change in Fund Balance	 11,365		4,865	11,578		6,713
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	55,379		55,379	55,379		
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 66,744	\$	60,244	\$ 66,957	\$	6,713

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Motor Pool Fund (676)</u> This fund was established to set aside funds to purchase a vehicle in the future for Juvenile transport.

<u>Workers' Compensation Insurance</u> (677) The various funds of the County make a transfer to this fund that sets aside monies to apply against premiums and claims for employees who qualify for this benefit. The County General Fund also makes an appropriation to this fund.

<u>Health Insurance</u> (678) This fund sets aside monies to pay the insurance premiums. Various funds transfer the appropriate level of obligation to this fund when payments are made.

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2019

			Inter	nal Service				
				orkers'		_	T D 4	17.4
	Mata	n Dool Enned		pensation	II aald	h Inguruanaa	al Internal	
	Moto	r Pool Fund	<u></u>	surance	Hean	h Insurance	Ser	vice Funds
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	18,886	\$		\$	720,669	\$	739,555
Accounts receivable				19,874				19,874
Prepaids				34,030				34,030
Total Assets		18,886		53,904		720,669		793,459
LIABILITIES	,		,				•	
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		89		250				339
Accrued liabilities						264,518		264,518
Due to other funds				17,453				17,453
Total Liabilities	,	89	,	17,703		264,518	•	282,310
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted		18,797		36,201		456,151		511,149
Total Net Position	\$	18,797	\$	36,201	\$	456,151	\$	511,149

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

			V	Vorkers'					
			Con	npensation			To	tal Internal	
	Motor	Pool Fund	In	surance	Heal	th Insurance	Service Funds		
Operating Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	7,407	\$	61,857	\$	2,816,086	\$	2,885,350	
Total Operating Revenues		7,407		61,857	•	2,816,086	-	2,885,350	
Operating Expenses					•		-		
Operation and maintenance		1,243		193		2,869,824		2,871,260	
Administration				104,736				104,736	
Total Operating Expenses		1,243		104,929	•	2,869,824		2,975,996	
Operating Income (Loss)	<u> </u>	6,164		(43,072)		(53,738)		(90,646)	
Change In Net Position		6,164		(43,072)	•	(53,738)	-	(90,646)	
Net Position at Beginning of Period		12,633		79,273		509,889		601,795	
Net Position at End of Period	\$	18,797	\$	36,201	\$	456,151	\$	511,149	

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	'			Workers'		_		
			C	ompensation			To	tal Internal
	Moto	r Pool Fund		Insurance	Hea	alth Insurance	Se	rvice Funds
Cash flows from operating activates								
Cash received from interfund services	\$	7,407	\$	41,983	\$	2,816,086	\$	2,865,476
Cash payments to suppliers		(1,312)		(112,838)		(2,726,740)		(2,840,890)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		6,095		(70,855)		89,346		24,586
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Interfund balances, net		-		17,453		(77,797)		(60,344)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-		17,453		(77,797)		(60,344)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments		6,095		(53,402)		11,549		(35,758)
Cash and investments - beginning of the year		12,791		53,402		709,120		775,313
Cash and investments - end of the year	\$	18,886	\$	-	\$	720,669	\$	739,555
Cash flows from operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,164	\$	(43,072)	\$	(53,738)	\$	(90,646)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)								
to net cash provided by (used in) operations:								
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable				(19,874)		-		(19,874)
Prepaids		-		(7,909)		-		(7,909)
Accounts payable		(69)		-		_		(69)
Accrued liabilities		-		-		143,084		143,084
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,095	\$	(70,855)	\$	89,346	\$	24,586

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Trust and Agency</u> (701) This fund sets aside monies to be distributed to other units of government. State monies collected are deposited and withdrawn from this fund.

<u>Library Penal Fines</u> (721) The deposit of penal fines collected by the courts are held in this fund and disbursed on a quarterly basis to Libraries in the County. The Law Library of the County also received an annual amount from these collections.

<u>Inmates' Trust</u> (714) This fund tracks deposits provided for the benefit and use of the County's inmates.

<u>Payroll Clearing Fund</u> (778) This fund acts as a pass-through for other funds in which monies are transferred to the fund to pay the salaries, wages, and other compensations of the employees of the various departments of the County. Any remaining monies are payroll-related.

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2019

	Ger	neral Agency	rary Penal ne Fund	Inma	ates' Trust	•	ll Clearing Fund	То	tal Agency Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	1,556,069	\$ 36,083	\$	24,286	\$	4,872	\$	1,621,310
Total Assets		1,556,069	 36,083		24,286		4,872		1,621,310
LIABILITIES	`								
Accounts payable		209							209
Accrued liabilities		1,242,875			24,286		4,872		1,272,033
Undistributed receipts			36,083						36,083
Due to other governmental units		312,985							312,985
Total Liabilities	\$	1,556,069	\$ 36,083	\$	24,286	\$	4,872	\$	1,621,310

Tuscola County Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	De	cember 31, 2018		Additions	ī	Deductions	De	cember 31, 2019
ASSETS	-							2017
Cash and investments	\$	1,312,659	\$	21,288,929	\$	21,045,519	\$	1,556,069
Total Assets		1,312,659		21,288,929		21,045,519		1,556,069
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		-		2,189,188		2,188,979		209
Accrued liabilities		945,808		9,485,324		9,188,257		1,242,875
Undistributed receipts		-		-		-		-
Due to other governmental units	Φ.	366,851	Φ.	11,194,638	Φ.	11,248,504	Φ.	312,985
Total Liabilities	\$	1,312,659	\$	22,869,150	\$	22,625,740	\$	1,556,069
				Library Pen	al Find	e Fund		
	De	cember 31,		2101417 1 01			De	cember 31,
		2018		Additions	I	Deductions		2019
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	20,041	\$	308,196	\$	292,154	\$	36,083
Total Assets		20,041		308,196		292,154		36,083
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		-		285,475		285,475		-
Undistributed receipts	_	20,041	.	308,196	_	292,154		36,083
Total Liabilities	\$	20,041	\$	593,671	\$	577,629	\$	36,083
				Inmate	a' Tru	o t		
	——————————————————————————————————————	cember 31,		Illinau	.5 11u	31	De	cember 31,
		2018		Additions	I	Deductions		2019
ASSETS						_		
Cash and investments	\$	20,360	\$	3,926	\$		\$	24,286
Total Assets		20,360		3,926				24,286
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	Φ.	20,360	Φ.	3,926	Φ.		Φ.	24,286
Total Liabilities	\$	20,360	\$	3,926	\$		\$	24,286
				Payroll Clo	earing	Fund		
	De	cember 31,					De	cember 31,
		2018		Additions	I	Deductions		2019
ASSETS Cash and investments	¢		¢	1 196 510	¢	4 101 <i>647</i>	¢	4 972
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	4,186,519 4,186,519	\$	4,181,647 4,181,647	\$	4,872 4,872
LIABILITIES				4,100,317		4,101,047	-	4,072
Accounts payable		_		297,042		297,042		_
Accrued liabilities		_		1,647,213		1,642,341		4,872
Due to other governmental units		-		2,544,632		2,544,632		_
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	4,488,887	\$	4,484,015	\$	4,872
		1		Total Age	ency Fu	ınds	D-	h 21
	De	cember 31, 2018		Additions	I	Deductions	De	cember 31, 2019
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	1,353,060	\$	25,787,570	\$	25,519,320	\$	1,621,310
Total Assets		1,353,060		25,787,570		25,519,320		1,621,310
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		-		2,771,705		2,771,496		209
Accrued liabilities		966,168		11,136,463		10,830,598		1,272,033
Undistributed receipts		20,041		308,196		292,154		36,083
Due to other governmental units	ф.	366,851	ф.	13,739,270	Φ.	13,793,136	Φ.	312,985
Total Liabilities	\$	1,353,060	\$	27,955,634	\$	27,687,384	\$	1,621,310

Component Unit

Tuscola County Drains Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,815,515
Special assessments receivable	3,381,186
Total Current Assets	 10,196,701
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	 15,860,865
Total Assets	 26,057,566
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	180,833
Accrued interest payable	9,601
Due to other governments	510,000
Current Portion of Long-term Debt	 507,184
Total Current Liabilities	1,207,618
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-term Debt	 2,561,473
Total Liabilities	 3,769,091
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	12,792,208
Restricted for:	
Restricted - debt service	1,822,220
Restricted - drain projects	4,302,462
Unrestricted	 3,371,585
Total Net Position	\$ 22,288,475

Tuscola County Drains Statement of Activities For the year Ended December 31, 2019

Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	-	oital Grants and ntributions	t (Expense) Revenue
Drain maintenance	\$ 2,005,904	\$	2,039,940	\$		\$		\$ 34,036
Interest on long-term debt	90,652							(90,652)
Total	\$ 2,096,556	\$	2,039,940	\$		\$		\$ (56,616)
		(General Purpose	Rev	venues:			
		I	nterest income					 89,782
			Total General F	Revei	nues			 89,782
			Change in Net I	Posit	tion			33,166
		Λ	Net Position at Be	eginn	ning of Period			 22,255,309
		Ν	Net Position at E	nd o	f Period			\$ 22,288,475

Tuscola County Drains Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

Debt Service

	Revolving Drain		Northwest Debt Retirement		Shebeon Inter County Debt		Bach & Branches Debt		Moore Debt Retirement		Armbruster I/C Debt		Akron Main Street Debt
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	298,258	\$	1,350,863	\$	10,388	\$	235,325	\$	67,927	\$	20,382	\$ 14,855
Due from other funds		475,877											
Special assessments receivable								126,623		1,055,795		68,319	199,041
Total Assets	\$	774,135	\$	1,350,863	\$	10,388	\$	361,948	\$	1,123,722	\$	88,701	\$ 213,896
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	64,135	\$		\$		\$	250	\$		\$		\$
Due to other governments		510,000											
Due to other funds		200,000											
Total Liabilities		774,135						250					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Taxes levied for a subsequent period								126,623		1,055,795		68,319	199,041
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		774,135						126,873		1,055,795		68,319	199,041
FUND BALANCE	-												
Restricted				1,350,863		10,388		235,075		67,927		20,382	14,855
Unassigned													
Total Fund Balance	-			1,350,863		10,388		235,075		67,927		20,382	14,855
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	774,135	\$	1,350,863	\$	10,388	\$	361,948	\$	1,123,722	\$	88,701	\$ 213,896

Tuscola County Drains Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

				Debt S	Service		Capital Projects							
	Pigeo	eon River I/C Debt		Fulton Street Drain Debt		Indian Creek I/C		x North Debt Retirement	Special Drain		Northwest Construction			lder Creek onstruction
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	8,034	\$	50,981	\$	38,661	\$	25,054	\$	3,837,011	\$	59,130	\$	
Due from other funds												491,700		150,000
Special assessments receivable		113,769		564,962		311,163		419,665		521,849				<u></u>
Total Assets	\$	121,803	\$	615,943	\$	349,824	\$	444,719	\$	4,358,860	\$	550,830	\$	150,000
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	108,135	\$	8,313	\$	
Due to other governments														
Due to other funds										917,577				
Total Liabilities										1,025,712		8,313		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Taxes levied for a subsequent period		113,769		564,962		311,163		419,665		521,849				
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		113,769		564,962		311,163		419,665		1,547,561		8,313		
FUND BALANCE						_						_		_
Restricted		8,034		50,981		38,661		25,054		2,811,299		542,517		150,000
Unassigned						<u></u>								<u></u>
Total Fund Balance		8,034		50,981		38,661		25,054		2,811,299		542,517		150,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	121,803	\$	615,943	\$	349,824	\$	444,719	\$	4,358,860	\$	550,830	\$	150,000

Tuscola County Drains Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	Bach	& Branches Const	Cc	Moore onstruction	 Akron Main Street	ulton Street rain Const		Yax North onstruction	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	A	270.420	Φ.	207.247		440.004	A	100 0 10	4	- 044 -
Cash and investments	\$	258,128	\$	297,345	\$ 1	\$ 119,924	\$	123,248	\$	6,815,515
Due from other funds										1,117,577
Special assessments receivable	,									3,381,186
Total Assets	\$	258,128	\$	297,345	\$ 1	\$ 119,924	\$	123,248	\$	11,314,278
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	180,833
Due to other governments										510,000
Due to other funds		<u></u>			 <u></u>	 		<u></u>		1,117,577
Total Liabilities					 	 				1,808,410
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Taxes levied for a subsequent period										3,381,186
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources										5,189,596
FUND BALANCE					 _	 _		_		_
Restricted		258,128		297,345	1	119,924		123,248		6,124,682
Unassigned										
Total Fund Balance	-	258,128		297,345	1	119,924		123,248		6,124,682
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	258,128	\$	297,345	\$ 1	\$ 119,924	\$	123,248	\$	11,314,278

Tuscola County Drains Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	6,124,682
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, the interest expenditure is reported when due.		(9,601)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		15,860,865
Unavailable revenues are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	:	3,381,186
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		(3,068,657)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u> </u>	22,288,475

Tuscola County Drains Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

Debt Service

	Revolving D	rain_	Northwest Debt Retirement	Shebeon Inter County Debt	Bach & Branches Debt		Moore Debt Retirement		Armbruster I/C Debt	kron Main reet Debt
Revenues										
Special assessments and other	\$		\$ 308,490		\$	146,179	\$	220,580	\$ 14,768	\$ 92,892
Interest income			13,808	236		3,974		773	188	 276
Total Revenues			322,298	236		150,153		221,353	14,956	 93,168
Expenditures										
Drain maintenance										
Debt service - principal						150,000		135,000	15,757	88,000
Debt service - interest and charges						15,838		29,981	4,140	7,676
Total Expenditures						165,838		164,981	19,897	95,676
Excess of Revenues Over						_		_		_
(Under) Expenditures			322,298	236		(15,685)		56,372	(4,941)	 (2,508)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					' <u> </u>	_		_		_
Transfers in										
Transfers out										
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Change in Fund Balance			322,298	236		(15,685)		56,372	(4,941)	 (2,508)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period			1,028,565	10,152		250,760		11,555	25,323	17,363
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$		\$ 1,350,863	\$ 10,388	\$	235,075	\$	67,927	\$ 20,382	\$ 14,855

Tuscola County Drains Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

				Debt S	Service	Capital Projects								
	_	n River I/C Debt		Fulton Street Drain Debt		Indian Creek I/C		Yax North Debt Retirement		ecial Drain		orthwest astruction	Alder Creek Construction	
Revenues														
Special assessments and other	\$	18,061	\$	65,922	\$	56,641	\$	61,158	\$	2,003,900	\$		\$	
Interest income		87		408		285		212		51,946		2,880		
Total Revenues		18,148		66,330		56,926		61,370		2,055,846		2,880		
Expenditures														
Drain maintenance										1,542,799		9,767		
Debt service - principal		14,417		45,000		26,010		30,000		82,000				
Debt service - interest and charges		4,331		13,740		4,936		12,583						
Total Expenditures		18,748		58,740		30,946		42,583		1,624,799		9,767		
Excess of Revenues Over														
(Under) Expenditures		(600)		7,590		25,980		18,787		431,047		(6,887)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Transfers in										15,177				
Transfers out														
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)										15,177				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(600)		7,590		25,980		18,787		446,224		(6,887)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		8,634		43,391		12,681		6,267		2,365,075		549,404		150,000
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	8,034	\$	50,981	\$	38,661	\$	25,054	\$	2,811,299	\$	542,517	\$	150,000

Tuscola County Drains Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the year Ended December 31, 2019

Capital Projects

	Bach & Branches Const	Moore Construction	Akron Main Street	Fulton Street Drain Const	Yax North Construction	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Special assessments and other	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,988,591
Interest income	6,028	6,822		905	954	89,782
Total Revenues	6,028	6,822		905	954	3,078,373
Expenditures						
Drain maintenance		8,256			5,463	1,566,285
Debt service - principal						586,184
Debt service - interest and charges						93,225
Total Expenditures		8,256			5,463	2,245,694
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	6,028	(1,434)		905	(4,509)	832,679
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in						15,177
Transfers out	(10,000)	(3,228)			(1,949)	(15,177)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,000)	(3,228)			(1,949)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,972)	(4,662)		905	(6,458)	832,679
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period	262,100	302,007	1	119,019	129,706	5,292,003
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 258,128	\$ 297,345	\$ 1	\$ 119,924	\$ 123,248	\$ 6,124,682

Tuscola County Drains Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and **Changes in Fund Balance with Statement of Activities** For the year Ended December 31, 2019

Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 33,166
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	(439,619)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows of resources.	(948,651)
Long-term debt payments are reported as financing uses in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. However, long-term debt payments reduce long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. This represents the amount of long-term debt principal payments made during the year.	586,184
Changes to accrued interest are not shown in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year decrease is to increase net position.	2,573
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 832,679

Statistical Section

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Tuscola County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends - These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Schedule 1 - Net Position by Component	148
Schedule 2 - Changes in Net Position	149
Schedule 3 - Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	152
Schedule 4 - Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	153
Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the	
government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Schedule 5 - Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	155
Schedule 6 - Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	156
Schedule 7 - Principal Property Tax Payers	157
Schedule 8 - Property Tax Levies and Collections	158
Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the	
affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the	
government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Schedule 9 - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	159
Schedule 10 - Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	160
Schedule 11 - Computation of Net Direct and Overlapping Debt	161
Schedule 12 - Legal Debt Margin Information	162
Demographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and	
economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which	
the government's financial activities take place.	
Schedule 13 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	163
Schedule 14 - Principal Employers	164
Schedule 15 - Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function	165
Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help	
the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report	
relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Schedule 16 - Operating Indicators by Function/Program	166
Schedule 17 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	167

Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			_		Fiscal Year					
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,915,865	\$ 5,308,338		\$ 4,992,236	\$ 5,265,708		5,380,615 \$	0,0 .0,0 .	+ -/- /-	\$ 5,863,221
Restricted	1,935,180	1,555,459	1,397,671	1,336,781	1,195,900	1,864,506	2,672,329	2,882,160	10,745,988	11,510,953
Unrestricted	6,254,015	6,120,317	6,853,468	6,312,514	6,644,960	(944,404)	(3,118,970)	(2,704,558)	(6,799,051)	(7,081,878)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 13,105,060	\$ 12,984,114	\$ 13,186,093	\$ 12,641,531	\$ 13,106,568	<u>\$ 6,559,931</u> <u>\$</u>	4,933,974 \$	6,121,173	\$ 10,018,848	\$ 10,292,296
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	¥ .,,=	\$ 6,410,175		¥ 1,1==,===	+ -//		11,154,645 \$	10,601,748	\$ 9,941,531	\$ 9,255,635
Restricted	2,286,104	1,564,341	1,880,647	2,161,654	2,579,165	1,430,672	290,258	-	-	-
Unrestricted	12,657,056	12,337,630	14,309,485	14,056,322	12,932,697	10,871,364	10,239,172	10,291,902	10,116,680	10,460,164
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 19,079,399	\$ 20,312,146	\$ 23,220,816	\$ 23,946,362	\$ 24,849,558	\$ 23,089,377 \$	21,684,075 \$	20,893,650	\$ 20,058,211	\$ 19,715,799
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,052,104	\$ 11,718,513	\$ 11,965,638	\$ 12,720,622	\$ 14,603,404	\$ 16,427,170 \$	16,535,260 \$	16,545,319	\$ 16,013,442	\$ 15,118,856
Restricted	4,221,284	3,119,800	3,278,318	3,498,435	3,775,065	3,295,178	2,962,587	2,882,160	10,745,988	11,510,953
Unrestricted	18,911,071	18,457,947	21,162,953	20,368,836	19,577,657	9,926,960	7,120,202	7,587,344	3,317,629	3,378,286
Total primary government net position	\$ 32,184,459	\$ 33,296,260	\$ 36,406,909	\$ 36,587,893	\$ 37,956,126	\$ 29,649,308 \$	26,618,049 \$	27,014,823	\$ 30,077,059	\$ 30,008,095

Source: Tuscola County Financial Reports

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year																				
		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
Legislative	\$	139,691	\$	101,774	\$	101,764	\$	105,073	\$	103,402	\$	115,714	\$	148,172	\$	121,672	\$	189,753	\$	214,986
Judicial		3,737,722		3,550,345		2,879,517		3,196,846		3,262,153		3,298,138		4,156,591		3,336,249		4,239,644		3,244,038
General government		5,844,575		6,755,644		6,199,985		6,321,346		6,345,529		6,701,612		7,160,516		7,235,661		6,020,818		6,689,864
Public safety		5,696,877		5,841,052		5,804,282		6,029,646		5,652,616		6,579,971		7,415,067		5,972,439		8,527,437		7,818,978
Public works		769,984		693,296		795,586		924,147		815,625		678,023		777,630		746,700		3,957,531		3,689,461
Health and welfare		4,930,144		5,288,860		5,150,298		5,091,444		5,216,376		5,234,005		5,598,219		5,990,088		8,087,982		7,976,028
Culture and recreation		4,401		9,725		6,899		6,137		9,023		8,634		11,542		66,959		24,640		22,631
Interest on debt		36,004		41,826		60,669	_	52,768		44,999		36,862		278,897	_	373,262	_	604,798	_	582,070
Total governmental activities expenses		21,159,398	_	22,282,522		20,999,000	_	21,727,407	_	21,449,723	_	22,652,959		25,546,634	_	23,843,030	_	31,652,603	_	30,238,056
Business-type activities:																				
Medical care facility		17,189,496		17,899,830		18,068,414		18,849,925		19,652,039		21,153,567		22,315,039		23,181,919		24,446,586		24,223,269
Delinquent property tax		90		85		21		48		832		1,494		843		143		86		59,939
Water/sewage systems		299,672		284,295		258,873		242,510		526,639		304,173		293,015		281,304		-		-
Tax foreclosure		253,288		343,287		336,683		446,017		405,857		332,487		335,392		249,585		245,596		525,976
Total business-type activities expenses		17,742,546		18,527,497		18,663,991		19,538,500		20,585,367		21,791,721		22,944,289		23,712,951		24,692,268		24,809,184
Total primary government expenses	\$	38,901,944	\$	40,810,019		39,662,991	\$	41,265,907	\$	42,035,090	\$	44,444,680	\$	48,490,923		47,555,981	\$	56,344,871	\$	55,047,240
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services																				
Judicial	\$	1,307,466	\$	1,217,478	\$	1,274,481	\$	1,224,201	\$	1,216,028	\$	1,224,277	\$	1,074,291	\$	1,099,980	\$	1,035,461	\$	997,501
General government	•	761,439	*	689,760	*	749,121	•	744,192	•	740,750	*	874,213	*	1,095,603	*	1,256,253	*	1,783,175	*	1,809,252
Public safety		1,743,017		1,714,978		1,764,703		1,842,902		2,046,308		2,121,943		2,320,821		2,173,012		2,491,334		2,686,714
Public works		275,567		269,213		376,012		472,183		369,043		252,391		369,007		338,575		62,963		68,330
Health and welfare		742,876		810,346		822,751		683,951		586,366		620,213		672,883		691,252		764,428		778,230
Culture and recreation		3,861		1,548		2,800		3,902		3,987		5,454		5,637		29,710		16,182		24,354
Operating grants and contributions		•		•		,		,		,		,		,		· -		, -		, -
Judicial		1,364,571		1,467,812		1,250,005		1,237,672		1,252,854		1,206,663		1,201,303		1,216,914		1,419,642		1,345,589
General government		159,249		547,666		246,226		190,582		234,953		151,018		146,039		519,653		653,207		1,131,227
Public Safety		690,258		883,561		655,231		860,223		638,185		718,542		523,665		581,396		708,921		698,340
Public Works				,		, .		,				-,-		,		,,,,,,		, -		12,529
Health and welfare		2,539,046		2,543,246		2,706,160		1,969,721		2,406,930		3,070,662		2,642,757		3,133,148		3,101,141		3,643,239
Culture and recreation		-		, ,		-		, ,		-		-,,		-,,		-		1,250		876
Capital grants and contributions		-		_		-		-		-		-		-		-		,		-
Total governmental activities program revenues	_	9,587,350	_	10,145,608	_	9,847,490	_	9,229,529		9,495,404		10,245,376		10,052,006	_	11,039,893	_	12,037,704	_	13,196,181

Source: Tuscola County Financial Reports

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) (continued)

			((/
		Fiscal	Year							
	 <u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Medical Care Community	16,068,197	16,801,011	18,782,303	17,120,685	17,976,404	19,314,786	19,807,248	21,399,403	22,838,849	23,434,528
Delinquent Tax	714,369	787,947	718,620	754,501	582,800	673,670	636,870	663,661	765,067	747,800
Water/Sewer Systems	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax Foreclosure	187,921	-	175,909	179,424	175,250	193,571	194,918	189,286	555,174	647,641
Operating grants and contributions	-	207,628	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	299,672	 284,295	258,856	242,510	400,446	304,173	293,015	281,304		<u> </u>
Total business-type activities program revenues	17,270,159	18,080,881	19,935,688	18,297,120	19,134,900	20,486,200	20,932,051	22,533,654	24,159,090	24,829,969
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 26,857,509	\$ 28,226,489	\$ 29,783,178	\$ 27,526,649	\$ 28,630,304	\$ 30,731,576	\$ 30,984,057	\$ 33,573,547	\$ 36,196,794	\$ 38,026,150
Net (Expenses)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (11,572,048)	\$ (12, 136, 914)	\$ (11,151,510)	\$ (12,497,878)	\$ (11,954,319)	\$ (12,407,583)	\$ (15,494,628)	\$ (12,803,137)	\$ (19,614,899)	\$ (17,041,875)
Business-type activities	 (472,387)	(446,616)	1,271,697	(1,241,380)	(1,450,467)	(1,305,521)	(2,012,238)	(1,179,297)	(533,178)	20,785
Total primary government net expense	\$ (12,044,435)	\$ (12,583,530)	\$ (9,879,813)	<u>\$ (13,739,258)</u>	<u>\$ (13,404,786)</u>	<u>\$ (13,713,104)</u>	<u>\$ (17,506,866)</u>	<u>\$ (13,982,434)</u>	<u>\$ (20,148,077)</u>	\$ (17,021,090)

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(continued)

Fiscal Year											
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	1										
Governmental activities:											
Property taxes	\$ 8,238,352	\$ 8,182,316	\$ 8,138,839	\$ 8,580,677	\$ 9,218,752	\$ 10,053,314	\$ 10,186,530	\$ 10,335,424	\$ 14,500,060	\$ 15,213,039	
Grants and contributions not restricted	4 400 000	4 4 = 0 400	4 000 000	4 0 4 = 000	4 40= 0=0		4 400 00=	4 04 = 000	4 000 000	0=001=	
to specific programs	1,106,822	1,152,433	1,033,823	1,045,628	1,165,279	1,219,055	1,199,905	1,215,686	1,293,320	958,315	
Unrestricted investment earnings	592,262	560,159	499,575	471,176	481,646	479,580	511,528	518,143	163,578	181,107	
Loss on sale of assets	(86)	-	-	4 050 400	700.000	-	- 070 440	-	-	-	
Other	672,730	1,139,163	858,469	1,052,109	796,222	691,488	978,112	853,036	-	-	
Transfers - Internal activities	872,404	908,509	842,214	825,463	734,858	771,258	913,352	1,068,047	856,663	962,862	
Total governmental activities	11,482,484	11,942,580	11,372,920	11,975,053	12,396,757	13,214,695	13,789,427	13,990,336	16,813,621	17,315,323	
Business-type activities:											
Property taxes	1,845,663	1,770,769	1,743,674	1,735,187	1,894,897	402,518	438,417	427,358	435,791	448,069	
Unrestricted investment earnings	103,738	75,249	66,403	35,869	51,914	55,512	64,945	72,648	118,611	151,596	
Other	509,380	693,617	665,500	973,408	1,115,105	706,953	854,935	721,561	- (0=0.000)	- (222.222)	
Transfers - Internal activities	(805,776)	(860,272)	(798,862)	(777,538)	(708,253)	(715,776)	(751,361)	(832,695)	(856,663)	(962,862)	
Total business-type activities	1,653,005	1,679,363	1,676,715	1,966,926	2,353,663	449,207	606,936	388,872	(302,261)	(363,197)	
Total primary government	\$ 13,135,489	<u>\$ 13,621,943</u>	\$ 13,049,635	\$ 13,941,979	\$ 14,750,420	\$ 13,663,902	\$ 14,396,363	\$ 14,379,208	\$ 16,511,360	<u>\$ 16,952,126</u>	
Change in Net Position											
Governmental activities	\$ (89,564)	\$ (194,334)	\$ 221,410	\$ (522,825)	\$ 442,438	\$ 807,112	\$ (1,705,201)	\$ 1,187,199	\$ (2,801,278)	\$ 273,448	
Business-type activities	1,180,618	1,232,747	2,948,412	725,546	903,196	(856,314)	(1,405,302)	(790,425)	(835,439)	(342,412)	
Total primary government	\$ 1,091,054	\$ 1,038,413	\$ 3,169,822	\$ 202,721	\$ 1,345,634	\$ (49,202)	\$ (3,110,503)	\$ 396,774	\$ (3,636,717)	\$ (68,964)	

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year					
	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 323,723	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	1,337,490	Ψ _	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -
Nonspendable	-	416,551	310,000	418,867	417,310	417,494	643,918	619,653	599,708	644,436
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	5,000	5,000	5,000
Assigned	-	1,248,368	1,212,000	1,272,000	1,462,000	1,463,900	2,031,720	1,645,626	1,886,936	1,410,000
Unassigned		691,679	1,024,692	955,077	883,279	1,035,936	418,032	337,763	524,324	1,142,881
Total General Fund	\$ 1,661,213	\$ 2,356,598	\$ 2,546,692	\$ 2,645,944	\$ 2,762,589	\$ 2,917,330	\$ 3,093,670	\$ 2,608,042	\$ 3,015,968	\$ 3,202,317
Health Department										
Reserved	\$ 78,746	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	557,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	72,939	99,596	86,687	65,630	42,385	31,931	38,521	46,884	65,959
Restricted	-	224,790	394,145	39,475	149,830	952,882	966,194	1,270,266	1,253,882	1,592,058
Committed	-	279,162	347,752	353,337	412,486	416,335	417,563	382,539	365,490	351,814
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,943	-	78,343	307,108
Unassigned				26,779			-			
Total Health Department	\$ 636,246	\$ 576,891	\$ 841,493	\$ 506,278	\$ 627,946	\$ 1,411,602	\$ 1,417,631	\$ 1,691,326	\$ 1,744,599	\$ 2,316,939
Road Patrol										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	_	_	_	_	_	218,087	358,260	617,466	879,963	1,179,887
Committed	_	_	_	_	_	210,007	-	-	-	-
Assigned	_	_	_	_	_	41,741	84,358	24,198	_	_
7.65.g.164							01,000	21,100		
Total Road Patrol	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 259,828	\$ 442,618	<u>\$ 641,664</u>	\$ 879,963	\$ 1,179,887
Voted Mosquito										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	16,413	9,447	132,662	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned						160,098	146,176	56,280		
Total Voted Mosquito	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 176,511</u>	\$ 155,623	\$ 188,942	<u>\$</u> _	<u> </u>
All Other Covernmental Funds										
All Other Governmental Funds	¢ 4 000 470	Ф	ф.	c	Φ	c	c	c	ф	Φ
Reserved	\$ 1,930,178	5 -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved reported in:	0.700.004									
Special revenue funds Permanent funds	2,732,624	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8			99	-	-	-	- 15,700	700	-
Nonspendable	-	6,800	6,800		2 055 027	4 222 450	4 040 204			0.720.000
Restricted Committed	-	3,954,999	3,738,092	3,638,251	3,955,027 5,000	4,222,450	4,818,281 5,000	5,075,952	8,564,559	8,739,008
	-	-	-	250,000	5,000	5,000	5,000 482,567	- 064.040	-	-
Assigned Unassigned	-	-	-	∠50,000	-	-	402,307	964,940	(77,037)	- (<u>53,112)</u>
-										
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 4,662,810	\$ 3,961,799	\$ 3,744,892	\$ 3,888,350	\$ 3,960,027	\$ 4,227,450	\$ 5,305,848	\$ 6,056,592	\$ 8,488,222	\$ 8,685,896

⁽¹⁾ Tuscola County implemented GASB Statement No 54 for year ended December 31, 2011.

Source: Tuscola County Financial Reports

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

					Fiscal Year					
Revenues	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Taxes	-,,-		\$ 8,146,390	\$ 8,598,619	\$ 9,200,434	\$ 10,055,468	\$ 10,173,607	\$ 10,314,499	\$ 14,758,866	\$ 15,189,939
Licenses and permits	578,920	568,282	693,121	840,436	694,797	612,944	666,040	635,561	729,193	912,190
Intergovernmental										
Federal	2,872,131	3,763,104	3,213,216	2,645,846	2,857,756	3,483,185	2,839,403	3,691,763	7,988,041	8,851,979
State	2,987,815	2,828,386	2,660,920	2,641,255	2,977,660	3,060,793	3,034,908	3,123,882	-	-
Local	484,180	420,500	437,648	435,065	439,896	541,459	904,915	900,474	-	-
Charges for services	3,728,820	3,661,697	3,824,985	3,669,283	3,454,787	3,681,642	3,592,132	3,747,441	3,983,574	3,886,492
Fines and forfeits	42,306	56,072	51,423	43,272	235,787	84,408	214,513	156,458	93,345	83,874
Interest and rents	592,262	560,159	499,575	471,176	481,646	479,580	511,528	518,143	514,474	560,740
Reimbursements and refunds	693,980	1,155,875	883,282	1,101,760	806,479	742,895	823,772	711,355	21,839	25,917
Other _	101,205	105,329	107,407	87,655	132,135	80,814	85,711	71,681	808,352	821,563
Total revenues	20,432,530	21,344,266	20,517,967	20,534,367	21,281,377	22,823,188	22,846,529	23,871,257	28,897,684	30,332,694
Expenditures										
Legislative	139,864	101,988	102,468	104,414	103,947	111,400	103,335	123,062	135,881	212,691
Judicial	3,744,726	3,554,120	2,979,588	3,190,866	3,284,426	3,229,200	3,228,250	3,355,152	3,326,762	3,085,036
General government	5,073,462	5,407,442	4,987,566	4,990,297	5,270,785	5,544,831	5,593,914	6,031,459	4,854,033	6,060,217
Public safety	5,477,302	5,624,365	5,773,317	5,874,232	5,884,107	6,426,422	6,225,193	6,152,105	6,847,567	7,169,255
Public works	769,096	693,338	795,703	921,486	814,993	680,315	774,919	747,689	3,810,200	3,729,254
Health and welfare	4,842,755	5,264,353	5,060,626	4,983,297	5,063,682	4,913,577	5,081,040	7,889,761	7,495,126	7,426,628
Culture and recreation	4,401	9,725	6,899	6,137	9,023	8,634	11,542	66,959	24,440	27,964
Other	220,651	360,059	180,079	251,022	206,688	201,254	154,502	144,121	199,364	225,936
Capital outlay Debt service (1)	657,795	2,569,679	1,030,783	905,437	439,982	1,068,837	583,532	1,532,745	786,286	252,834
Principal	131,538	120,000	165,000	170,000	175,000	165,000	215,000	315,000	921,324	1,263,462
Interest	37,959	40,626	62,963	55,147	47,463	39,156	128,754	311,205	607,970	585,993
Bond Issuance Costs	-		-		-	-	76,268	56,622	-	-
Total expenditures	21,099,549	23,745,695	21,144,992	21,452,335	21,300,096	22,388,626	22,176,249	26,725,880	29,008,953	30,039,270
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(667,019)	(2,401,429)	(627,025)	(917,968)	(18,719)	434,562	670,280	(2,854,623)	(111,269)	293,424

Source: Tuscola County Financial Reports

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(continued)

Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Face Value of debt issue	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,980,000	2,475,000	_	_
Discounts on bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,172)	(18,378)	-	_
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	94,500	31,130	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,629	70,000	-	-
Issuance of debt	-	-	22,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond proceeds	-	1,029,156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of capital leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in	2,238,502	2,555,146	2,370,765	2,601,686	2,642,235	3,403,347	3,587,630	7,090,189	3,954,388	3,983,193
Transfer out	(1,371,598)	(1,646,637)	(1,528,551)	(1,776,223)	(1,907,377)	(2,632,089)	(2,674,278)	(6,022,142)	(3,097,725)	(3,020,331)
Total other financing										
sources (uses)	866,904	1,937,665	864,814	825,463	734,858	771,258	8,054,309	3,625,799	856,663	962,862
Special Items - Pension pre-funding		-	-				(6,865,581)	_		-
Net change in	A 400.005	Φ (400 704)	Φ 007.700	(00.505)	740400	Φ 4005000	Φ 4.050.000	A 774 470	4 745.004	Φ 4.050.000
fund balances	\$ 199,885	\$ (463,764)	\$ 237,789	\$ (92,505)	\$ 716,139	\$ 1,205,820	\$ 1,859,008	\$ 771,176	\$ 745,394	\$ 1,256,286
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital		0.7700/		4.0004	4.0000/		4.500/	2 422	- 4004	
expenditures	0.829%	0.759%	1.133%	1.096%	1.066%	0.96%	1.59%	2.49%	5.42%	6.21%

(1) Debt Service re-classed from Business Activities for 2018

Source: Tuscola County Financial Reports (concluded)

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

		Real Property					Estimated	Assessed
Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Industrial, Commercial & Developmental	Residential	Timber-Cut & Agricultural	Personal Property	Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Actual Assessed Value	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2010	140,962,900	998,577,902	591,196,950	98,725,410	1,829,463,162	8.4921	3,658,926,324	50%
2011	132,608,025	916,610,507	586,216,731	101,708,858	1,737,144,121	8.4921	3,474,288,242	50%
2012	130,754,171	878,425,910	620,457,418	104,604,689	1,734,242,188	8.4921	3,468,484,376	50%
2013	126,476,800	865,378,642	712,747,569	217,916,056	1,922,519,067	8.4921	3,845,038,134	50%
2014	120,812,500	881,972,835	855,585,985	333,054,579	2,191,425,899	7.4921	4,382,851,798	50%
2015	122,071,635	917,724,525	936,140,455	454,937,999	2,430,874,614	7.6621	4,861,749,228	50%
2016	121,354,400	978,552,403	1,037,690,870	417,773,965	2,555,371,638	7.7621	5,110,743,276	50%
2017	125,248,200	1,031,884,701	1,049,895,623	411,101,536	2,618,130,060	8.3121	5,236,260,120	50%
2018	125,431,100	1,048,833,555	1,057,430,600	423,069,250	2,654,764,505	8.3121	5,309,529,010	50%
2019	131,854,400	1,109,929,134	1,007,590,517	446,063,604	2,695,437,655	8.3121	5,390,875,310	50%

Source: Tuscola County Equalization Department

Note: Property in the county is reassessed annually. The county assesses property at approximately 50 percent of actual value for all types of real and personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of taxable value.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rates per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
County direct rates										
Operating Millage	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141	3.9141
Special Millage	3.5780	3.5780	3.5780	3.5780	3.5780	3.7480	3.8480	4.3980	4.3980	4.3980
Debt Millage	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000						
Total direct rate	8.4921	8.4921	8.4921	8.4921	7.4921	7.6621	7.7621	8.3121	8.3121	8.3121
City rate										
Vassar	17.5000	17.0000	17.0000	17.0000	16.0000	16.0000	16.0000	16.0000	16.0000	17.0000
Caro (2)	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643	16.1643
Village rates	11.0000-	11.0000-	11.0000-	11.0000-	11.0000-	11.0000-	11.0000-	11.0000-	11.4352-	12.5000-
•	21.6036	21.6036	18.1387	18.1387	21.7268	21.7268	21.7268	21.7268	18.2892	18.1387
School district rates (1)	26.7817-	28.2409-	28.2409-	22.7079-	22.7079-	22.7079-	22.7479-	22.7479-	21.9895-	21.9895-
.,	29.0998	29.2409	28.4480	28.0409	28.4079	27.7079	27.3079	27.3079	18.0000	21.7268
Township rates	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-	1.0000-
·	5.6563	6.3957	6.3957	6.4175	6.4026	6.3864	6.3864	6.3912	3.7676	4.0569
District library rates	.7916-	.7916-	.7500-	.7500-	.7500-	.7500-	.7500-	.7428-	.8010-	0.7408
•	1.4761	1.4909	1.4909	1.4909	1.4909	1.4909	1.4909	1.4909	1.4909	0.9185
Caro Transit Authority (3)	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

⁽¹⁾ Includes local, SET, and averaged intermediate school district millages. Non-Homestead Rates

Source: Tuscola County Equalization Department.

Note: State law requires that localities obtain the approval of the state legislature or a majority of the voters in a public election to raise direct rates.

⁽²⁾ In 2010 Caro was voted in as a City, rather than being a Village

⁽³⁾ In 2010 new millage for public transportation.

Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

\sim	**~			204	\mathbf{a}
Gu	rren	IL T	'ear	ZU I	9

Taxpayer	 Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable	
Consumers Energy Company	\$ 141,115,665	1	7.58%	
Tuscola Bay Wind LLC	65,532,300	2	3.52%	
International Transmission Co	59,061,357	3	3.17%	
DTE Electric Company	41,016,535	5	2.20%	
Tuscola Wind II LLC	40,026,300	4	2.15%	
Pegasus LLC	39,946,900	6	2.14%	
Tuscola Bay Wind LLC	21,697,532	7	1.16%	
POET Biorefining Caro	11,758,126	8	0.63%	
Thumb Electric Co-Op	7,640,023	9	0.41%	
Dairy Farmer's of America Inc	7,496,680	10	0.40%	2019
·	 			Taxable Value \$ 1,862,786,940
Totals	\$ 435,291,418		23.36%	

9 Years ago 2010

Taxpayer	 Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable
Detroit Edison Company	\$ 29,019,649	1	2.02%
OET-Biorefining - Caro	14,853,539	2	1.03%
ept. of Natural Resources	9,288,747	3	0.65%
al-Mart Stores #01-1798	6,174,494	4	0.43%
onsumers Energy Company	5,787,883	5	0.40%
umb Electric Co-Op	5,498,610	6	0.38%
chigan Sugar Co.	4,126,134	7	0.29%
ernational Transmission Co.	3,812,484	8	0.27%
Group Automotive Services	3,138,631	9	0.22%
illenium Industries Inc.	3,007,200	10	0.21%
otals	\$ 84,707,371		5.90%

Source: Tuscola County Equalization Department.

Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Operating Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		. •			Delinquents Purchased by Treasurer		Collections in Subsequent Years		Total Collections to Date		
Ended December 31,	F			Amount	Percentage of Levy	 Amount					Percentage of Levy		
2010	\$	5,577,639	\$	4,858,788	87.11%	\$	408,811	\$	271,535	\$ 5,539,134	99.31%		
2011		5,455,216		4,837,071	88.67%		369,721		183,040	5,389,832	98.80%		
2012		5,123,153		4,538,536	88.59%		292,379		281,547	5,112,462	99.79%		
2013		5,372,959		4,762,105	88.63%		326,624		273,660	5,362,389	99.80%		
2014		5,884,294		5,339,435	90.74%		288,450		251,009	5,878,894	99.91%		
2015		6,353,186		5,686,840	89.51%		306,719		335,066	6,328,625	99.61%		
2016		6,752,971		5,937,568	87.93%		309,983		394,996	6,642,547	98.36%		
2017		6,812,328		6,112,770	89.73%		318,150		259,843	6,690,763	98.22%		
2018		7,020,989		6,276,705	89.40%		348,809		271,466	6,896,980	98.23%		
2019		7,287,641		6,524,989	95.39%		333,258		264,738	7,122,985	97.74%		

Source: Tuscola County Treasurer

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Improvement Bonds	Pension Obligation Bonds	Bond Discount	Equipment Loan	Capital Lease Payable
2010	655,000	_	_	_	_	_
2011	535,000	995,000	-	_	-	-
2012	405,000	960,000	-	_	-	-
2013 (1)	270,000	925,000	-	(13,184)	26,013	212,496
2014	130,000	890,000	-	(12,438)	13,221	-
2015	-	855,000	-	(11,692)	-	-
2016	-	815,000	6,805,000	(13,032)	-	85,343
2017	-	775,000	9,005,000	(29,784)	-	98,460
2018	-	695,000	8,730,000		-	
2019	-	655,000	8,355,000		-	

Business-Type Activities

Fiscal Year	Refunding Bonds	Medical Care Small House	Medical Care Land Contract	General Obligation Bonds	USDA Loans	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita (2)
2010	-	-	-	16,034,912	-	655,000	232.37%	11
2011	-	-	-	13,631,114	-	1,530,000	107.95%	27
2012	-	-	-	12,563,114	-	1,365,000	120.43%	25
2013 (1)	3,450,000	4,600,000	-	7,559,114	5,219,000	1,420,325	120.76%	26
2014	2,420,000	4,600,000	-	6,743,114	5,060,000	1,020,783	171.26%	19
2015	1,320,000	4,435,000	-	6,306,114	4,969,000	843,308	221.06%	16
2016	200,000	4,265,000	140,000	5,853,114	4,872,000	7,692,311	24.32%	144
2017	-	4,090,000	70,000	5,398,114	4,769,000	9,848,676	19.11%	185
2018	-	3,730,000	70,000	4,487,114	4,549,000	9,425,000	20.10%	177
2019	-	3,555,000	35,000	4,084,114	4,218,209	9,010,000	22.14%	169

Source: Tuscola County Financial Reports

Note: Details regarding the county's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements under Note 7.

⁽¹⁾ Populated table to include breakdown as stated in financial reports

⁽²⁾ Per Capita based on estimated population changes. Population continues to decrease.

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding

(Last ten years)

		9	General Bonded De	bt Outstanding	,				
Fiscal	Building Authority	Sewer Obligation	Net Pension Obligation	Net Capital Improvement	Less Paid by Benefited	Net General	Total Taxable	Percentage of Taxable	
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Municipality	Bonded	Value	Value	
2010	655,000	4,422,000	-	-	5,077,000	-	1,436,953,853	0.0000%	
2011	535,000	10,240,114	-	995,000	10,775,114	995,000	1,401,083,732	0.0710%	
2012	405,000	12,975,114	-	960,000	13,380,114	960,000	1,392,442,700	0.0689%	
2013	270,000	12,378,000	-	925,000	12,648,000	925,000	1,504,307,893	0.0615%	
2014	130,000	11,873,000	-	890,000	12,003,000	890,000	1,627,457,617	0.0547%	
2015	-	11,345,000	-	855,000	11,345,000	855,000	1,730,939,880	0.0494%	
2016	-	10,725,114	6,802,914	804,054	10,725,114	7,606,968	1,733,524,072	0.4388%	
2017	-	10,167,114	8,985,416	764,800	10,167,114	9,750,216	1,751,550,308	0.5567%	
2018	-	5,487,114	8,730,000	708,221	5,487,114	9,438,221	1,797,785,602	0.5250%	
2019	-	4,084,114	8,345,000	695,000	4,084,114	9,040,000	1,862,786,940	0.4853%	
								Percentage	
	School		Intermediate					Net	of Taxa
	Districts	Townships	Schools		-	Village	City	Overlapping	Val
2010	55,944,375	4,215,737	79,603			5,686,071	567,127	66,492,913	
2011	52 883 867	3 911 263	23 915			5 229 922	532 633	62 581 600	

	School Districts	Townships	Intermediate Schools	Village	City	Net Overlapping	ot Taxable Value
2010	55,944,375	4,215,737	79,603	5,686,071	567,127	66,492,913	4.627
2011	52,883,867	3,911,263	23,915	5,229,922	532,633	62,581,600	4.466
2012	50,170,509	6,877,194	73,342	3,213,133	2,678,404	63,012,582	4.525
2013	56,502,273	6,556,673	1,291,641	2,810,984	2,287,615	69,449,186	4.616
2014	47,882,889	6,939,267	1,286,014	3,403,835	1,994,106	61,506,111	3.779
2015	62,195,613	7,424,969	1,281,445	3,226,164	2,536,597	76,664,788	4.429
2016	52,429,998	7,120,679	20,392	3,268,193	6,994,088	69,833,350	4.028
2017	54,132,775	6,597,293	43,966	7,590,666	6,332,580	74,697,280	4.264
2018	63,494,376	6,393,388	37,031	6,996,491	5,706,750	82,628,036	4.59
2019	66,819,870	6,137,346	30,948	6,756,783	5,136,375	84,881,322	4.556

Source: Tuscola County debt schedules, and the Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan overlapping debt schedules

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt - Unaudited (1)
December 31, 2019

2019 Census Totals 2019 Taxable Value	53,250 1,858,103,064 (2019)	Gross	Self-Support or Portion Paid by Benefited Municipality	Net
Direct debt of County:			<u> </u>	
Sewer/Water Capital Improvement Pension Obligation Bond		\$ 8,792,323 686,292 8,327,176	\$ 8,792,323 - -	\$ 686,292 8,327,176
		\$ 17,805,791	\$ 8,792,323	\$ 9,013,468
Per-Capita County Net Direct Debercent County Net Direct Deb				169.27 0.4851%
School Districts Townships Intermediate School District Village City Net Overlapping Debt				\$ 66,819,870 6,137,346 30,948 6,756,783 5,136,375 \$ 84,881,322
Net County and Overlapping De	ebt			\$ 93,894,790
Per-Capita County Net Direct a Percent Net Direct and Overlap				\$ 1,763.28 5.0533%

(1) Includes Primary Government

Legal Debt Margin Information (Last Ten Fiscal Years)

Fiscal Year	Assessed Year	Assessed Value of Property	Debt limit, 10% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation)	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2010	2009	1,829,463,162	182,946,316	5,077,000	\$ 177,869,316	2.78%
2011	2010	1,737,144,121	173,714,412	11,770,114	\$ 161,944,298	6.78%
2012	2011	1,734,242,188	173,424,219	14,340,114	\$ 159,084,105	8.27%
2013	2012	1,504,307,893	150,430,789	13,573,000	\$ 136,857,789	9.02%
2014	2013	1,627,457,617	162,745,762	12,893,000	\$ 149,852,762	7.92%
2015	2014	1,730,939,880	173,093,988	12,200,000	\$ 160,893,988	7.05%
2016	2015	1,975,936,615	197,593,662	18,332,082	\$ 179,261,580	9.28%
2017	2016	2,137,597,673	213,759,767	19,917,330	\$ 193,842,437	9.32%
2018	2017	2,231,695,255	223,169,526	19,022,956	\$ 204,146,570	8.52%
2019	2018	2,249,374,051	224,937,405	17,805,791	\$ 207,131,614	7.92%

Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2010	55,665	1,522,050	26,226	9,496	14.4%
2011	55,729	1,651,680	27,589	9,518	11.4%
2012	54,662	1,643,832	29,712	9,561	9.9%
2013	54,263	1,715,147	30,923	9,140	10.5%
2014	54,000	1,748,161	31,105	8,833	8.5%
2015	53,777	1,864,226	32,820	8,772	7.8%
2016	53,338	1,870,805	34,739	8,570	6.3%
2017	52,764	1,882,424	35,676	8,365	6.4%
2018	52,516	1,894,115	36,638	8,271	5.5%
2019	52,245	1,994,484	37,979	7,754	6.2%

⁽¹⁾ Census Bureau 2010-2019 estimated census data. 2019 actual census data. 2010-2019 mid-year estimates

Sources: US Census Bureau, BEA, US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Michigan Labor Market Information and the Tuscola Intermediate School District.

⁽²⁾ Personal income consists of the income that persons receive in return for their provision of labor, land, capital used in current production as well as other income, such as personal current transfer receipts. (dollars stated in thousands) BEA data not available for 2019. Estimates based on population changes, and state change in personal income. 2010-2018 updated with BEA revised estimates. BEA population estimates reflect county population estimates available as of March 2019.

⁽³⁾ Fall membership count. Public schools only.

⁽⁴⁾ Annual yearly rates shown.

Principal Employers
Current Year (1) and Nine Years Ago - Unaudited

	2019					2010 (3)	_		
<u>Employer</u>	Product/Service	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total County <u>Employment</u>	<u>Employer</u>	Product/Service	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total County <u>Employment</u>
Tuscola County (2)	Government	421	1	1.9%	Tuscola County	Government	475	1	1.9%
Caro Regional Center	Health Care	406	2	1.8%	Caro Regional Center	Mental Health Care	412	2	1.6%
Walbro - Engine Management	Manufacturing	311	3	1.4%	Wolverine Human Services	Juvenile Rehabiliation	388	3	1.5%
Hills & Dales General Hospital	Medical	258	4	1.2%	Hills and Dales General Hospital	Health Care	301	4	1.2%
Tuscola Intermediate School Dist	Eductation	251	5	1.1%	Wal-Mart, Inc.	Retail	300	5	1.2%
Caro Community Schools	Educational	169	6	0.8%	Grede-Vassar	Manufacturing	278	6	1.1%
Caro Community Hospital	Health Care	145	7	0.6%	Caro Schools	Education	264	7	1.1%
Human Development Comm.	Government Services	120	8	0.5%	Vassar School District	Education	258	8	1.0%
Walmart	Retailing	116	9	0.5%	Walbro - Engine Management	Manufacturing	250	9	1.0%
Millennium Steering	Fuel System Rails	90	10	0.4%	Tuscola Intermediate School Dist.	Education	250	10	1.0%
Total		2287		10.2%	Total		3176		12.7%

⁽¹⁾ Full Time employee count

Sources: Tuscola Co Economic Development Corp., Michigan Bureau of Labor Market Information and Strategic Initiatives, and Tuscola Co Human Resources

⁽²⁾ Includes Primary Government

⁽³⁾ Included all employees full time and part time. Resources not available to account for only full time

Full-Time Equivalent County Employees by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2010	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019
Function											
Legislative	(1)	5	5	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-
Judicial	(2)	45	44	42	43	36	38	38	41	41	42
General Government		50	50	48	49	48	51	52	57	62	52
Public Safety		60	60	59	57	62	61	63	64	70	72
Public Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	(3)	189	196	200	203	215	228	226	230	230	255
Total		349	355	354	357	366	378	379	392	403	421

Source: Tuscola County Human Resources, Tuscola Co Medical Care Facility, Tuscola Co Health Dept.

⁽¹⁾ In 2015 Board of Commissioners were classed PT by Board Action 14-M-226

⁽²⁾ In 2014 we Reclassified Probate Child care to Health and Welfare

⁽³⁾ Does not include Component Units

Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Function/Program										
Public safety (1)										
Incarcerated offenders	2,025	2,002	2,054	1,761	1,987	1,742	1,521	1,572	1,578	1,385
First time offenders	562	577	547	514	474	548	511	491	542	468
Repeat offenders	1,463	1,425	1,507	1,247	1,513	1,194	1,010	1,081	1,036	917
Males	-	-	-	1,415	1,667	1,368	1,184	1,224	1231	1037
Females	-	-	-	346	320	374	337	348	347	348
Traffic violations and other summons issued	2,968	2,263	2,237	1,784	1,766	1,744	1,688	1,350	1,666	1,812
Complaints responded to	5,040	5,088	4,977	4,975	4,884	5,120	5,091	5,085	5,231	4,886
Physical arrests made	893	854	891	746	725	981	862	852	856	755
Accidents responded to	1,071	1,033	1,048	1,068	966	1,016	1,030	1,086	1,027	995
Fatal Crashes Car Deer Accidents	2 644	1 621	11 614	2 609	8 549	2 599	2 591	7 643	7 592	5 601
Cal Deel Accidents	044	021	014	009	349	399	391	043	392	001
Total 911 Calls received (2)	20,406	22,791	23,068	22,703	22,225	22,339	24,298	22,292	22,022	21,504
Wireless/Voip Calls	12,616	14,919	15,657	15,845	15,718	15,874	19,019	17,902	17,435	17,869
Landline Calls	7,790	7,872	7,411	6,858	6,507	6,465	5,279	4,782	4,587	4,198
Non-emergency calls	42,783	41,752	39,839	38,919	36,584	34,326	27,836	22,736	24,491	23,422
Calls for Service logged	32,604	32,165	33,226	37,850	39,283	40,512	40,521	40,057	41,145	41,300
Traffic Accidents	1,272	1,265	1,223	1,230	1,252	1,291	1,359	1,462	1,480	1,033
Car Deer	805	825	821	780	744	885	892	982	970	1,250
Traffic Stops	9,639	8,390	8,483	12,892	13,047	13,407	11,881	12,170	11,533	10,808
Fires	625	576	573	699	523	717	413	478	539	501
Medicals (not include accidents)	4,671	4,913	5,179	5,086	5,657	5,971	5,831	5,790	6,130	6,173
Judicial										
54th Circuit Court new case filings	1,368	1,311	1,407	1,314	1,212	1,096	1,124	1,183	1,171	1,001
71B District Court new case filings	8,922	7,670	7,680	7,783	7,111	6,975	6,806	6,510	6,586	7,258
Probate Court new case filings	325	343	347	400	394	379	380	396	407	370

(2) All calls for Tuscola County are handled through Central Dispatch
Sources: Sheriff's Annual Report, State Court Administrative Reports. Tuscola County Central Dispatch

⁽¹⁾ Tuscola County Sheriff's Department only. Incarcerated offenders are from all police departments.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

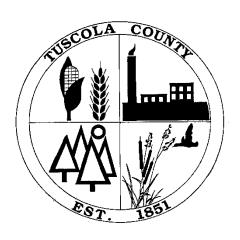
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Function/Program										
Public Safety Sheriffs Department										
Vehicles (1)	23	22	22	24	21	24	25	21	24	27
Mileage	383,335	364,153	317,250	330,004	356,320	335,880	340,893	415,692	437,270	441,077
Boats/Watercraft	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dispatch								•	•	
Vehicles	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	_	1
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Bullulings	Į	'	'	Į.	'		1	į	'	Į
General Government										
Building and Grounds										
Vehicles	11	12	12	12	10	10	11	10	10	10
Buildings	16	16	17	17	17	15	15	15	15	15
Mosquito control										
Vehicles	19	17	17	17	21	21	21	21	22	22
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Recycling										
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
Trailers	3	3	4	4	6	6	6	6	4	6
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal Control										
Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
FOC										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Juvenile Probation										
Vehicles	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3
Health and Welfare										
Health Department										
Vehicles	4	4	4	4	5	5	6	6	6	7
Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Recreation and Culture Vanderbilt Park (2)										
Acres	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17

⁽¹⁾ Not all vehicles used for Road Patrol

Source: Tuscola County Controller's Office Asset Tracking System

Note: Not all historical information is currently available. This table will continue to be populated as more information becomes available.

⁽²⁾ Vanderbilt Park is the only county owned park



TUSCOLA COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

July 30, 2020

Members of the Board of Commissioners Tuscola County, Michigan Caro, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tuscola County, Michigan (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated July 30, 2020, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Gabridge & Company, PLC

Gabridge a Company

Grand Rapids, MI

Tuscola County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	CFDA Number	Passed Through	Pass-Through / Grantor Number	Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Agriculture						
Community Facilities Loans and Grants						
Loans and Grants	10.766	Direct		\$	33,000	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					33,000	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Child Support Enforcement:						
Prosecuting Attorney Cooperative Reimbursement Program	93.563	MDHHS	CSPA 17-79002		73,952	
Friend of the Court Cooperative Reimbursement Program	93.563	MDHHS	CSFOC 17-79001		591,478	
Friend of the Court Cooperative Reimbursement Program	93.563	MDHHS	GF/GP		33,227	
Title IV-D Incentive Program	93.563	MDHHS	CSFOC 17-79001		66,689	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					765,346	
U.S. Department of Justice						
Crime Victim Assistance:						
Victims of Crime Act	16.575	OCH	2019-VA-GX-0020		80,770	
Total U.S. Department of Justice					80,770	
U.S. Department of Transportation						
Highway Safety Impaired	20.600	MSP	PT-18-32		7,087	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation					7,087	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security						
Homeland Security Grant Program						
Homeland Security Grant	97.067	Alcona County			59,889	
Boating Safety Financial Assistance		,			,	
Marine Safety Program	97.012	MDNR			12,400	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security					72,289	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$	958,492	

Tuscola County

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Tuscola County, Michigan (the "County") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The County's financial statements include the operations of the Tuscola County Road Commission as a discretely presented component unit, which received federal awards that are not included in the Schedule for the year ended December 31, 2019, as it was separately audited. The County's financial statements include the Tuscola County Health Department, which received federal awards that are not included in the Schedule for the year ended December 31, 2019, as the entity was separately audited.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the County's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the County has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as permitted by §200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - USDA LONG-TERM DEBT

The County has outstanding loans under the USDA Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Development Communities totaling \$4,328,209 at December 31, 2019.

Tuscola County

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE 4 - PASS-THROUGH AGENCIES

The County received certain federal grants as subawards from non-federal entities. Pass-through entities, where applicable, have been identified in the Schedule with an abbreviation, defined as follows:

Pass-through	
Agency	
Abbreviation	Pass-through Agency Name
MDHS	Michigan Department of Human Services
MDNR	Michigan Department of Natural Resources
OCH	Michigan Office of Community Health
MSP	Michigan Department of State Police

NOTE 5 - RECONCILIATION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Below is a reconciliation of federal revenues as reported in the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and federal expenditures as reported in the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Interlocal revenue reported in the financial statements	
Governmental funds	\$ 8,851,979
Subtract state and local sources:	 7,893,487
Total expenditures of federal awards	\$ 958,492

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Commissioners Tuscola County, Michigan Caro, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tuscola County, Michigan (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 30, 2020. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Tuscola County Road Commission, the Tuscola County Health Department, and the Tuscola County Medical Care Facility, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Medical Care Facility were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gabridge & Company, PLC

Gabridge a Company

Grand Rapids, MI July 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Commissioners Tuscola County, Michigan Caro, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tuscola County, Michigan's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2019. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Tuscola County Road Commission, the Tuscola County Health Department, and the Tuscola County Medical Care Facility, which are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Tuscola County Road Commission, the Tuscola County Health Department, and the Tuscola County Medical Care Facility because they arranged for a separate financial statement audit report.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Independent Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gabridge & Company, PLC

Habridge a Company

Grand Rapids, MI July 30, 2020

Tuscola County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unmodified

Internal controls over financial reporting

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of Major Programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Number

Child Support Enforcement 93.563

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs? \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV - SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

No findings or questioned costs in the prior year.

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Gabridge & Company, PLC

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July 30, 2020

To the Board of Commissioners Tuscola County Caro, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Tuscola, Michigan (the "County") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated September 11, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the County are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies were not changed during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. We noted no transactions entered into by the County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the County's financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the useful life of depreciable capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future.
- Management's estimate of the accrued compensated absences is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks.
- Management's assumptions used in the actuarial valuations of the pension are based on historical trends and industry standards.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates and determined that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole and in relation to the applicable opinion units.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated July 30, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, pension schedules, and the budgetary comparison schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners and management of the County and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Gabridge & Company, PLC

Gabridge a Company

Grand Rapids, MI